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subject: Input for CaCO₃ Precipitation Modeling

Introduction

This memo provides an estimate for the brine volume and brine-to-rock volume ratio in the waste panel area and the surrounding damaged rock zone (DRZ) over the course of the 10,000-year regulatory period. These estimates were obtained by analyzing the results of BRAGFLO calculations performed by Stein and Zelinski (2003) for the WIPP 2004 Compliance Recertification Application (2004 CRA, U.S. DOE 2004).

Ranges for these quantities were calculated. The brine volume and brine-to-rock volume ratio varies with time due to changes in porosity and brine saturation. The time history of these quantities also varies from realization to realization under the influence of sampled parameters in performance assessment (PA) modeling.

This work was carried out under Analysis Plan AP-112, to support Recertification Response Committee Action Item 05/20/04T: response to comment C-23-5 in EPA's first set of CRA comments (Cotsworth 2004)

Brine Volume and Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio

Two approaches were used to estimate the volumes and ratios of interest: 1) averaging over cell layers in the DRZ adjacent to the waste panel (the DRZ layer average); and 2) averaging over all cells comprising both the waste panel and the DRZ (the mixing cell average). The former approach is consistent with a scenario in which sufficient CO₂ has diffused into the DRZ such that the locus of the geochemical reactions is in close proximity to DRZ minerals. The latter approach is more consistent with the

WIPP:1.4.1.2:PA:QA-L:533999

conceptual model used in PA that views the repository geochemical system as a well mixed batch reactor.

The BRAGFLO grid used in the 2004 CRA calculations is specified in the GENMESH input file GM_BF_CRA1.INP, stored in CMS library CRA1_GM on the WIPP PA Alpha cluster. The BRAGFLO grid in the vicinity of the waste panel, detailing regions referenced in this analysis, is shown in Figure 1.

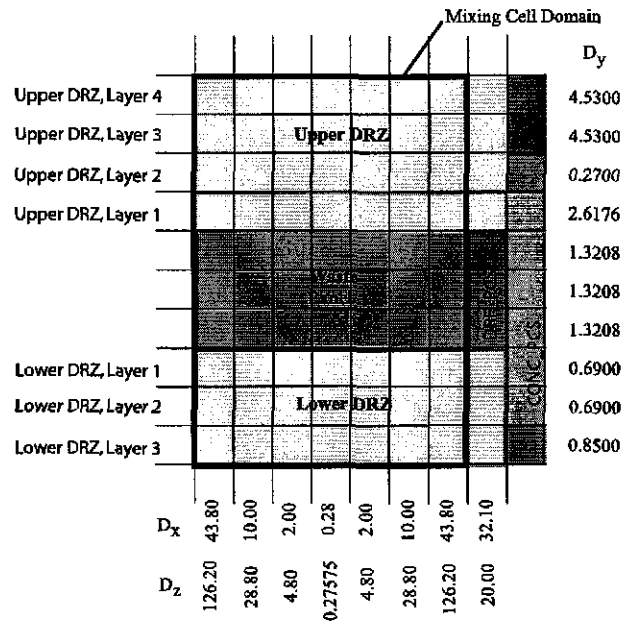


Figure 1. BRAGFLO Grid in Vicinity of the Waste Panel

The cell ranges and thicknesses for the regions of interest are shown in Table 1. The upper DRZ is thicker than the lower DRZ because more disruption is expected above the repository as the ceiling closes into the open space of the waste panels.

Table 1. Regions and Cell Ranges in Vicinity of Waste Panel

Region	Symbol	Cell Range	Thickness (m)
Upper DRZ, 4 th Layer	UD4	1189-1195	4.5300
Upper DRZ, 3 rd Layer	UD3	1181-1187	4.5300
Upper DRZ, 2 nd Layer	UD2	1173-1179	0.2700
Upper DRZ, 1 st Layer	UD1	1165-1171	2.6167
Waste Panel	WP	1407-1427	3.9624
Lower DRZ, 1 st Layer	LD1	1124-1130	0.6900
Lower DRZ, 2 nd Layer	LD2	1116-1122	0.6900
Lower DRZ, 3 rd Layer	LD3	1108-1114	0.8500

The brine volume in the l^{th} region is given by

$$V_b^l = \sum_{k \in C^l} V_k \phi_k (1 - S_k^g) \quad (1)$$

where V_b^l is the brine volume in region l (m³), C^l is the set of indices for cells that comprise region l , V_k is the volume of the k^{th} cell, ϕ_k is the porosity of the k^{th} cell, S_k^g is the gas saturation of the k^{th} cell.

The rock volume in the l^{th} region is given by

$$V_r^l = \sum_{k \in C^l} V_k (1 - \phi_k) \quad (2)$$

where V_r^l is rock volume in region l (m³). Finally, the brine-to-rock volume ratio in the l^{th} region is given by

$$\frac{V_b^l}{V_r^l} = \frac{\sum_{k \in C^l} V_k \phi_k (1 - S_k^g)}{\sum_{k \in C^l} V_k (1 - \phi_k)} \quad (3)$$

Brine volumes and brine-to-rock volume ratios in each region were calculated for all 100 vectors in replicate R1, for scenarios S1 and S2. The volume, porosity, and gas saturation for individual cells were extracted from POSTBRAGFLO output files BF3_CRA1_R1_Ss_Vvvv.CDB, where $s \in \{1, 2\}$, and $vvv \in \{001, 002, \dots, 100\}$. The correspondence between the POSTBRAGFLO variable names and the variables in the equations presented here is shown in Table 2.

Table 2. POSTBRAGFLO Variable Name Crosswalk

Property	Variable Name	
	This Analysis	POSTBRAGFLO
Grid cell volume	V_k	GRIDVOL
Porosity	ϕ_k	POROS
Gas phase saturation	S_k^g	SATGAS

An ALGEBRA script was written to calculate brine volume, rock volume, and brine-to-rock volume ratio over the regions of interest at each time step for all vectors in each scenario. The ALGEBRA script also calculates the maximum and minimum values for these quantities over all time steps in each vector for each scenario. The SUMMARIZE code was used to compile all of the vector-wise minimum and maximum values into a table for each scenario. A FORTRAN utility code (MMOV) was used to sort through the table to identify the minimum and maximum values over all vectors. The details of these calculations are provided in Appendix A. The ALGEBRA script and output files, the SUMMARIZE input and output files, the MMOV source code and executable, and MMOV output files are stored in CMS library LIBCRA1V_BRVOL.

DRZ Layer Average Approach

Tables 3 and 4 summarize the computed range for brine volume and brine-to-rock volume ratio in each layer for scenarios S1 and S2, respectively.

