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**Title 40 CFR Part 191  
Compliance Certification  
Application  
for the  
Waste Isolation Pilot Plant  
  
SOTERM Attachment 1**



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**WIPP PA**  
**User's Manual**  
**for**  
**FMT, Version 2.0**

**Document Version 1.00**

**WPO # 28119**

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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The program FMT (Fracture-Matrix Transport) solves chemical equilibrium problems using the Pitzer activity coefficient formalism (Pitzer, 1991). Although, as the name implies, this code was originally intended for transport calculations, this feature is not supported in this release of FMT (Version 2.0).

FMT is used to compute the concentrations, expressed in terms of molality (moles of solute per kilogram of solvent), of chemical species using a thermodynamic model for concentrated electrolyte systems (brines). FMT is used to simulate the solubility behavior of radionuclides in brines found in the Castile, Rustler, and Salado Formations near the WIPP site. FMT is based on the Harvie-Møller-Weare (HMW) data base (Harvie et al., 1984; Felmy and Weare, 1986) enhanced with radioactive elements such as americium(III) and neptunium(V). The purpose of the calculation is to find the detailed distribution of chemical species when the solution is at equilibrium.

FMT solves both single and multiple equilibrium problems:

- The single equilibrium problem (also known as the flash problem) uses the "batch" mode of FMT. In this mode, the user specifies the total element abundances and FMT calculates the equilibrium concentrations of dissolved components and solids.
- For multiple equilibrium problems a "titration" mode is available, in which FMT mechanizes repetitive flash calculations required to compute the composition of a solution results from titrating one solution with another solution or a solution containing minerals. For titration problems, the user specifies the compositions of both solutions and the volumes of the titrant solution to be added.

For the 1996 WIPP PA calculation, FMT will be used to generate tables of solubilities for generalized actinide (referred to here as "An") oxidation states An(III), An(IV), An(V), and An(VI). These tables will be converted into equations of surfaces that will be used by the WIPP PA codes PANEL and NUTS to calculate actinide solubility values as a function of CO<sub>2</sub> fugacity, hydrogen ion concentration, brine composition, and organic chelator concentrations.

This document serves as a User's Manual for FMT, as used to support the 1996 WIPP Performance Assessment calculations. As such, it describes the code's purpose and function, the user's interaction with the code, and the equations and numerical methods employed by the code. Examples of user-accessible input files, output files, and screen displays are appended to this manual for the user's convenience.



## 1.1 Software Identifier

Code Name: FMT  
WIPP Prefix: FMT\_  
Version Number: 2.0 11/03/95  
Platforms: FORTRAN 77 for OpenVMS AXP, versions 1.5 and 6.1, on DEC Alpha  
and Power Macintosh 7100

## 1.2 Points of Contact

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## 2.0 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

**R.1:** FMT simulates solubility behavior of radionuclides in brines found in Castile, Rustler, and Salado Formations near the WIPP site.

**R.2:** FMT calculates chemical equilibrium using aqueous thermodynamics. It is based on the Harvie-Møller-Weare (HMW) database enhanced with radioactive elements.

**R.3:** FMT additionally mechanizes repetitive calculations, e.g., titrating a solution of one chemical composition with a solution of another chemical composition.

**R.4:** The element enhancements FMT supports include Americium (III) and Neptunium (V).

**R.5:** The "batch" simulation mode, also known as flash problems, calculates equilibrium abundances for one set of element abundances.

**R.6:** The "titrate" mode shall support explicit specification, i.e. adding user specified volumes for each titration increment.

**R.7:** The "titrate" mode shall support linear increments, i.e., adding the same constant volume for each titration increment.

**R.8:** The "titrate" mode shall support logarithmic increments, i.e. adding a logarithmically increasing volume for each titration.

**R.9:** The parameters in the actinide series used in the FMT database are calculated by NONLIN or other equivalent means.

### **3.0 REQUIRED USER TRAINING AND/OR BACKGROUND**

In order to run the FMT code successfully, the user will need a basic knowledge of

- Open VMS and Digital Equipment Co.'s (DEC's) Digital Command Language (DCL), if running the code on the DEC platform
- Power Macintosh 7100 operation, if running the code on a Macintosh platform

To interpret the results of FMT, a chemistry background is required. A user should have a

- BS in Chemistry, or the equivalent
- sound understanding of chemical reaction equilibrium analysis.

To understand how the FMT code works and the theory and algorithms upon which FMT is based, the user should also have a basic understanding of

- thermodynamics
- partial differential equations
- linear algebra (through senior undergraduate level)
- numerical methods (graduate or senior level undergraduate level).

## **4.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE MODELS AND METHODS**

### **4.1 Mathematical Model and Numerical Methods**

FMT solves chemical equilibrium problems, as defined by linear material balance equations and nonlinear reaction equilibrium equations as given in standard chemical thermodynamics texts such as Denbigh (1981) and Smith and Van Ness (1975). An extensive survey of numerical methods developed specifically to solve these problems is given in Smith and Missen (1991). In particular, FMT uses the "Villars-Cruise-Smith" (VCS) algorithm, which is explained in Section 6.4.4 of Smith and Missen (1991). A brief overview of the VCS algorithm, as presented in Smith and Missen (1991) follows. Interested readers are referred to Smith and Missen (1991) for a more detailed discussion.

If the Gibbs free-energy function  $G$  is viewed as a function of the reaction-extent variables  $\bar{\xi}$ , then the chemical equilibrium problem is that of minimizing  $G(\bar{\xi})$ ; i.e.,

$$\frac{\partial G}{\partial \bar{\xi}} = \mathbf{0}. \quad (1)$$

Equation 1 is equivalent to the classical chemical formulation of the equilibrium conditions

$$\Delta G \equiv \mathbf{N}^T \bar{\mu}(\bar{\xi}) = 0, \quad (2)$$

where

$\mathbf{N}^T$  = the complete, transposed stoichiometric matrix: the  $(N \times R)$  matrix whose columns are the  $R$  stoichiometric vectors; that is,  $\mathbf{N} = (\bar{v}_1, \bar{v}_2, \dots, \bar{v}_R)$ ; entry  $(i,j)$  of  $\mathbf{N}$  is  $v_{ij}$ , and

$\bar{\mu}$  = chemical-potential vector with entries  $\mu_i$ .

A first-order algorithm approach for minimizing  $G(\bar{\xi})$  requires that the variables  $\bar{\xi}$  be adjusted at each iteration by amounts  $\delta \bar{\xi}$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \delta \xi_j^{(m)} &= - \left( \frac{\partial G}{\partial \xi_j} \right)^{(m)} = -\Delta G_j^{(m)} \\ &= - \sum_{i=1}^{N'} v_{ij} \mu_i^{(m)}; \quad j=1,2,\dots,R, \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

where

$m$  = iteration index,

$v_{ij}$  = stoichiometric coefficient of species  $i$  in stoichiometric vector (equation)  $j$ ,

$N'$  = number of species excluding inert species,

$\mu_i$  = chemical potential of species  $i$ , and

$R$  = maximum number of linearly independent chemical equations.

The mole numbers are adjusted by means of



$$\delta n_i^{(m)} = \sum_{j=1}^R v_{ij} \delta \xi_j^{(m)}; \quad i=1,2,\dots,N', \quad (4)$$

where  $n_i$  = the number of moles of species  $i$ .

As with first-order optimization methods in general, this algorithm has been found to converge rather slowly, and therefore is not widely used.

In a second-order algorithm approach for minimizing  $G(\bar{\xi})$ , the Newton-Raphson method can be applied to equations 2, which yields

$$\delta \bar{\xi}^{(m)} = - \left( \frac{\partial^2 G}{\partial \bar{\xi}^2} \right)_{\mathbf{n}^{(m)}}^{-1} \left( \frac{\partial G}{\partial \bar{\xi}} \right)_{\mathbf{n}^{(m)}}, \quad (5)$$

where  $\mathbf{n}$  = species-abundance vector with entries  $n_i$ . This approach requires the solution of a set of  $R = (N' - M)$  linear equations on each iteration (where  $M$  is the number of elements). Because  $N'$  is usually large compared with  $M$ , the numerical solution of these linear equations can be very time consuming and this approach is not widely used.

The VCS algorithm, an intermediate between the above first- and second-order methods, provides a way to essentially reduce the labor involved in the solution of the linear equations.