Table 3. Brine Volume and Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio Range in Each Layer (CRA1_R1_S1)

Layer	Brine Volume V_b^l (m ³)		Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio V_b^l / V_r^l (-)	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
Upper DRZ, 4 th Layer (UD4)	2.188E+00	1.329E+03	4.149E-05	2.583E-02
Upper DRZ, 3 rd Layer (UD3)	2.348E+00	1.323E+03	4.452E-05	2.572E-02
Upper DRZ, 2 nd Layer (UD2)	0.155E+00	7.369E+01	4.915E-05	2.403E-02
Upper DRZ, 1 st Layer (UD1)	1.521E+00	7.043E+02	4.986E-05	2.367E-02
Lower DRZ, 1 st Layer (LD1)	1.146E+00	3.350E+02	1.433E-04	4.349E-02
Lower DRZ, 2 nd Layer (LD2)	1.461E+00	3.430E+02	1.834E-04	4.457E-02
Lower DRZ, 3 rd Layer (LD3)	3.702E+00	4.225E+02	3.740E-04	4.457E-02

Table 4. Brine Volume and Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio Range in Each Layer (CRA1_R1_S2)

Layer	Brine Volume		Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio	
	V_b^l (m ³)		V_b^l/V_r^l (-)	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
Upper DRZ, 4 th Layer (UD4)	2.188E+00	1.655E+03	4.149E-05	3.241E-02
Upper DRZ, 3 rd Layer (UD3)	2.348E+00	1.723E+03	4.452E-05	3.376E-02
Upper DRZ, 2 nd Layer (UD2)	0.155E+00	1.095E+02	4.915E-05	3.606E-02
Upper DRZ, 1 st Layer (UD1)	1.521E+00	1.073E+03	4.986E-05	3.643E-02
Lower DRZ, 1 st Layer (LD1)	1.345E+00	3.119E+02	1.680E-04	4.036E-02
Lower DRZ, 2 nd Layer (LD2)	2.080E+00	3.119E+02	2.596E-04	4.037E-02
Lower DRZ, 3 rd Layer (LD3)	3.703E+00	3.843E+02	3.740E-04	4.037E-02

Mixing Cell Average Approach

The range of calculated brine volumes for the mixing cell average approach is shown in Table 5.

Table 5. Brine Volume (Mixing Cell Average Approach)

Scenario	Min	Max
CRA1_R1_S1	3.787E+01	6.658E+03
CRA1_R1_S2	5.037E+01	1.635E+04

When calculating the brine to rock volume ratio for the mixing-cell average approach, the rock volume is estimated in two ways: 1) excluding the waste panel; and 2) including the waste panel. Because of room closure, the true rock volume should be somewhere between these two estimates (The BRAGFLO code uses a fixed computational grid with a time-varying porosity to model the effects of room closure). Both types of ratios are shown in Table 6.

Table 6. Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio (Mixing Cell Average Approach)

Scenario	Waste Panel Included in Rock Volume		Waste Panel Omitted From Rock Volume	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
CRA1_R1_S1	1.887E-04	3.300E-02	2.305E-04	4.127E-02
CRA1_R1_S2	2.558E-04	8.443E-02	3.062E-04	1.021E-01

References

- Cotsworth, E. 2004. First Set of CRA Comments (May 20, 2004 Letter to R. Paul Detweiler, Acting Manger, Carlsbad Field Office, U.S. Department of Energy). U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
- Stein, J. S., and W. Zelinski. 2003. Analysis Package for BRAGFLO: Compliance Recertification Application. Analysis Report ERMS 530163, Sandia National Laboratories, Carlsbad, NM.
- U.S. DOE. 2004. Title 40 CFR Part 191 Compliance Recertification Application for the Waste Isolation Pilot. DOE/WIPP 2004-3231, U.S. Department of Energy Waste Isolation Pilot Plant, Carlsbad Field Office, Carlsbad, NM.

Appendix A. Calculation of Brine Volumes and Brine-to Rock Volume Ratios

This section describes the procedure for calculating the brine volumes and brine-to-rock volume ratios. The procedure can be summarized as follows (Steps 1-4 are repeated for each scenario):

- Step 1. Extract BRAGFLO output files from CMS.
- Step 2. Find the minimum and maximum values for volumes and ratios over all time steps for each vector using the ALGEBRA code.
- Step 3. Combine the results for all vectors into a single table using the SUMMARIZE code.
- Step 4. Extract the minimum and maximum values over all vectors from the SUMMARIZE table using MMOV, a FORTRAN utility code.

Extract BRAGFLO Output Files from CMS

Log onto the VMS system and create a working directory. The following commands will fetch the BRAGFLO output files for replicate R1, scenarios S1 and S2:

```
$ libcra1_bfr1s1  
$ cms fetch bf3_cra1_r1_s1_v*.cdb  
$ libcra1_bfr1s2  
$ cms fetch bf3_cra1_r1_s2_v*.cdb
```

These commands extract all 100 CDB files for each scenario.

Minimum and Maximum Volumes and Ratios Over All Time Steps for Each Vector

Brine volumes and brine-to-rock volume ratios for the regions of interest were calculated with the ALGEBRA code using the input script file ALG_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1.INP shown below. This script also directs calculation of the minimum and maximum values of the volume and ratios over all time steps in each vector. Descriptions of the variables defined in the ALGEBRA script are shown in Table A1.

Table A1. Variable Names in ALGEBRA script

ALGEBRA Variable	Description
VB_UD4	Volume of Brine, Upper DRZ, Layer 4
VB_UD3	Volume of Brine, Upper DRZ, Layer 3
VB_UD2	Volume of Brine, Upper DRZ, Layer 2
VB_UD1	Volume of Brine, Upper DRZ, Layer 1
VB_WP	Volume of Brine, Waste Panel
VB_LD1	Volume of Brine, Lower DRZ, Layer 1
VB_LD2	Volume of Brine, Lower DRZ, Layer 2
VB_LD3	Volume of Brine, Lower DRZ, Layer 3
VB_TOT	Volume of Brine, Total
VR_UD4	Volume of Brine, Upper DRZ, Layer 4
VR_UD3	Volume of Brine, Upper DRZ, Layer 3
VR_UD2	Volume of Brine, Upper DRZ, Layer 2
VR_UD1	Volume of Brine, Upper DRZ, Layer 1
VR_WP	Volume of Brine, Waste Panel
VR_LD1	Volume of Brine, Lower DRZ, Layer 1
VR_LD2	Volume of Brine, Lower DRZ, Layer 2
VR_LD3	Volume of Brine, Lower DRZ, Layer 3
VR_TOT1	Volume of Rock, Total (including WP)
VR_TOT2	Volume of Rock, Total (excluding WP)
BR_UD4	Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio, Upper DRZ, Layer 4
BR_UD3	Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio, Upper DRZ, Layer 3
BR_UD2	Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio, Upper DRZ, Layer 2
BR_UD1	Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio, Upper DRZ, Layer 1
BR_LD1	Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio, Lower DRZ, Layer 1
BR_LD2	Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio, Lower DRZ, Layer 2
BR_LD3	Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio, Lower DRZ, Layer 3
BRTOT1	Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio, Total (including WP)
BRTOT2	Brine-to-Rock Volume Ratio, Total (excluding WP)

ALG_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1.INP

```

=====
!
! ALG_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1.INP
!
! ALGEBRA file (Post-Brag) for calculating brine and rock volumes
! in vicinity of the waste panel
!
! Author: Joseph Kanney, SNL Org. 6821
! Date : 02 September, 2004
!
=====
!
!
! This ALGEBRA script computes brine volumes, rock volumes, and brine
! to rock volume ratios for several regions in the vicinity of the
! waste panel. We look at layers within the DRZ as well as the
! region composed of the entire DRZ plus the waste panel. The
! schematic below indicates the labeling convention adopted for these
! calculations.
!
!
! -----
! UPPER DRZ Layer 4 (UD4)
! -----
! UPPER DRZ Layer 3 (UD3)
! -----
! UPPER DRZ Layer 2 (UD2)
! -----
! UPPER DRZ Layer 1 (UD1)
! -----
!
! Waste Panel (WP)
!
! -----
! LOWER DRZ Layer 1 (LD1)
! -----
! LOWER DRZ Layer 2 (LD2)
! -----
! LOWER DRZ Layer 3 (LD3)
! -----
!
! -----
! -----
!
! Eliminate excess output
!
DELETE ALL
!
! *****
! Compute brine and rock volume in 4th layer of upper drz
! *****
!
LIMIT ELEMENT 1189 to 1195
!
VB_UD4 = SUM( GRIDVOL*POROS*(1.-SATGAS) )
VR_UD4 = SUM( GRIDVOL*(1.-POROS) )
!
!
! *****
! Compute brine and rock volume in 3rd layer of upper drz

```

```

!*****
!
LIMIT ELEMENT 1181 to 1187
!
VB_UD3 = SUM( GRIDVOL*POROS*(1.-SATGAS) )
VR_UD3 = SUM( GRIDVOL*(1.-POROS) )
!
!
!*****
! Compute brine and rock volume in 2nd layer of upper drz
!*****
!
LIMIT ELEMENT 1173 to 1179
!
VB_UD2 = SUM( GRIDVOL*POROS*(1.-SATGAS) )
VR_UD2 = SUM( GRIDVOL*(1.-POROS) )
!
!
!*****
! Compute brine and rock volume in 1st layer of upper drz
!*****
!
LIMIT ELEMENT 1165 to 1171
!
VB_UD1 = SUM( GRIDVOL*POROS*(1.-SATGAS) )
VR_UD1 = SUM( GRIDVOL*(1.-POROS) )
!
!
!*****
! Compute brine and rock volume in waste panel
!*****
!
LIMIT ELEMENT 1407 to 1427
!
VB_WP = SUM( GRIDVOL*POROS*(1.-SATGAS) )
VR_WP = SUM( GRIDVOL*(1.-POROS) )
!
!
!*****
! Compute brine and rock volume in 1st layer of lower drz
!*****
!
LIMIT ELEMENT 1124 to 1130
!
VB_LD1 = SUM( GRIDVOL*POROS*(1.-SATGAS) )
VR_LD1 = SUM( GRIDVOL*(1.-POROS) )
!
!
!*****
! Compute brine and rock volume in 2nd layer of lower drz
!*****
!
LIMIT ELEMENT 1116 to 1122
!
VB_LD2 = SUM( GRIDVOL*POROS*(1.-SATGAS) )
VR_LD2 = SUM( GRIDVOL*(1.-POROS) )
!
!
!*****
! Compute brine and rock volume in 3rd layer of lower drz
!*****

```

```

!
LIMIT ELEMENT 1108 to 1114
!
VB_LD3 = SUM( GRIDVOL*POROS*(1.-SATGAS) )
VR_LD3 = SUM( GRIDVOL*(1.-POROS) )
!
!
!
!*****
! Compute brine to rock volume ratios layer by layer
!*****
!
BR_UD4 = VB_UD4/VR_UD4
BR_UD3 = VB_UD3/VR_UD3
BR_UD2 = VB_UD2/VR_UD2
BR_UD1 = VB_UD1/VR_UD1
!
BR_LD1 = VB_LD1/VR_LD1
BR_LD2 = VB_LD2/VR_LD2
BR_LD3 = VB_LD3/VR_LD3
!
!
!*****
! Compute total volumes and overall brine to rock volume ratios
!*****
!
! Total brine volume
!
VB_UD = VB_UD1 + VB_UD2 + VB_UD3 + VB_UD4
VB_LD = VB_LD1 + VB_LD2 + VB_LD3
VB_TOT = VB_UD + VB_LD + VB_WP
!
! Total rock volume
!
! VR_TOT1 includes waste panel solids as rock
! VR_TOT2 exludes waste panel solids
!
VR_UD = VR_UD1 + VR_UD2 + VR_UD3 + VR_UD4
VR_LD = VR_LD1 + VR_LD2 + VR_LD3
VR_TOT1 = VR_UD + VR_LD + VR_WP
VR_TOT2 = VR_UD + VR_LD
!
! Brine to rock volume ratios
!
BRTOT1 = VB_TOT/VR_TOT1
BRTOT2 = VB_TOT/VR_TOT2
!
!
!*****
! Compute max/min for volumes and ratios over all time steps
!*****
!
! Max brine volumes
!
VB_UD4MX = ENVMAX(VB_UD4)
VB_UD3MX = ENVMAX(VB_UD3)
VB_UD2MX = ENVMAX(VB_UD2)
VB_UD1MX = ENVMAX(VB_UD1)
!
VB_LD1MX = ENVMAX(VB_LD1)
VB_LD2MX = ENVMAX(VB_LD2)