The VCS algorithm begins with equation 5, the Hessian matrix  $(\partial^2 G / \partial \bar{\xi}^2)$  for which, in the case of a single ideal phase, can be expressed as

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 G}{\partial \xi_i \partial \xi_j} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi_j} \left( \sum_{k=1}^{N'} v_{ki} \mu_k \right) \\ &= RT \sum_{k=1}^{N'} \sum_{l=1}^{N'} v_{ki} v_{lj} \left( \frac{\delta_{kl}}{n_k} - \frac{1}{n_t} \right); \quad j=1,2,\dots,R, \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

where

$R$  = the gas constant,  $8.3143 \text{ J mole}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ ,

$T$  = absolute temperature (K)

$\delta_{kl}$  = the Kronecker delta function;  $\delta_{kl} = 1$ , if  $k = l$ ;  $\delta_{kl} = 0$ , if  $k \neq l$ ,

$n_k$  = number of moles of species  $k$ , and

$n_i$  = total number of moles.

Smith and Missen (1991) explain in Section 6.4.4 how the Hessian matrix in equation 6 can be expressed as

$$RT \left( \frac{\partial^2 G}{\partial \xi_i \partial \xi_j} \right)^{-1} = \left( \frac{1}{n_{i+M}} + \sum_{k=1}^M \frac{v_{ki}^2}{n_k} - \frac{\bar{v}_i^2}{n_i} \right)^{-1} \delta_{ij}, \quad (7)$$

where  $\bar{v}_i$  is the sum of the stoichiometric coefficients in stoichiometric equation  $i$ , i.e.  $\bar{v}_i = \sum_{k=1}^{N'} v_{ki}$

The VCS algorithm for a single ideal phase uses equation 5 with equation 7 and iteratively adjusts each stoichiometric equation by an amount

$$\delta \xi_j^{(m)} = - \left( \frac{1}{n_{j+M}^{(m)}} + \sum_{k=1}^M \frac{v_{kj}^2}{n_k^{(m)}} - \frac{\bar{v}_j^2}{n_j} \right)^{-1} \frac{\Delta G_j^{(m)}}{RT}; \quad j=1,2,\dots,R \quad (8)$$

As is explained in Section 4.4, FMT replaces one of the  $R$  element balances in Equation 8 with the charge balance, which not only specifies the material balance of the "replaced" element but also constrains the solution to be charge neutral.

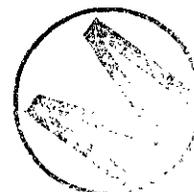
The thermodynamics of concentrated electrolyte solutions (brines) requires consideration of the chemical nonidealities of the system. FMT uses the activity coefficient model of Pitzer (1991) and the development of this model with a consistent data base as described by Harvie et al. (1984) and Felmy and Weare (1986) as the basis for modeling chemical nonidealities. These references provide extensive detail about this Pitzer activity coefficient formalism used in FMT. A brief discussion of the Pitzer activity coefficient model follows in Section 4.2.

## 4.2 The Pitzer Activity Coefficient Formalism

The Pitzer activity coefficient formalism is a set of mathematical equations for calculating activity coefficients for aqueous species, and is valid from dilute systems through the concentrated brines observed at the WIPP Site. The theoretical and historical development of this formalism can be traced through Pitzer (1991), particularly Chapter 3, and references therein.

The implementation of the Pitzer activity coefficient formalism within FMT is based on the forms of the equations as presented in Harvie and Weare (1980), Harvie et al. (1984), and Felmy and Weare (1986). Because there is no difference in the mathematical formulation from these references and FMT, only the equations in Felmy and Weare (1986) are presented below. The interested reader will find a comprehensive presentation of these equations in the three cited publications.

The activities of the species  $a_i$  can be defined by the following equation:



$$\left(\frac{\partial G}{\partial n_i}\right)_{T,P,n} = \mu_i = \mu_i^0 + RT \ln a_i, \quad (\text{A.1a}^*)$$

where  $\mu_i^0$  = the standard chemical potential for species  $i$ . Activity is defined for each solute species  $i$  by

$$a_i = \gamma_i m_i \quad (\text{A.1b})$$

and, for the solvent, by

$$\ln a_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = \frac{-W}{1000} \left( \sum_i m_i \right) \phi \quad (\text{A.1c})$$

where

$\gamma_i$  = the activity coefficient of the solute species,

$m_i$  = the molality of the solute species,

$W$  = the molecular weight of water,

$\sum_i m_i$  = the sum over all solutes (cations, anions, and neutrals), and

$\phi$  = the osmotic coefficient.

While the chemical potentials for pure phases (e.g., minerals) are constant at fixed temperature and pressure, the fugacity of gas-phase species,  $f_i$ , is defined as follows:

$$\frac{\mu_i}{RT} = \frac{\mu_i^0}{RT} + \ln(f_i). \quad (\text{A.1d})$$

The remaining variables lacking explicit definition are the excess functions  $\gamma_i$  and  $(\phi-1)$ . These functions, rewritten below, are modeled using the semiempirical equations of Pitzer (1973) and co-workers. (Note that, in the Pitzer equations presented below,  $I$  = ionic strength, and that subscripts  $M$ ,  $X$ , and  $N$  refer to cations, anions, and neutrals, respectively. The remaining terms are explained following the presentation of the Pitzer equations.)

---

\* Equation numbering scheme in Felmy and Weare (1986) duplicated for this discussion.

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\phi-1) = \frac{2}{\left(\sum_i m_i\right)} & \left\{ \frac{A\phi I^{3/2}}{1+bI^{1/2}} + \sum_c \sum_a m_c m_a (B_{ca}^\phi + ZC_{ca}) + \sum_{c < c'} \sum m_c m_{c'} \left( \Phi_{cc'}^\phi + \sum_a m_a \Psi_{cc'a} \right) \right. \\
 & + \sum_{a < a'} \sum m_a m_{a'} \left( \Phi_{aa'}^\phi + \sum_c m_c \Psi_{aa'c} \right) + \sum_n \sum_c m_n m_c \lambda_{nc} \\
 & \left. + \sum_n \sum_a m_n m_a \lambda_{na} + \sum_n \sum_c \sum_a m_n m_c m_a \zeta_{nca} \right\}
 \end{aligned} \tag{A.2a}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \ln \gamma_M = z_M^2 F + \sum_a m_a (2B_{Ma} + ZC_{Ma}) + \sum_c m_c \left( 2\Phi_{Mc} + \sum_a m_a \Psi_{Mca} \right) \\
 + \sum_{a < a'} \sum m_a m_{a'} \Psi_{aa'M} + |z_M| \sum_c \sum_a m_c m_a C_{ca} + \sum_n m_n (2\lambda_{nM}) + \sum_n \sum_a m_n m_a \zeta_{naM}
 \end{aligned} \tag{A.2b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \ln \gamma_X = z_M^2 F + \sum_c m_c (2B_{Xc} + ZC_{Xc}) + \sum_a m_a \left( 2\Phi_{Xa} + \sum_c m_c \Psi_{Xca} \right) \\
 + \sum_{c < c'} \sum m_c m_{c'} \Psi_{cc'X} + |z_X| \sum_c \sum_a m_c m_a C_{ca} + \sum_n m_n (2\lambda_{nX}) + \sum_n \sum_c m_n m_c \zeta_{ncX}
 \end{aligned} \tag{A.2c}$$

$$\ln \gamma_N = \sum_c m_c (2\lambda_{Nc}) + \sum_a m_a (2\lambda_{Na}) + \sum_c \sum_a m_c m_a \zeta_{Nca} \tag{A.2d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F = -A\phi \left( \frac{I^{1/2}}{1+bI^{1/2}} + \frac{2}{b} \ln(1+bI^{1/2}) \right) + \sum_c \sum_a m_c m_a B'_{ca} \\
 + \sum_{c < c'} \sum m_c m_{c'} \Phi'_{cc'} + \sum_{a < a'} \sum m_a m_{a'} \Phi'_{aa'}
 \end{aligned} \tag{A.2e}$$

$$C_{MX} = \frac{C_{MX}^\phi}{2|Z_M Z_X|^{1/2}} \tag{2b}$$



$$Z = \sum_i |z_i| m_i \quad (2c)$$

$A^\phi$  is one third of the Debye-Hückel limiting slope ( $A$  in the following empirical equation):

$$\ln \gamma_i = -\frac{A\sqrt{I}}{1 + Ba_i\sqrt{I}} + B_i I,$$

as presented on page 981 of Harvie and Weare [1980].) Here  $A^\phi$  equals 0.39 at 25°C. The second virial coefficients,  $B$ , are given the following ionic strength dependence:

$$B_{MX}^\phi = \beta_{MX}^{(0)} + \beta_{MX}^{(1)} e^{-\alpha_1 \sqrt{I}} + \beta_{MX}^{(2)} e^{-\alpha_2 \sqrt{I}} \quad (3a)$$

$$B_{MX} = \beta_{MX}^{(0)} + \beta_{MX}^{(1)} g(\alpha_1 \sqrt{I}) + \beta_{MX}^{(2)} g(\alpha_2 \sqrt{I}) \quad (3b)$$

$$B'_{MX} = \beta_{MX}^{(1)} \frac{g'(\alpha_1 \sqrt{I})}{I} + \beta_{MX}^{(2)} \frac{g'(\alpha_2 \sqrt{I})}{I} \quad (3c)$$