```

```

VB_LD3MX = ENVMAX (VB_LD3)
!
VB_WPMX  = ENVMAX (VB_WP)
VB_TOTMX = ENVMAX (VB_TOT)
!
! Min brine volumes
!
VB_UD4MN = ENVMIN (VB_UD4)
VB_UD3MN = ENVMIN (VB_UD3)
VB_UD2MN = ENVMIN (VB_UD2)
VB_UD1MN = ENVMIN (VB_UD1)
!
VB_LD1MN = ENVMIN (VB_LD1)
VB_LD2MN = ENVMIN (VB_LD2)
VB_LD3MN = ENVMIN (VB_LD3)
!
VB_WPMN  = ENVMIN (VB_WP)
VB_TOTMN = ENVMIN (VB_TOT)
!
!
! Max rock volumes
!
VR_UD4MX = ENVMAX (VR_UD4)
VR_UD3MX = ENVMAX (VR_UD3)
VR_UD2MX = ENVMAX (VR_UD2)
VR_UD1MX = ENVMAX (VR_UD1)
!
VR_LD1MX = ENVMAX (VR_LD1)
VR_LD2MX = ENVMAX (VR_LD2)
VR_LD3MX = ENVMAX (VR_LD3)
!
VR_WPMX  = ENVMAX (VR_WP)
!
VRTOT1MX = ENVMAX (VR_TOT1)
VRTOT2MX = ENVMAX (VR_TOT2)
!
! Min rock volumes
!
VR_UD4MN = ENVMIN (VR_UD4)
VR_UD3MN = ENVMIN (VR_UD3)
VR_UD2MN = ENVMIN (VR_UD2)
VR_UD1MN = ENVMIN (VR_UD1)
!
VR_LD1MN = ENVMIN (VR_LD1)
VR_LD2MN = ENVMIN (VR_LD2)
VR_LD3MN = ENVMIN (VR_LD3)
!
VR_WPMN  = ENVMIN (VR_WP)
!
VRTOT1MN = ENVMIN (VR_TOT1)
VRTOT2MN = ENVMIN (VR_TOT2)
!
! Max brine to rock volume ratios
!
BR_UD4MX = ENVMAX (BR_UD4)
BR_UD3MX = ENVMAX (BR_UD3)
BR_UD2MX = ENVMAX (BR_UD2)
BR_UD1MX = ENVMAX (BR_UD1)
!
BR_LD1MX = ENVMAX (BR_LD1)
BR_LD2MX = ENVMAX (BR_LD2)

```

```

BR_LD3MX = ENVMAX(BR_LD3)
!
BRTOT1MX = ENVMAX(BRTOT1)
BRTOT2MX = ENVMAX(BRTOT2)
!
! Min brine to rock volume ratios
!
BR_UD4MN = ENVMIN(BR_UD4)
BR_UD3MN = ENVMIN(BR_UD3)
BR_UD2MN = ENVMIN(BR_UD2)
BR_UD1MN = ENVMIN(BR_UD1)
!
BR_LD1MN = ENVMIN(BR_LD1)
BR_LD2MN = ENVMIN(BR_LD2)
BR_LD3MN = ENVMIN(BR_LD3)
!
BRTOT1MN = ENVMIN(BRTOT1)
BRTOT2MN = ENVMIN(BRTOT2)
!
!
!
END

```

The ALGEBRA script is used to process all 100 vectors in scenarios S1 and S2. The commands for scenario S1 are shown below.

```

$ algebra bf3_cra1_r1_s1_v001.cdb alg_bfvol_minmax_cra1_r1_s1_v001.cdb -
alg_bfvol_minmax_cra1.inp alg_bfvol_minmax_cra1_r1_s1_v001.log
$ algebra bf3_cra1_r1_s1_v002.cdb alg_bfvol_minmax_cra1_r1_s1_v002.cdb -
alg_bfvol_minmax_cra1.inp alg_bfvol_minmax_cra1_r1_s1_v002.log
.
.
$ algebra bf3_cra1_r1_s1_v100.cdb alg_bfvol_minmax_cra1_r1_s1_v100.cdb -
alg_bfvol_minmax_cra1.inp alg_bfvol_minmax_cra1_r1_s1_v100.log

```

The resulting CDB files are named ALG_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_Ss_Vnnn.CDB, where $s \in \{1, 2\}$, and $nnn \in \{001, 002, \dots, 100\}$.

Combine Results From All Vectors Into a Single Table.

SUMMARIZE scripts SUM_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S1.INP and SUM_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S2.INP were used to combine the minimum and maximum values from all vectors into a single table for scenarios S1 and S2, respectively (one will need to edit the directory and name lines to reflect one's working directory):

The SUMMARIZE scripts are run using the following commands:

```
$ summarize sum_bfvol_minmax_cra1_r1_s1.inp  
$ summarize sum_bfvol_minmax_cra1_r1_s2.inp
```

These commands will produce the following output files:

```
SUM_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S1.TBL  
SUM_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S2.TBL
```

SUM_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S1.INP

```

=====
!
! SUM_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S1.INP
!
! This SUMMARIZE input file is used to compile the results
! of running the ALGEBRA script ALG_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1.INP
! on all 100 vectors for scenario S1 into a single table.
!
! Author: Joseph F. Kanney, SNL Org 6821
! Date : 02 September 2004
!=====
!
*input files
template = alg_bfvol_minmax_cra1_r1_s1_v###
disk = paa:
directory = [shared.jfkanne.wrk.cra_resp.caco3_inp.cdb_alg]
type = CDB

*vector
id = #
vector = 1 to 100

*times
read = seconds
input = years
output = years
steps = last

*items
type =global
name = vb_ud4mx, vb_ud4mn, &
      vb_ud3mx, vb_ud3mn, &
      vb_ud2mx, vb_ud2mn, &
      vb_ud1mx, vb_ud1mn, &
      vb_ld1mx, vb_ld1mn, &
      vb_ld2mx, vb_ld2mn, &
      vb_ld3mx, vb_ld3mn, &
      vb_wpmx, vb_wpmn, &
      vb_totmx, vb_totmn, &
      vr_ud4mx, vr_ud4mn, &
      vr_ud3mx, vr_ud3mn, &
      vr_ud2mx, vr_ud2mn, &
      vr_ud1mx, vr_ud1mn, &
      vr_ld1mx, vr_ld1mn, &
      vr_ld2mx, vr_ld2mn, &
      vr_ld3mx, vr_ld3mn, &
      vr_wpmx, vr_wpmn, &
      vrtot1mx, vrtot1mn, &
      vrtot2mx, vrtot2mn, &
      br_ud4mx, br_ud4mn, &
      br_ud3mx, br_ud3mn, &
      br_ud2mx, br_ud2mn, &
      br_ud1mx, br_ud1mn, &
      br_ld1mx, br_ld1mn, &
      br_ld2mx, br_ld2mn, &
      br_ld3mx, br_ld3mn, &
      brtot1mx, brtot1mn, &

```

Information Only

```
brtot2mx, brtot2mn
*output
driver = text
write = vector vs item
SINGLE_FILE = concatenate sets vertical
name = [.tbl]sum_bfvol_minmax_cral_rl_sl
EXTENSION = TBL

*end
```

Information Only

SUM_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S2.INP

```

=====
!
! SUM_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S2.INP
!
! This SUMMARIZE input file is used to compile the results
! of running the ALGEBRA script ALG_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1.INP
! on all 100 vectors for scenario S2 into a single table.
!
! Author: Joseph F. Kanney, SNL Org 6821
! Date : 02 September 2004
!=====
!
*input files
template = alg_bfvol_minmax_cra1_r1_s2_v###
disk = paa:
directory = [shared.jfkanne.wrk.cra_resp.caco3_inp.cdb_alg]
type = CDB

*vector
id = #
vector = 1 to 100

*times
read = seconds
input = years
output = years
steps = last

*items
type =global
name = vb_ud4mx, vb_ud4mn, &
      vb_ud3mx, vb_ud3mn, &
      vb_ud2mx, vb_ud2mn, &
      vb_ud1mx, vb_ud1mn, &
      vb_ld1mx, vb_ld1mn, &
      vb_ld2mx, vb_ld2mn, &
      vb_ld3mx, vb_ld3mn, &
      vb_wpmx, vb_wpmn, &
      vb_totmx, vb_totmn, &
      vr_ud4mx, vr_ud4mn, &
      vr_ud3mx, vr_ud3mn, &
      vr_ud2mx, vr_ud2mn, &
      vr_ud1mx, vr_ud1mn, &
      vr_ld1mx, vr_ld1mn, &
      vr_ld2mx, vr_ld2mn, &
      vr_ld3mx, vr_ld3mn, &
      vr_wpmx, vr_wpmn, &
      vrtot1mx, vrtot1mn, &
      vrtot2mx, vrtot2mn, &
      br_ud4mx, br_ud4mn, &
      br_ud3mx, br_ud3mn, &
      br_ud2mx, br_ud2mn, &
      br_ud1mx, br_ud1mn, &
      br_ld1mx, br_ld1mn, &
      br_ld2mx, br_ld2mn, &
      br_ld3mx, br_ld3mn, &
      brtot1mx, brtot1mn, &

```

Information Only

```
        brtot2mx, brtot2mn
*output
driver = text
write = vector vs item
SINGLE_FILE = concatenate sets vertical
name = [.tbl]sum_bfvol_minmax_cra1_r1_s2
EXTENSION = TBL

*end
```

Information Only

Extract the minimum and maximum values over all vectors from the SUMMARIZE table

The following FORTRAN utility code was written to extract minimum and maximum values from the columns of the SUMMARIZE output files. Since the MMOV code merely extracts data from the table, its correct operation was verified by visual inspection.

MMOV.F

```

C-----
C MMOV.F (MinMax over vectors)
C
C Author: Joseph F. Kanney, SNL Org 6821
C Date   : 02 Sept 2004
C-----
C
C This FORTRAN code is designed to process a SUMMARIZE output
C table written with the "text" output driver. The SUMMARIZE file
C has three lines of header information followed by a data set
C of size N rows x M columns. The first two columns contain the
C vector and time, respectively. The remaining columns contain the
C minimum and maximum values for several variables over all time
C for each vector. The total number of columns is M = 2 + 2K, where K
C is the number of variables for which summarize has reported on.
C The total number of rows is N = 3 + L, where L is the number of vectors
C
C The format of the summarize input file is
C
C >vector,time var1_mx var1_mn ..... varK_mx varK_mn
C > [G],[G].....[G]
C > ,,,,,,,,,,
C > vec1 time vec1_var1_mx  vec1_var1_mn .....vec1_varK_mx vec1_varK_mn
C > vec2 time vec2_var1_mx  vec2_var1_mn .....vec2_varK_mx vec2_varK_mn
C > .
C > .
C > .
C > vecL time vecL_var1_mx  vecL_var1_mn .....vecL_varK_mx vecL_varK_mn
C
C The main functions of the MMOV code are:
C
C 1) Extract the column headings from the first row of file header
C
C 2) Read the data set into an array
C
C 3) Find the min or max of each column (i.e. min/max for each variable
C     all vectors in the data set).
C
C 4) Report the range for each variable
C-----
C
C     PROGRAM MMOV
C
C     nhead - number of rows in header
C     nrow  - number of rows in the file (3 + number of vectors)
C     ncol  - number of columns in the file ( 2 + 2*number of variables)
C
C
C
C

```

Information Only

```

PARAMETER (nfiles = 3)
PARAMETER (nhead = 3)
PARAMETER (nrow = 100)
PARAMETER (ncol = 58)

CHARACTER*80 filenm(nfiles)
CHARACTER*80 chead(ncol), tmp, varnm
CHARACTER*80 rdfmt
CHARACTER*80 fnminp, fnmout, fnmdbg
CHARACTER*1024 head(nhead), tmphead

INTEGER ierr, idebug
INTEGER iunscr, iuninp, iunout, iundbg
INTEGER nfiler
DOUBLE PRECISION, ALLOCATABLE :: sumdat(:, :)
DOUBLE PRECISION, ALLOCATABLE :: exvalue(:)

```

```

C-----
C.....QA Setup
C-----

```

```

      CALL QASETUP('MMOV',
+                'X-1.00',
+                '09/02/04',
+                'J. F. Kanney',
+                'Nobody'
+                )

```

```

C-----
C.....Assign i/o unit numbers
C-----

```

```

      iunscr = 6
      iuninp = 11
      iunout = 12
      iundbg = 13

```

```

C-----
C.....Allocate memory
C-----

```

```

      WRITE(iunscr,*) 'MMOV >> Allocating memory'

      ALLOCATE( sumdat(1:nrow,1:ncol), STAT=ierr )

      IF ( ierr .NE. 0 ) THEN
        WRITE(iunscr,*) 'Error allocating memory'
        CALL QAABORT ('Error allocating memory')
      ENDIF

      ALLOCATE( exvalue(1:ncol), STAT=ierr )

      IF ( ierr .NE. 0 ) THEN
        WRITE(iunscr,*) 'Error allocating memory'
        CALL QAABORT ('Error allocating memory')
      ENDIF