The functions  $g$  and  $g'$  are defined by

$$g(x) = 2 \frac{(1 - (1+x)e^{-x})}{x^2} \quad (4a)$$

$$g'(x) = -2 \frac{\left(1 - \left(1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2}\right)e^{-x}\right)}{x^2} \quad (4b)$$

with  $x = \alpha_1 \sqrt{I}$  or  $= \alpha_2 \sqrt{I}$ . When either cation  $M$  or anion  $X$  is univalent,  $\alpha_1 = 2.0$  and  $\alpha_2 = 12$ . For 2 - 2 pairs,  $\alpha_1 = 1.4$  and  $\alpha_2 = 12$ . For all electrolytes,  $b = 1.2$ . For 2 - 3 and higher pairs,  $\alpha_1 = 1.4$  and  $\alpha_2 = 50$ . The dimensions of  $\alpha_1$  and  $\alpha_2$  are  $\text{kg}^{1/2} \text{mole}^{-1/2}$ . The virial coefficients,  $\Phi$ , which depend upon ionic strength, are given the following form:

$$\Phi_{ij}^{\phi} = \theta_{ij} + {}^E\theta_{ij}(I) + I {}^E\theta'_{ij}(I) \quad (5a)$$

$$\Phi_{ij} = \theta_{ij} + {}^E\theta_{ij}(I) \quad (5b)$$

$$\Phi'_{ij} = {}^E\theta'_{ij}(I) \quad (5c)$$

The functions  ${}^E\theta_{ij}(I)$  and  ${}^E\theta'_{ij}(I)$  are functions only of ionic strength and the electrolyte pair type.

The activity coefficient parameters,  $\lambda_{ni}$  and  $\zeta_{nij}$ , representing the interactions between ions and neutral species, are taken to be constant. The third virial coefficients,  $C_{MX}^{\phi}$  and  $\psi_{ijk}$ , are also assumed to be independent of ionic strength.

The complete set of parameters defining the model for nonideal behavior of electrolyte solutions are as follows:

- $\beta_{MX}^{(0)}$ ,  $\beta_{MX}^{(1)}$ ,  $\beta_{MX}^{(2)}$ , and  $C_{MX}^{\phi}$  for each cation-anion pair
- $\theta_{ij}$  for each cation-cation and anion-anion pair
- $\psi_{ijk}$  for each cation-cation-anion and anion-anion-cation triplet
- $\lambda_{ni}$  and  $\zeta_{nij}$  for ion-neutral and ion-ion-neutral interactions.

Many of these parameters can be assigned a value of zero. The above parameters are tabulated in the CHEMDAT data base (Section 7.3, Appendices I and J).

#### 4.3 Inclusion of Pitzer Activity Coefficients

The activity coefficients are included within FMT according to the "Indirect Methods Based on Algorithms for Ideal Systems" documented in Section 7.3.1 of Smith and Missen (1991). A brief overview of the discussion provided in Section 7.3.1 of Smith and Missen (1991) follows.

The following is an expression for the chemical potential:

$$\mu_i(T, P, \mathbf{x}) = \mu_i^*(T, P) + RT \ln \gamma_i(T, P, \mathbf{x}) x_i, \quad (9)$$

and



$$\lim_{x_i \rightarrow 1} \gamma_i = 1 \quad (\text{Raoult convention})$$

or

$$\lim_{x_i \rightarrow 0} \gamma_i = 1 \quad (\text{Henry convention})$$

where

$\mathbf{x}$  = mole-fraction vector with entries  $x_i$ ,

$T$  = temperature,

$P$  = pressure, and

$\mu_i^*$  = standard chemical potential of species  $i$ .

Equation 9 may be rewritten as

$$\mu_i = \mu_i^* + RT \ln \gamma_i(T, P, \mathbf{n}) + RT \ln x_i, \quad (10)$$

where  $\mathbf{n}$  = species-abundance vector with entries  $n_i$ .

When the first two terms on the right-hand side of equation 10 are combined, the equation can be formally rewritten as

$$\mu_i = \mu_i^*[T, P, \mathbf{n}^*, (T, P)] + RT \ln x_i \quad (11)$$

where  $\mu_i^*$  is now a function of  $T$  and  $P$  through the unknown equilibrium solution  $\mathbf{n}^*$ .

The calculation procedure is iterative, in which the first step is to compute the equilibrium composition assuming ideality ( $\gamma_i = 1$ ), yielding a first approximation to the system mole numbers  $\mathbf{n}^{(1)}$ . Then the activity coefficients  $\bar{\gamma}$  for the nonideal system are computed from a known chemical potential expression at the  $\mathbf{n}^{(1)}$  composition. In the next step, the equilibrium composition in the "ideal" system is computed from equation 11, with  $\mu_i^*$  replaced by

$$\mu_i^{*(1)} = \mu_i^* + RT \ln \gamma_i(T, P, \mathbf{n}^{(1)}). \quad (12)$$

This process is repeated until the composition on successive iterations remains constant to within some specified tolerance. FMT uses this procedure in conjunction with the VCS algorithm described in Section 4.1.

#### 4.4 Charge Neutrality

Charge neutrality is maintained within FMT in order to best represent the charge neutral state of aqueous solutions that occurs in the laboratory and the environment. It has been shown (see for example Smith and Missen, 1991) that a linear combination of the element material balances produces the charge balance equation. FMT replaces one of the element balances with the charge balance, which both specifies the material balance on the "replaced" element and constrains the solution to be charge neutral. The element to be replaced with the charge balance, FORTRAN variable RPLWCHG, can be any element, but is usually set to Oxygen because it will be present in all aqueous chemical systems. FMT cannot calculate a charge imbalanced solution composition. However, should one wish to specify a charge imbalance, fictitious aqueous species such as "PosIon+" and "NegIon-" made up of the pseudoelements PosIon:EL and NegIon:EL and the appropriate charges can be used to do so. For example, entering a concentration of PosIon+ at 0.1m will cause the solution to have a net negative charge of 0.1m due to the nonfictitious species.

#### 4.5 Pseudoelements

Pseudoelement is the name given to mathematical constructs that are not actual chemical elements but mathematically are treated the same as an element. Some of the pseudoelements used within FMT in the past have been Electron:EL, PosIon:EL, NegIon:EL, ClO4:EL, and Charge:EL. Perchlorate, ClO<sub>4</sub>, is a pseudoelement because it is a combination of elements treated as an element. That is, the unit ClO4:EL cannot be divided into its constituent elements during simulations with FMT. Organic ligands are treated as pseudoelements, including Oxalate:EL, Citrate:EL, Acetate:EL, Lactate:EL, and EDTA:EL. This prevents these moieties from undergoing chemical reactions that alter the organic species, while allowing the organic ligands to complex with protons and other aqueous species.

### 5.0 CAPABILITIES AND LIMITATIONS OF THE SOFTWARE

FMT calculates chemical equilibrium for user-specified total element amounts for aqueous or aqueous/mineral geochemical systems. All chemical elements specified by the user must be included in the data base used by FMT in order for calculations to proceed correctly. The current FMT data base, HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT (described in Section 7.3), is limited to the elements H, O, Na, K, Mg, Ca, Cl, B, and Br, and the pseudoelements "SO<sub>4</sub>," "CO<sub>3</sub>," "Am(III)," "Np(V)," "ClO<sub>4</sub>," and "Charge." (Element names contained in quotes are not strictly chemical elements, and are therefore called "pseudoelements." Pseudoelements are treated in the FMT data base as indivisible units, and thus behave numerically as though they were chemical elements.) The species that can be formed from these elements, aqueous and solid, are only those that are included in the data base. The data base documentation (Appendix I) gives the sources of parameters contained in the data base. The user is responsible for determining whether the data base included in FMT is appropriate for his/her chemical system.



It is important to note that FMT does not model gas phases explicitly. However, the effects of imposing chemical equilibrium between a solution and a gas phase with constant fugacities for all soluble gas phase constituents can be modeled by creating hypothetical but thermodynamically viable solid phases in the solution. These fictitious solids should have standard chemical potentials that are calculated from the gas fugacities.

Several scenarios for WIPP disposal rooms suggest there will be CO<sub>2</sub> gas present. It is therefore desirable to calculate the effects of CO<sub>2</sub> gas on the aqueous and solid chemistry in the disposal room, and in turn on dissolved actinide concentrations. While FMT cannot explicitly model the gas phase, it can model a system with constant CO<sub>2</sub> gas fugacity by proper declaration of a CO<sub>2</sub> solid phase, as discussed below.

Thermodynamics allows the declaration of a hypothetical CO<sub>2</sub> "solid" phase to mimic the effects of constant CO<sub>2</sub> gas fugacity:



At equilibrium, this reaction is described by the relationship

$$\frac{\mu_{\text{CO}_2(\text{"solid"})}^0}{RT} = \frac{\mu_{\text{CO}_2(g)}^0}{RT} + \ln f_{\text{CO}_2}, \quad (14)$$

where  $f_{\text{CO}_2}$  is the CO<sub>2</sub>(g) fugacity, which can be thought of as an effective partial pressure for CO<sub>2</sub>(g). Equation 14, which makes use of the standard convention that the activity of a pure solid phase is unity, allows one to simulate a system with a constant CO<sub>2</sub>(g) fugacity as long as the CO<sub>2</sub> "solid" phase is present. See Novak (1995k) for details.

Other particular items to note are listed below:

- Oxidation-reduction (redox) reactions are not supported by the HMW\_NP\_AM data base.
- The "Am(III)" and "Np(V)" models in HMW\_NP\_AM are preliminary and provisional, and may be changed in further versions of the data base associated with FMT as more information becomes available. An example of this additional information is complexation with dissolved organic ligands such as the organic-acid anions acetate, lactate, oxalate, and citrate. Updated versions of the CHEMDAT data base for use with FMT will be issued as they are developed.
- The radioactive elements thorium(IV), uranium(IV), uranium(VI) and other elements may be added in future versions of the FMT data base. These additions will be modifications to the data base only (CHEMDAT) and will not require code changes. However, it is possible that several sections of code, particularly for calculating activity coefficients, may not be accessed until thorium(IV) is incorporated into the data base.

## 6.0 USER INTERACTIONS WITH THE SOFTWARE

### 6.1 Overview

FMT requires three input data files—INPUT, INGUESS, and CHEMDAT. An additional input file RHOMIN is required for titrate problems. In the INPUT file the user sets the problem parameters and specifies the solution composition by providing the *total element* abundances.

Note that “abundance” means the total amount, an extrinsic quantity, e.g., 3 moles of Na, 2 moles of Cl, 1 mole of Br. The intrinsic quantity, commonly moles per kg H<sub>2</sub>O within FMT, is calculated based on the extrinsic amount of water that can be formed from the specified element abundances. This is the technical definition for the abundance entries. In practice, it is convenient to specify about 1 kg of water (about 55.5 moles of O and 111.0 moles of H) to allow the abundances in the INPUT and INGUESS files to be looked at on a molal (or approximately, molar) basis. (A convenient way to put all species concentrations in the INGUESS file on a nearly exact molal basis is through use of the FOR088 file, which contains a column of species concentrations in molal units. These concentrations can be copied to an INGUESS file to put all species in the INGUESS file on a molal basis, although technically it is still the extrinsic species abundances that are given. This merely “normalizes” all extrinsic abundances to a “per kg H<sub>2</sub>O” basis.)

Optionally, the user could specify the same solution composition by setting the *species* abundances in the INGUESS file. The CHEMDAT file is a data base that contains species names, characteristics, and Pitzer parameters. RHOMIN, another data base file, contains mineral densities. FMT input files are discussed in detail in Section 7.0.

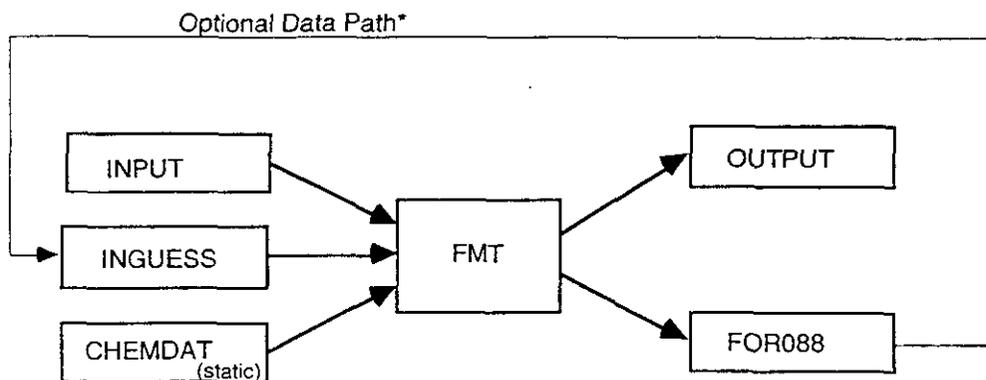
**\*\*\*WARNING\*\*\***

**The user should not and is not expected to change the CHEMDAT and RHOMIN files which are provided with the FMT code.**

FMT generates a primary file OUTPUT and secondary file(s), depending on the problem. FOR088 is the secondary file for batch problems. TITRATE and MOLES are the secondary files for titrate problems. Both the FOR088 and TITRATE files are subsets of their respective OUTPUT files, reordered by chemical species for user convenience. Because the format of FOR088 is the same as that of INGUESS, FOR088 output can be used as input for INGUESS. Output files are discussed in detail in Section 9.0.

Figures 1 and 2 illustrate the input and output files for batch and titrate problems respectively. The input files labeled as static are the data base files.





\*FOR088 output may be used as input for INGUESS file.

Figure 1. Input and Output Files for BATCH

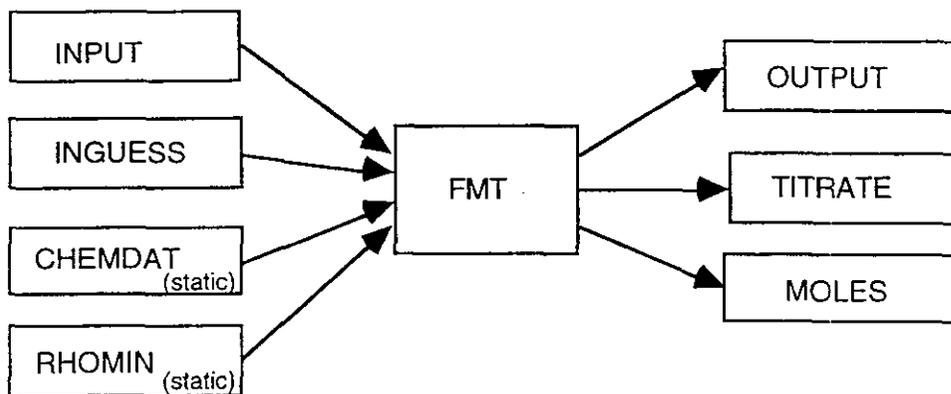


Figure 2. Input and Output Files for TITRATE

## 6.2 User-Supplied Input Files

Using a convenient editor, the user creates and modifies parameters in the INPUT and INGUESS files. After specifying a title for identifying the problem (usually naming the solution composition) and setting character flags in the INPUT file, the user quantifies the elemental amounts required for a specific solution. The user must specify the amounts in the same order as the elements are listed in the CHEMDAT file, starting with hydrogen.