```

```

C-----
C.....Process command line (get file names)

```

```

C-----
      WRITE(iunscr,*) 'MMOV >> Processing command line'

C.....Required args (1-3) are fnminp, fnmout, fnmdbg

      CALL filcmdlin( nfiles, nfiler, filenm )

C      write(iunscr,*) 'nfiler = ', nfiler

      IF ( nfiler .GT. nfiles ) THEN
        CALL QAABORT( 'MMOV >> Too many command line arguments')
      ELSE
        IF ( nfiler .LT. nfiles-1 ) THEN
          CALL QAABORT( 'MMOV >> Too few command line arguments')
        ENDIF
      ENDIF

C.....Assign file names read from command line. If no debug file
C      has been specified, redirect all diagnostic output to output file

      fnminp = filenm(1)
      fnmout = filenm(2)

      IF ( nfiler .EQ. nfiles) THEN
        idebug = 1
        fnmdbg = filenm(3)
      ELSE
        idebug = 0
        iundbg = iunout
        fnmdbg = 'NULL'
      ENDIF

C.....Echo files names

      WRITE(iunscr,20) fnminp, fnmout, fnmdbg

20  FORMAT (1X, 'MMOV >> input file           = ',A80/
+         1X, 'MMOV >> output file           = ',A80/
+         1X, 'MMOV >> diagnostic/debug file = ',A80/
+         )

C-----
C.....Open files
C-----

      WRITE(iunscr,*) 'MMOV >> Opening files'

C.....Open input summarize data file

      OPEN (UNIT=iuningp, FILE=fnminp, STATUS='OLD',IOSTAT=ierr)
      IF ( ierr .NE. 0 ) THEN
        CALL QAABORT ('Error opening input file')
      ENDIF

```

C.....Open output file

```

OPEN (UNIT=iunout, FILE=fnmout, STATUS='UNKNOWN', RECL=ncol*200,
+     IOSTAT=ierr)
IF ( ierr .NE. 0 ) THEN
    CALL QAABORT ('Error opening output file')
ENDIF

```

C.....Open diagnostics/debug file

```

IF ( ideo debug .NE. 0 ) THEN
    OPEN (UNIT=iundbg, FILE=fnmdbg, STATUS='UNKNOWN', RECL=ncol*200,
+     IOSTAT=ierr)
    IF ( ierr .NE. 0 ) THEN
        CALL QAABORT ('Error opening debug file')
    ENDIF
ENDIF

```

C.....Write Header to output file and debug file

```

CALL QAPAGE(iunout, ' ')
CALL QAPAGE(iundbg, ' ')

```

C.....Echo file names to debug file

```

WRITE(iundbg,20) fnminp, fnmout, fnmdbg
WRITE(iunout,20) fnminp, fnmout, fnmdbg

```

C-----

C.....Read input file

C-----

```

WRITE(iunscr,*) 'MMOV >> Reading input file'
WRITE(iundbg,*) 'MMOV >> Reading input file'

```

C.....Read in header lines

```

DO i=1,nhead
    READ (iuninp,'(A)') head(i)
END DO

```

C.....Read in data

```

rdfmt = '(58e13.6,1x))'
DO i=1,nrow
    READ(iuninp,rdfmt) (sumdat(i,j),j=1,ncol)
END DO

```

C.....Echo input data to debug file

```

WRITE (iundbg,*) 'MMOV >> Begin Input Echo'

```

```

DO i=1,nhead
    WRITE (iundbg,'(A)') head(i)
END DO

```

DO i=1,nrow

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```

        WRITE(iundbg,rdfmt) (sumdat(i,j),j=1,ncol)
    END DO

```

```

    WRITE (iundbg,*) 'MMOV >> End Input Echo'

```

C.....Close input file

```

    WRITE (iundbg,*) 'MMOV >> Close input file'
    CLOSE (UNIT=iuningp,STATUS='KEEP')

```

```

C-----
C.....Process input data
C-----

```

```

    WRITE(iunscr,*) 'MMOV >> Processing input data'
    WRITE(iundbg,*) 'MMOV >> Processing input data'

```

C.....Extract vector column heading

```

    ichead = 1
    idxl = 0
    tmphead = head(1)
    idxr = index(tmphead,',')
    chead(ichead) = tmphead(idxl:idxr-1)

```

C.....Extract time column heading

```

    ichead = 2
    idxl = idxr
    idxr = idxl + index( tmphead(idxl+1:), ' ')
    chead(ichead) = tmphead(idxl:idxr-1)

```

C.....Extract variable column headings

```

    DO i=3, ncol
        ichead = ichead+1
        idxl = idxr
        idxr = idxl + 9
        chead(ichead) = tmphead(idxl:idxr-1)
    END DO

```

```

    DO j=1,ncol
        WRITE(iundbg,10) j, chead(j)
    END DO

```

```

10  FORMAT(' Column ',i3,' = ', A10)

```

C.....Find min and max for variables

C.....Find max over all vectors for odd number columns

C.....Find min over all vectors for even number columns

```

    DO j=3, ncol

```

```

        IF ( MOD(j,2) .EQ. 1 ) THEN

```

```

            exvalue(j) = 0.D0
            DO i=1,nrow

```

```

        IF ( sumdat (i,j) .GT. exvalue(j) ) THEN
            exvalue(j) = sumdat(i,j)
        ENDIF
    END DO

    WRITE(iundbg,100) chead(j), exvalue(j)
    WRITE(iunout,100) chead(j), exvalue(j)

ELSE

    exvalue(j) = 1.D+300

    DO i=1,nrow
        IF ( sumdat (i,j) .LT. exvalue(j) ) THEN
            exvalue(j) = sumdat(i,j)
        ENDIF
    END DO

    WRITE(iundbg,200) chead(j), exvalue(j)
    WRITE(iunout,200) chead(j), exvalue(j)

ENDIF

END DO

100 FORMAT(' Max of ', A10, ' = ', e13.6)
200 FORMAT(' Min of ', A10, ' = ', e13.6)

C.....Report Ranges

WRITE(iunout,'(A)') ' '
WRITE(iundbg,'(A)') ' '

DO k = 3,ncol-1,2
    j1 = k
    j2 = k+1
    idxr = INDEX(chead(j1),'MX')
    tmp = chead(j1)
    varnm = tmp(1:idxr-1)
    vmax = exvalue(j1)
    vmin = exvalue(j2)
    write(iunout,300) varnm, vmin, vmax
    write(iundbg,300) varnm, vmin, vmax
END DO