The INGUESS file, if FMT is instructed to read it, provides molar amounts for each species in the CHEMDAT file. All amounts must be specified as total abundances, i.e., number of moles in the (unspecified) control volume. The user must state the moles for each species in the same order as

the species are listed in the CHEMDAT file, starting with H<sub>2</sub>O. FMT converts these extrinsic quantities to molality using the mass of water that can form given the solution composition.

FMT reads the entire INPUT file. If the character strings 'MOLES' and 'EXACT' are set in the INPUT file, then FMT reads the moles for each species from the INGUESS file and calculates the molal amounts of all the elements. If 'nMOLES' and 'nEXACT' strings are set, then FMT uses the elemental mole amounts as stated in the INPUT file. In this case, the INGUESS file must exist although it may be an empty file, i.e., a file containing no data.

## 6.3 Executing FMT

### 6.3.1 DEC Environment

The user can use the command file FMT\_FMTC.COM to run FMT on the Sandia NWER network with Digital's Alpha machine BEATLE. This file is located in the FMT library. All files in the library are under control of Digital's Configuration Management System (CMS). This library contains FMT data base files, source code and command files. The user can retrieve the command file FMT\_FMTC.COM from the FMT library using the CMS "fetch" command. For ease in executing FMT, the command file should be in the same directory where the input files reside.

#### 6.3.1.1 Fetching the Command File FMT\_FMTC.COM from CMS

To retrieve the command file FMT\_FMTC.COM, the user logs into BEATLE and types in the symbol "nonpa\_cms\_syms" to define other CMS symbols, and the command "libfmt" to specify the FMT library. Then the user locates the directory/subdirectory where his/her input files reside by typing in a "set default (sd)" command. The command "cfe fmt\_fmtc.com" copies the command file into the user's current directory. The lines are:

```
$nonpa_cms_syms
$libfmt
$sd [username.user_inputfile_directory]
$cfe fmt_fmtc.com
```

The command file can be copied from directory to directory. The user does not need to fetch the file each time. FMT\_FMTC.COM also issues the lines "nonpa\_cms\_syms" and "libfmt" so the user does not need to type those two lines for each login.

#### 6.3.1.2 Running FMT\_FMTC.COM

To execute "@FMT\_FMTC" the user must always be logged into BEATLE. The user should be in the directory that contains the .IN and .INGUESS files before starting FMT\_FMTC. To execute the command the user types in:

```
$@FMT_FMTC
```

The user will be prompted to supply a **substring** for the CHEMDAT and RHOMIN files and the input file's name. To retrieve a list of all CHEMDAT and RHOMIN files, the user can simply type in "FMT" since all database files are prefixed with the "FMT\_HMW\_" string. Any

substring of the database file name can be typed in if the user knows the valance states or the date of the files desired. The input file name must not contain the extensions (".IN" or ".INGUESS") and file names of IN and INGUESS must be the same.

After listing the CHEMDAT files that match the substring specified, the user is prompted to select a CHEMDAT file. The user can select a file by either double clicking on the file name, copying the file name and pasting it to the waiting request, or typing the entire name. Then a listing of all RHOMIN files matching the substring is displayed and the user is prompted to select a RHOMIN file.

WARNING: The FMT\_FMTC command deletes all chemdat and rhomin files with the "FMT\_" prefix from the user's current directory before fetching any CHEMDAT or RHOMIN file.

### 6.3.1.3 Examples

The following examples show what (in boldface) a user types in response to a "\$" prompt line or FMT's request. All other lines are BEATLE's operating system response, CMS's response, or FMT's response. FMT\_FMTC.COM generates the log file with the time and date stamp in the file's name. The log file records all the screen output, including explicit information on the build of the executable "FMT\_FMT2PO" and the complete input and output file names used in the runs.

#### Example #1 - Running the batch problem BATCH\_DOC

The input file names and extensions for the BATCH\_DOC problem are BATCH\_DOC.IN and BATCH\_DOC.INGUESS. Referring to the directory listing after the run, the program FMT generated the files BATCH\_DOC.OUT and BATCH\_DOC.FOR088, CMS fetched the files FMT\_HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT and FMT\_HMW\_NP\_AM.RHOMIN, and FMT\_FMTC.COM recorded the screen output from FMT in the file BATCH\_DOC\_JAN08\_1519.LOG. A listing of the log file follows the directory listing.

```
s dir
Directory U1:[SCBABB.FMT.CMS_TESTFILES]
BATCH_DOC.IN;1      BATCH_DOC.INGUESS;1 FMT_FMTC.COM;1

Total of 3 files.
$ @fmt_fmtc
Enter chemdat file name to search on: fmt
Enter rhomin file name to search on: fmt
Enter input file name (without .extension): batch_doc
%CMS-I-LIBIS, library is WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]
%CMS-S-LIBSET, library set

Elements in CMS Library WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]

FMT_HMW35_951213.CHEMDAT *K+ INTERACTIONS TO NP(V) SOLUBILITY DB*
FMT_HMW_35.CHEMDAT *Initial load*
FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT *K+INTERACTIONS TO NP(V) SOLUBILITY W/O CMS HISTORY*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F-1.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F-10.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F-11.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F-12.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F-13.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F-14.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F-2.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F-3.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F-4.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F-5.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F-6.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F-7.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F-8.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F-9.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F1.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
FMT_HMW_35_951213_F10.CHEMDAT *CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT_HMW_35_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK.*
```

FMT\_HMW\_35\_951213\_F60.CHEMDAT "CO2 FUGACITY FILES CREATED FROM FMT\_HMW\_35\_951213.CHEMDAT MASTER FILE FROM CFNOVAK."  
FMT\_HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT "Initial load"  
FMT\_HMW\_NP\_AM\_F60.CHEMDAT "Initial load"  
Select CHEMDAT name from list above: FMT\_HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT  
Your CMS library list consists of:  
WPSNONPA\_CMSROOT:[FMT]

%CMS-S-FETCHED, generation 1 of element WPSNONPA\_CMSROOT:[FMT]FMT\_HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT fetched

Elements in CMS Library WPSNONPA\_CMSROOT:[FMT]

FMT\_HMW\_35.RHOMIN "Initial load"  
FMT\_HMW\_NP\_AM.RHOMIN "Initial load"  
Select RHOMIN name from list above: FMT\_HMW\_NP\_AM.RHOMIN  
Your CMS library list consists of:  
WPSNONPA\_CMSROOT:[FMT]

%CMS-S-FETCHED, generation 1 of element WPSNONPA\_CMSROOT:[FMT]FMT\_HMW\_NP\_AM.RHOMIN fetched

image name: "FMT\_FMT2P0"  
image file identification: "PROD PA96"  
image file build identification: ""  
link date/time: 21-DEC-1995 11:36:28.86  
linker identification: "A11-14"

Entering Subroutine READDAT  
reading chemical species data from CHEMDAT file  
DG\_BYPASS flag set to NDG\_BYPASS  
[.FD.TITRATE]BATCH\_DOC.in; to illustrate/document "BATCH" runs FMT V2.0  
DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);  
95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)

Accuracy of reactions is 1.0000E-06  
Minimum elemental abundance is 1.0000E-18  
Number of Aqueous Species is 50

ACTIVITY COEF. FLAG PITZACT  
using PITZER ACTIVITY COEFFICIENT model  
Charge Balance replaces element Oxygen

Exiting Subroutine READDAT  
Char Flags: FLOW/BATCH/TITRATE BATCH UNUSED  
this is a BATCH problem

Echo of Mole Specifications: nMOLES nEXACT  
ECHO PRINT OF ELEMENT ABUNDANCES IN ONEFLSH  
110.222364000000 Hydrogen  
55.16548210000000 Oxygen  
0.2000000000000000 Sodium  
1.0000000000000000E-002 Potassium  
1.0000000000000000E-003 Magnesium  
1.0000000000000000E-004 Calcium  
0.1100000000000000 Chlorine  
1.0000000000000000E-003 Sulfur  
1.0000000000000000E-004 Carbon  
0.0000000000000000E+000 PosIon  
0.0000000000000000E+000 NegIon  
0.0000000000000000E+000 Air  
1.0000000000000000E-007 Boron  
0.0000000000000000E+000 Bromine  
0.0000000000000000E+000 TracerEl  
0.0000000000000000E+000 Th(IV)  
0.0000000000000000E+000 Am(III)  
0.0000000000000000E+000 U(VI)  
0.0000000000000000E+000 Np(V)  
0.0000000000000000E+000 ClO4-(EL)  
0.0000000000000000E+000 Phosphorus  
0.0000000000000000E+000 Electron  
4.906053920000000E-017 Charge  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles NaBO2.NaCl.2H2O\_\_\_Teepleite\_(20\_C); del&switch  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles NaB5O8.5H2O\_\_\_Sodium\_Pentaborate; del&switch  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only; del&switch  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only; del&switch  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles K2B4O7.4H2O\_\_\_K-Tetraborate\_(30\_C); del&reopt  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles B4O5(OH)4= B4O5(OH)4=; del&reopt  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles K8H6(SO4)7\_\_\_Misenite; del&reopt  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles K8H4(CO3)6.3H2O\_\_\_K-Sequicarbonate; del&switch  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles B3O3(OH)4- B3O3(OH)4-; del&switch  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles Ca4Cl2(OH)6.13H2O\_\_\_CaOxychloride'A; del&switch

\*\*\*\*\*SOLUBILITY PRODUCT VIOLATION\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\* Mg(OH)2\_\_\_Brucite \*\* 1.00E+01 \*\*

\*\*\*\*\*SOLUBILITY PRODUCT VIOLATION\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\* Mg2Cl(OH)3.4H2O\_\_\_MgOxychloride \*\* 6.69E+00 \*\*

2 Solubility Product Violations  
Adding solid Mg(OH)2\_\_\_Brucite  
pH = -log[m(H+)] = 12.7140  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 12.8532  
Total Diagonal Inversions 85

Total Stoichiometric Reoptimizations 10  
SINGLE BATCH EQUILIBRATION COMPLETED  
\$ dir

Directory U1:(SCBABB.FMT.CMS\_TESTFILES)

BATCH\_DOC.FOR088;1 BATCH\_DOC.IN;1 BATCH\_DOC.INGUESS;1 BATCH\_DOC.OUT;1  
BATCH\_DOC\_JAN08\_1519.LOG;1 FMT\_FMTC.COM;1 FMT\_HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT;1  
FMT\_HMW\_NP\_AM.RHOMIN;1

Total of 8 files.  
\$ type batch\_doc\_jan08\_1519.log

image name: "FMT\_FMT2P0"  
image file identification: "PROD PA96"  
image file build identification: ""  
link date/time: 21-DEC-1995 11:36:28.86  
linker identification: "All-14"

Entering Subroutine READDAT  
reading chemical species data from CHEMDAT file  
DG\_BYPASS flag set to nDG\_BYPASS  
[.FD.TITRATE]BATCH\_DOC.in; to illustrate/document "BATCH" runs FMT V2.0  
DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);  
95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RFFF94)

Accuracy of reactions is 1.0000E-06  
Minimum elemental abundance is 1.0000E-18  
Number of Aqueous Species is 50

ACTIVITY COEF. FLAG PITZACT  
using PITZER ACTIVITY COEFFICIENT model  
Charge Balance replaces element Oxygen

Exiting Subroutine READDAT  
Char Flags: FLOW/BATCH/TITRATE BATCH UNUSED  
this is a BATCH problem

Echo of Mole Specifications: nMOLES nEXACT  
ECHO PRINT OF ELEMENT ABUNDANCES IN ONEFLSH  
110.222364000000 Hydrogen  
55.1654821000000 Oxygen  
0.200000000000000 Sodium  
1.000000000000000E-002 Potassium  
1.000000000000000E-003 Magnesium  
1.000000000000000E-004 Calcium  
0.110000000000000 Chlorine  
1.000000000000000E-003 Sulfur  
1.000000000000000E-004 Carbon  
0.000000000000000E+000 PosIon  
0.000000000000000E+000 NegIon  
0.000000000000000E+000 Air  
1.000000000000000E-007 Boron  
0.000000000000000E+000 Bromine  
0.000000000000000E+000 TracerEl  
0.000000000000000E+000 Th(IV)  
0.000000000000000E+000 Am(III)  
0.000000000000000E+000 U(VI)  
0.000000000000000E+000 Np(V)  
0.000000000000000E+000 ClO4-(EL)  
0.000000000000000E+000 Phosphorus  
0.000000000000000E+000 Electron  
4.906053920000000E-017 Charge  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles NaBO2.NaCl.2H2O\_\_\_Teepleite\_(20\_C); del&switch  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles NaBSO8.5H2O\_\_\_Sodium\_Pentaborate; del&switch  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only; del&switch  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only; del&switch  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles K2B4O7.4H2O\_\_\_K-Tetraborate\_(30\_C); del&reopt  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles B4O5(OH)4= B4O5(OH)4; del&reopt  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles K8H6(SO4)7\_\_\_Misenite; del&reopt  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles K8H4(CO3)6.3H2O\_\_\_K-Sequicarbonate; del&switch  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles B3O3(OH)4- B3O3(OH)4-; del&switch  
.LT. (MINABU\*1.d-6) moles Ca4Cl2(OH)6.13H2O\_\_\_CaOxychloride A; del&switch

\*\*\*\*\*SOLUBILITY PRODUCT VIOLATION\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\* Mg(OH)2\_\_\_\_\_Brucite \*\* 1.00E+01 \*\*

\*\*\*\*\*SOLUBILITY PRODUCT VIOLATION\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\* Mg2Cl(OH)3.4H2O\_\_\_\_\_MgOxychloride \*\* 6.69E+00 \*\*

2 Solubility Product Violations  
Adding solid Mg(OH)2\_\_\_\_\_Brucite  
pH = -log[m(H+)] = 12.7140  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 12.8532  
Total Diagonal Inversions 85  
Total Stoichiometric Reoptimizations 10  
SINGLE BATCH EQUILIBRATION COMPLETED

### Example #2 - Running the titrate problem NP\_NACL\_BM

For a titrate problem such as NP\_NACL\_BM, the input files are NP\_NACL\_BM.IN and NP\_NACL\_BM.INGUESS. FMT generates NP\_NACL\_BM.OUT, NP\_NACL\_BM.TITRATE, and NP\_NACL\_BM.MOLES.

```
$ dir
Directory U1:{SCBABB.FMT.CMS_TESTFILES}
FMT_FMTC.COM;1      FMT_HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT;1      FMT_HMW_NP_AM.RHOMIN;1
NP_NACL_BM.IN;5     NP_NACL_BM.INGUESS;2

Total of 5 files.
$ @fmc_fmtc
Enter chemdat file name to search on: np
Enter rhomin file name to search on: np
Enter input file name (without .extension): np_nacl_bm
%CMS-I-LIBIS, library is WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]
%CMS-S-LIBSET, library set
-CMS-I-SUPERSEDE, library list superseded

Elements in CMS Library WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]
FMT_HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT "Initial load"
FMT_HMW_NP_AM_F60.CHEMDAT "Initial load"
Select CHEMDAT name from list above: FMT_HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT
Your CMS library list consists of:
  WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]

%CMS-S-FETCHED, generation 1 of element WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]FMT_HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT fetched

Elements in CMS Library WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]
FMT_HMW_NP_AM.RHOMIN "Initial load"
Select RHOMIN name from list above: FMT_HMW_NP_AM.RHOMIN
Your CMS library list consists of:
  WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]

%CMS-S-FETCHED, generation 1 of element WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]FMT_HMW_NP_AM.RHOMIN fetched

      image name: "FMT_FMT2P0"
      image file identification: "PROD PA96"
      image file build identification: ""
      link date/time: 21-DEC-1995 11:36:28.86
      linker identification: "All-14"

Entering Subroutine READDAT
reading chemical species data from CHEMDAT file
DG_BYPASS flag set to NDG_BYPASS
Benchmark TITRATE Problem; Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl          FMT V2.0
DATABASE:  HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
95.01.31   Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRP90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)

Accuracy of reactions is          1.0000E-06
Minimum elemental abundance is    1.0000E-18
Number of Aqueous Species is      50

ACTIVITY COEF. FLAG PITZACT
using PITZER ACTIVITY COEFFICIENT model
Charge Balance replaces element Oxygen

Exiting Subroutine READDAT
Char Flags: FLOW/BATCH/TITRATE TITRATE   EXPLICIT
this is a TITRATION problem

Character Flags: J.C. nMOLES      nEXACT
Character Flags: I.C. nMOLES      nEXACT
TEMP is an unused local variable  180000.100000000

TITRATION option requires delta(x)=0.01 meters
  Defining delta(x) as such

DIFFUS Parameter UNUSED= nDIFFUS
CONVEC Parameter UNUSED= CONVEC
SSDIFF Parameter UNUSED= nSSDIFF
RESTART Parameter Value Read = nRESTART
UNUSED Parameters nPUSHFULL nMULTINJ
UNUSED parameter FRAC FLO

TITRATION Problem:
  -) Assigning all delta(y) to 0.1 m
  -) Setting # of nodes in Y-direction to 3
  -) Setting NONREACTIVE Porosity to 0.0

Char Flags UNUSED UNUSED RHSFDIF    LHSFDIF
Char Flags UNUSED UNUSED nMOLES      nEXACT
```