300 FORMAT(A10, 'range = [',e13.6, ', ', e13.6,']' )

C-----
C.....Clean up
C-----

WRITE(iunscr,*) 'MMOV >> Cleaning up'
WRITE(iundbg,*) 'MMOV >> Cleaning up'

C.....Release allocated memory

WRITE (iundbg,*) 'MMOV >> Deallocate Memory'

DEALLOCATE(exvalue)
DEALLOCATE(sumdat)

```



```
C.....Close output and debug files

WRITE (iundbg,*) 'MMOV >> Close output file'

CLOSE (UNIT=iunout,STATUS='KEEP')

IF ( idebug .NE. 0 ) THEN
  WRITE (iundbg,*) 'MMOV >> Close debug file'
  CLOSE (UNIT=iundbg,STATUS='KEEP')
ENDIF

C.....Signal normal completion

STOP 'MMOV >> Normal Completion'
END
```

The MMOV code can be built using the following commands:

```
$ for mmov.f
$ link /exe=mmov.exe mmov.obj camdat_lib/lib camcon_lib/lib camsupes_lib/lib
```

The SUMMARIZE tables can be processed with the MMOV code using the following series of commands (replace "disk:[dir_spec]" with one's current working directory):

```
$
$ mmov_exe ::= "$disk:[dir_spec]mmov.exe"
$
$ input_file  ::= "sum_bfvol_minmax_cral_r1_s1.tbl"
$ output_file ::= "mmov_bfvol_minmax_cral_r1_s1.out"
$ debug_file  ::= "mmov_bfvol_minmax_cral_r1_s1.dbg"
$
$ mmov_exe `input_file` `output_file` `debug_file`
$
$
$ input_file  ::= "sum_bfvol_minmax_cral_r1_s2.tbl"
$ output_file ::= "mmov_bfvol_minmax_cral_r1_s2.out"
$ debug_file  ::= "mmov_bfvol_minmax_cral_r1_s2.dbg"
$
$ mmov_exe `input_file` `output_file` `debug_file`
```

The MMOV output files for scenarios S1 and S2 are shown below:

MMOV_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S1.OUT

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```
MMOV >> input file           =
PAA:[SHARED.JFKANNE.WRK.CRA_RESP.CACO3_INP.TBL]SUM_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S1.TBL
MMOV >> output file          =
PAA:[SHARED.JFKANNE.WRK.CRA_RESP.CACO3_INP]MMOV_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S1.OUT
MMOV >> diagnostic/debug file =
PAA:[SHARED.JFKANNE.WRK.CRA_RESP.CACO3_INP]MMOV_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S1.DBG
```

```
Max of VB_UD4MX = 0.132888E+04
Min of VB_UD4MN = 0.218839E+01
Max of VB_UD3MX = 0.132343E+04
Min of VB_UD3MN = 0.234789E+01
Max of VB_UD2MX = 0.736918E+02
Min of VB_UD2MN = 0.154502E+00
Max of VB_UD1MX = 0.704318E+03
Min of VB_UD1MN = 0.152097E+01
Max of VB_LD1MX = 0.335029E+03
Min of VB_LD1MN = 0.114607E+01
Max of VB_LD2MX = 0.343018E+03
Min of VB_LD2MN = 0.146084E+01
Max of VB_LD3MX = 0.422549E+03
Min of VB_LD3MN = 0.370256E+01
Max of VB_WPMX  = 0.554610E+04
Min of VB_WPMN  = 0.276150E-03
Max of VB_TOTMX = 0.665778E+04
Min of VB_TOTMN = 0.378661E+02
Max of VR_UD4MX = 0.527560E+05
Min of VR_UD4MN = 0.503922E+05
Max of VR_UD3MX = 0.527562E+05
Min of VR_UD3MN = 0.504319E+05
Max of VR_UD2MX = 0.314441E+04
Min of VR_UD2MN = 0.300711E+04
Max of VR_UD1MX = 0.305125E+05
Min of VR_UD1MN = 0.291872E+05
Max of VR_LD1MX = 0.803577E+04
Min of VR_LD1MN = 0.769375E+04
Max of VR_LD2MX = 0.803577E+04
Min of VR_LD2MN = 0.769459E+04
Max of VR_LD3MX = 0.989913E+04
Min of VR_LD3MN = 0.948001E+04
Max of VR_WPMX  = 0.427231E+05
Min of VR_WPMN  = 0.699648E+04
Max of VRTOT1MX = 0.206525E+06
Min of VRTOT1MN = 0.168041E+06
Max of VRTOT2MX = 0.165140E+06
Min of VRTOT2MN = 0.157887E+06
Max of BR_UD4MX = 0.258299E-01
Min of BR_UD4MN = 0.414911E-04
Max of BR_UD3MX = 0.257240E-01
Min of BR_UD3MN = 0.445208E-04
Max of BR_UD2MX = 0.240319E-01
Min of BR_UD2MN = 0.491465E-04
Max of BR_UD1MX = 0.236700E-01
Min of BR_UD1MN = 0.498589E-04
Max of BR_LD1MX = 0.434895E-01
Min of BR_LD1MN = 0.143345E-03
```

Max of BR_LD2MX = 0.445723E-01
 Min of BR_LD2MN = 0.183355E-03
 Max of BR_LD3MX = 0.445714E-01
 Min of BR_LD3MN = 0.374028E-03
 Max of BRTOT1MX = 0.330052E-01
 Min of BRTOT1MN = 0.188726E-03
 Max of BRTOT2MX = 0.412673E-01
 Min of BRTOT2MN = 0.230489E-03

VB_UD4 range = [0.218840E+01, 0.132888E+04]
 VB_UD3 range = [0.234789E+01, 0.132343E+04]
 VB_UD2 range = [0.154501E+00, 0.736918E+02]
 VB_UD1 range = [0.152097E+01, 0.704318E+03]
 VB_LD1 range = [0.114607E+01, 0.335030E+03]
 VB_LD2 range = [0.146084E+01, 0.343018E+03]
 VB_LD3 range = [0.370256E+01, 0.422549E+03]
 VB_WP range = [0.276150E-03, 0.554610E+04]
 VB_TOT range = [0.378661E+02, 0.665779E+04]
 VR_UD4 range = [0.503922E+05, 0.527560E+05]
 VR_UD3 range = [0.504319E+05, 0.527562E+05]
 VR_UD2 range = [0.300711E+04, 0.314442E+04]
 VR_UD1 range = [0.291872E+05, 0.305125E+05]
 VR_LD1 range = [0.769375E+04, 0.803577E+04]
 VR_LD2 range = [0.769459E+04, 0.803577E+04]
 VR_LD3 range = [0.948001E+04, 0.989913E+04]
 VR_WP range = [0.699648E+04, 0.427231E+05]
 VRTOT1 range = [0.168041E+06, 0.206525E+06]
 VRTOT2 range = [0.157887E+06, 0.165140E+06]
 BR_UD4 range = [0.414911E-04, 0.258299E-01]
 BR_UD3 range = [0.445208E-04, 0.257240E-01]
 BR_UD2 range = [0.491465E-04, 0.240319E-01]
 BR_UD1 range = [0.498589E-04, 0.236700E-01]
 BR_LD1 range = [0.143346E-03, 0.434895E-01]
 BR_LD2 range = [0.183355E-03, 0.445723E-01]
 BR_LD3 range = [0.374028E-03, 0.445714E-01]
 BRTOT1 range = [0.188726E-03, 0.330052E-01]
 BRTOT2 range = [0.230489E-03, 0.412673E-01]