TEMP is an unused local variable 9.999999999999999E-021  
Character Flags: VPOROS FRFLASH VPOROS FRFLASH

Specifying VARIABLE POROSITY for TITRATION Problem

Character Flags: VAR\_AQ\_RHO VAR\_AQ\_RHO FRFLASH

Aqueous Density is a Function of Composition

Char Flag is UNUSED: NO X DIFF rNO X DIFF  
Char Flag is UNUSED: UNIFORM UNIFORM 0

MINERAL DENSITIES, KG/M^3, IN FILE "RHOMIN"

pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 11.6199  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 11.7497  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 5.9141  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 5.3205  
TITRATION Character Flags  
cdum1= TITRATE cdum2= ASREAD  
reading titrant volumes from input file  
First Volume Added = 0.10 mL  
Final Volume Added = 10.00 mL

pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 5.9141  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 5.3205  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 6.2386  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 5.6451  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 6.5870  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 5.9936  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 6.8286  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 6.2353  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 7.2930  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 6.6996  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 8.5359  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 7.9427  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 8.9250  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 8.3317  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 9.1587  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 8.5655  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 9.3098  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 8.7166  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 9.4653  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 8.8722  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 9.8154  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 9.2225  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 10.0620  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 9.4695  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 10.4406  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 9.8493  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 10.8825  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 10.2955  
pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 11.2341  
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 10.6594

End of AutoTitration Problem  
s dir

Directory U1: {SCBABB.FMT.CMS\_TESTFILES}

FMT\_FMTC.COM;1 FMT\_HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT;1  
NP\_NACL\_BM.IN;5 NP\_NACL\_BM.INGUESS;2  
NP\_NACL\_BM.OUT;1 NP\_NACL\_BM.TITRATE;1

FMT\_HMW\_NP\_AM.RHOMIN;1  
NP\_NACL\_BM.MOLES;1  
NP\_NACL\_BM\_JAN08\_1523.LOG;1

Total of 9 files.

### 6.3.2 Macintosh Environment

The user double clicks with a mouse or track ball on the Macintosh executable icon for FMT, named PMacFmt. A screen titled "Output from PMacFmt" displays the file prompts and writes each file name on the screen after the user selects or names a file. The user makes a selection through a window display by navigating the folders or directory tree and double clicking on a file name.

The user can set a folder or directory before selecting or naming any file. The order of prompts in a batch problem directs the user to:

1. Select CHEMDAT File
2. Select RHOMIN File\*
3. Select INPUT File
4. Select INGUESS File
5. Enter OUTPUT File Name
6. Enter FOR088 File Name

A titrate problem directs the user to:

1. Select CHEMDAT File
2. Select RHOMIN File
3. Select INPUT File
4. Select INGUESS File
5. Enter OUTPUT File Name
6. Enter TITRATE File Name
7. Enter MOLES File Name

### 6.3.3 Organization of Files

A suggested method for organizing folders or directories while running FMT on the DEC Alpha, Macintosh, or PC platforms is shown in Figures 3 and 4. Using this approach, the user groups

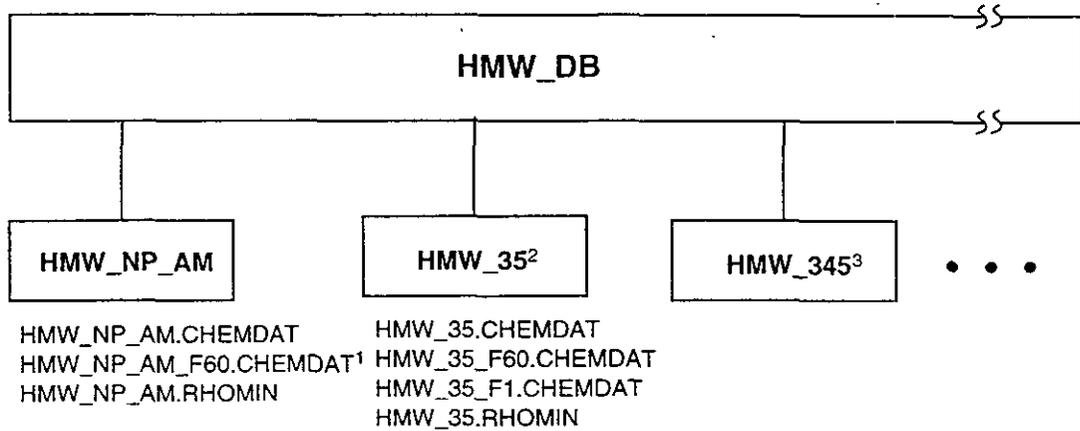
- all data base files (CHEMDAT and RHOMIN) in one folder. Beneath a major folder labeled "HMW\_DB," Figure 3 shows two subfolders, labeled "HMW\_NP\_AM" and "HMW\_35," which each contain unique CHEMDAT and RHOMIN data base files.
- the IN and INGUESS files in another folder. Beneath a major folder labeled "Test Cases," Figure 4 shows two problem-labeled folders, "BATCH\_DOC" and "NP\_NACL\_BM," which each contain separate sets of input files. The "BATCH\_DOC" input files are located under each version number folder.



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\* Although the RHOMIN file is not used for batch calculations, the user must still provide a file name for it when operating in a Macintosh environment.

- the output files in either the same problem-labeled folder or another folder (beneath the problem-labeled folder) labeled with version numbers "V1," "V2," and so on. Both options are shown in Figure 4.



Notes

- Same as *HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT*, except a declaration of CO<sub>2</sub> "solid" fugacity = 60.0 atm was added.
- Contains updates on thermodynamic parameter values and complexation data for Np(V) and Np(V); F1 and F60 designate modifications to CHEMDAT file to reflect CO<sub>2</sub> "solid" fugacity at 1 and 60 atm.
- Folder for future CHEMDAT data bases for Actinides in III, IV, V oxidation states.

Figure 3. Suggested data base organization.

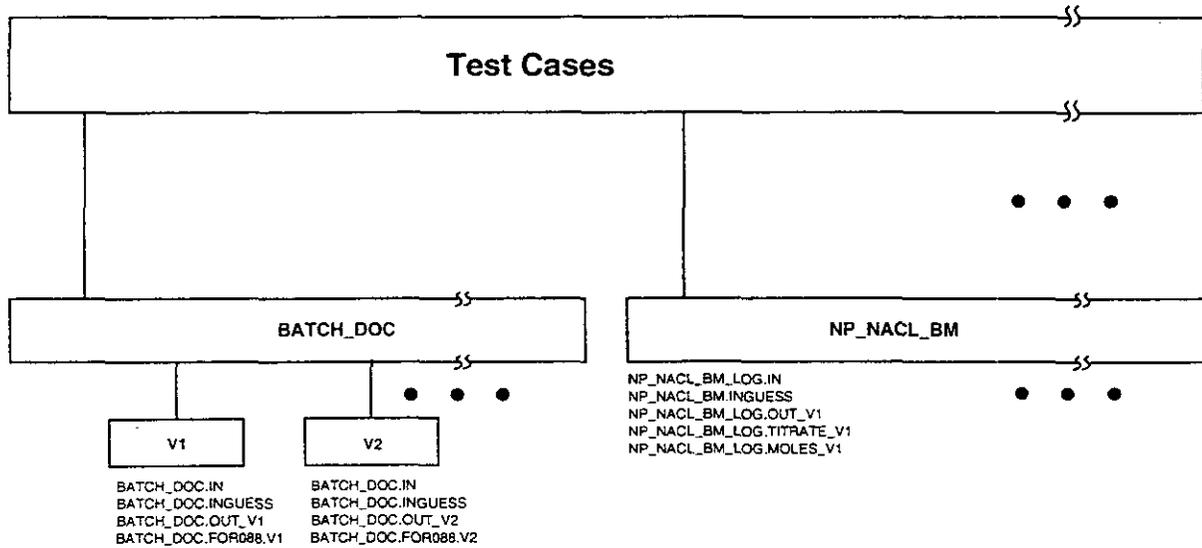


Figure 4. Suggested input/output file organization.