MMOV_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S2.OUT

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```

MMOV >> input file           =
PAA: [SHARED.JFKANNE.WRK.CRA_RESP.CACO3_INP.TBL] SUM_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S2.TBL
MMOV >> output file          =
PAA: [SHARED.JFKANNE.WRK.CRA_RESP.CACO3_INP] MMOV_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S2.OUT
MMOV >> diagnostic/debug file =
PAA: [SHARED.JFKANNE.WRK.CRA_RESP.CACO3_INP] MMOV_BFVOL_MINMAX_CRA1_R1_S2.DBG

```

```

Max of VB_UD4MX = 0.165492E+04
Min of VB_UD4MN = 0.218839E+01
Max of VB_UD3MX = 0.172251E+04
Min of VB_UD3MN = 0.234789E+01
Max of VB_UD2MX = 0.109475E+03
Min of VB_UD2MN = 0.154502E+00
Max of VB_UD1MX = 0.107291E+04
Min of VB_UD1MN = 0.152097E+01
Max of VB_LD1MX = 0.311888E+03
Min of VB_LD1MN = 0.134507E+01
Max of VB_LD2MX = 0.311935E+03
Min of VB_LD2MN = 0.208004E+01
Max of VB_LD3MX = 0.384264E+03
Min of VB_LD3MN = 0.370256E+01
Max of VB_WPMX  = 0.135374E+05
Min of VB_WPMN  = 0.124280E-01
Max of VB_TOTMX = 0.163465E+05
Min of VB_TOTMN = 0.503695E+02
Max of VR_UD4MX = 0.527560E+05
Min of VR_UD4MN = 0.506848E+05
Max of VR_UD3MX = 0.527562E+05
Min of VR_UD3MN = 0.507004E+05
Max of VR_UD2MX = 0.314441E+04
Min of VR_UD2MN = 0.302236E+04
Max of VR_UD1MX = 0.305125E+05
Min of VR_UD1MN = 0.293309E+05
Max of VR_LD1MX = 0.803577E+04
Min of VR_LD1MN = 0.772683E+04
Max of VR_LD2MX = 0.803577E+04
Min of VR_LD2MN = 0.772683E+04
Max of VR_LD3MX = 0.989913E+04
Min of VR_LD3MN = 0.951857E+04
Max of VR_WPMX  = 0.432778E+05
Min of VR_WPMN  = 0.699648E+04
Max of VRTOT1MX = 0.207046E+06
Min of VRTOT1MN = 0.168041E+06
Max of VRTOT2MX = 0.165140E+06
Min of VRTOT2MN = 0.158711E+06
Max of BR_UD4MX = 0.324083E-01
Min of BR_UD4MN = 0.414911E-04
Max of BR_UD3MX = 0.337455E-01
Min of BR_UD3MN = 0.445208E-04
Max of BR_UD2MX = 0.360591E-01
Min of BR_UD2MN = 0.491465E-04
Max of BR_UD1MX = 0.364322E-01
Min of BR_UD1MN = 0.498589E-04
Max of BR_LD1MX = 0.403642E-01
Min of BR_LD1MN = 0.167981E-03

```

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```

Max of BR_LD2MX = 0.403704E-01
Min of BR_LD2MN = 0.259574E-03
Max of BR_LD3MX = 0.403700E-01
Min of BR_LD3MN = 0.374028E-03
Max of BRTOT1MX = 0.844281E-01
Min of BRTOT1MN = 0.255789E-03
Max of BRTOT2MX = 0.102074E+00
Min of BRTOT2MN = 0.306207E-03

VB_UD4 range = [ 0.218840E+01, 0.165492E+04]
VB_UD3 range = [ 0.234789E+01, 0.172251E+04]
VB_UD2 range = [ 0.154501E+00, 0.109475E+03]
VB_UD1 range = [ 0.152097E+01, 0.107291E+04]
VB_LD1 range = [ 0.134507E+01, 0.311888E+03]
VB_LD2 range = [ 0.208004E+01, 0.311935E+03]
VB_LD3 range = [ 0.370256E+01, 0.384264E+03]
VB_WP range = [ 0.124280E-01, 0.135374E+05]
VB_TOT range = [ 0.503695E+02, 0.163465E+05]
VR_UD4 range = [ 0.506848E+05, 0.527560E+05]
VR_UD3 range = [ 0.507004E+05, 0.527562E+05]
VR_UD2 range = [ 0.302236E+04, 0.314442E+04]
VR_UD1 range = [ 0.293309E+05, 0.305125E+05]
VR_LD1 range = [ 0.772683E+04, 0.803577E+04]
VR_LD2 range = [ 0.772683E+04, 0.803577E+04]
VR_LD3 range = [ 0.951857E+04, 0.989913E+04]
VR_WP range = [ 0.699648E+04, 0.432779E+05]
VRTOT1 range = [ 0.168041E+06, 0.207046E+06]
VRTOT2 range = [ 0.158711E+06, 0.165140E+06]
BR_UD4 range = [ 0.414911E-04, 0.324083E-01]
BR_UD3 range = [ 0.445208E-04, 0.337455E-01]
BR_UD2 range = [ 0.491465E-04, 0.360591E-01]
BR_UD1 range = [ 0.498589E-04, 0.364322E-01]
BR_LD1 range = [ 0.167981E-03, 0.403643E-01]
BR_LD2 range = [ 0.259574E-03, 0.403704E-01]
BR_LD3 range = [ 0.374028E-03, 0.403700E-01]
BRTOT1 range = [ 0.255789E-03, 0.844281E-01]
BRTOT2 range = [ 0.306207E-03, 0.102074E+00]

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