## 6.4 Setting up and Running a Batch (Flash) Problem

The input files for batch problems are INPUT, INGUESS, and CHEMDAT. The user supplies the INPUT and INGUESS files. CHEMDAT is provided as a standard data base file.

In batch problems, FMT generates two output files: OUTPUT and FOR088.

### 6.4.1 Screen Display Descriptions

The lines displayed on the screen during the execution of batch problems are frequently repeated in the OUTPUT file, including the CHEMDAT portion of that file. Any error messages will be displayed on the screen and printed in the OUTPUT file. The user can refer to Section 8.0 for explanations of errors and other messages; the OUTPUT file is documented in Section 9.1.

Table 1 explains the lines displayed to the user's screen during FMT execution. The "Line" column refers to the line numbers listed in a display of the screen during execution of a sample problem called "BATCH\_DOC." If applicable, the "Variable Name" column shows FMT program variables.

Table 1. Batch Problem Screen Display Description (See Appendix A for sample listing.)

Line	Variable Name	Description
1	CHEMDAT_NAME	A partial string of a CHEMDAT filename to search on.
2	RHOMIN_NAME	A partial string of a RHOMIN filename to search on.
3	FILE_NAME	The full file name without the ".xxx" extension.
4-6		notation; setting pointers to FMT CMS library
8-11		list of CHEMDAT files with their comments in FMT CMS library that correspond to search string in line 1
12	CHEMDAT_NAME	user double clicks or cuts and pastes with a mouse or types in appropriate CHEMDAT filename
13-16		notation indicating that the CHEMDAT filename in line 12 has been copied to the user's current directory
18-20		list of RHOMIN files with their comments in FMT CMS library that correspond to search string in line 2
21	RHOMIN_NAME	user double clicks or cuts and pastes with a mouse or types in appropriate RHOMIN filename



22-25		notation indicating that the RHOMIN filename in line 21 has been copied to the user's current directory
27-31		linker and identity information on the FMT2P0 executable in CMS
33		notation; FMT will begin reading problem description from INPUT file (BATCH_DOC.IN, Appendix E) and chemical data from CHEMDAT file (HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT, Appendix I)
34		notation; FMT read 'CHEMFILE' from INPUT file (BATCH_DOC.IN, Appendix E)
35	DUMMY2	FMT read 'nDG_BYPASS' from CHEMDAT file (HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT, Appendix I)
36		notation; repeat of line 1 of INPUT file (BATCH_DOC.IN, Appendix E)
37-42	DBASE1, DBASE2, ACCURACY, MINABU,NAQ	repeat of lines 3-8 OUTPUT file for CHEMDAT (Appendix J)
44-45	DUMMY2	FMT read 'PITZACT' from CHEMDAT file (HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT, Appendix I) and notation (repeat of line 1273 from OUTPUT file for CHEMDAT [Appendix J])
46	ELNAMES (RPLWCHG)	repeat of line 1274 from OUTPUT file for CHEMDAT (Appendix J)
48		notation; FMT finished reading CHEMDAT file (HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT, Appendix I)
49	CDUM1,CDUM2	character strings read from INPUT file (BATCH_DOC.IN, Appendix E) to set batch mode
50		notation that FMT has a BATCH problem
51	DUMMY, DUMMY1	character strings read from INPUT file (BATCH_DOC.IN, Appendix E) to <i>not</i> read species amounts from INGUESS
52-76		notation; listing of elemental abundances
	ABUND(i), ELNAMES(i)	$i^{\text{th}}$ mole amount from INPUT file (BATCH_DOC.IN, Appendix E) and $i^{\text{th}}$ element name from CHEMDAT file (HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT, Appendix I)
77-86	NAMES(i)	species deleted from equilibrium algorithm because their total number of moles NMOLES(i) became negligible ( $< \text{MINABU} \times 1 \times 10^{-6}$ )

88-95		repeat of lines 17-24 in OUTPUT file for Batch (BATCH_DOC.OUT, Appendix M)
96-97		repeat of lines 163-164 in OUTPUT file for Batch (BATCH_DOC.OUT, Appendix M)
98-99		repeat of lines 180-181 in OUTPUT file for Batch (BATCH_DOC.OUT, Appendix M)
100		notation; normal exit from batch mode

#### 6.4.2 Using FOR088 File as INGUESS File

The secondary output file FOR088 is produced from batch problems. Using the FOR088 as an INGUESS file provides the user with an easy way to adjust the solution composition.

Suppose the user ran a batch problem and generated the output files OUTPUT and FOR088. The FOR088 file contains the number of moles of each species calculated from the equilibrium run. The user could rename the FOR088 file to INGUESS, change the flags to 'MOLES' 'EXACT' in INPUT, and recalculate the equilibrium solution using the species concentrations (total mole amounts) read from the renamed INGUESS file. In this scenario, the calculated results would be the same.

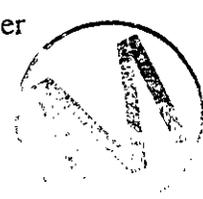
If a user wanted to use the calculated concentrations from BATCH\_DOC as a starting point but, for example, wanted the solution to be less basic, one could take the new INGUESS file, and increase the moles of one or several acids (or whatever else one desired to change) and run the problem again. Because the total mole amounts would be calculated from the INGUESS file, this would change the equilibrium system.

The process of running FMT, renaming the FOR088 file as the INGUESS file, modifying the INGUESS file, and rerunning FMT, can be used to fine tune the composition to whatever the user desires.

#### 6.5 Setting up and Running a Titrate Problem

In addition to running in batch mode, FMT can calculate equilibrium concentrations resulting from titrating one solution with another solution or solution containing minerals ("a slurry"). For titrate problems, the user defines two solution compositions, the solution to titrate with, called the titrant or the "buret" solution, and the solution to be titrated, or the "Erlenmeyer" solution. The user must also specify the volumes of buret solution to add to the Erlenmeyer solution, and the number of additions.

Titration can be conceptualized as a series of  $N_s$  beakers each containing 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution. A volume of titrant solution in milliliters  $\Delta V_i$ ,  $i=1, \dots, N_s$ , is added to each beaker. The first volume addition is always zero, that is,  $\Delta V_1=0$ . At each titration step the specified volume is



added to each of the  $N_s$  beakers containing 1 liter of Erlenmeyer solution, and each beaker is reequilibrated. This volume addition assumes that the density of the titrant is 1000 grams per liter.

### 6.5.1 Using Volume Options (LOG10, LINEAR, and ASREAD)

FMT provides the user three different methods for specifying the titrant volume. Table 2 shows each option, a description of each option, and the mathematical method used to calculate the volumes to be titrated with each of the  $N_s$  Erlenmeyer solutions.

Table 2. Titrate Options

Option	Description	Method
LINEAR	add the same constant titrant volume for each iteration increment	$\Delta V_i = DV(2) \times (i-1)$ , $i=2, \dots, N_s$ , where $DV(2)$ is read from the INPUT file
LOG10	add titrant volumes that increase exponentially from the user specified minimum to maximum volumes	$\Delta V_i = DV(2) \times e^{(i-2)R}$ , $i=2, \dots, N_s$ , with $R = \frac{\ln(DV(N_s)) - \ln(DV(2))}{N_s - 2}$ , where $DV(2)$ and $DV(N_s)$ are read from the INPUT file
ASREAD	add user specified titrant volumes	$\Delta V_i = DV(i)$ , $i=2, \dots, N_s$ , where $DV(i)$ values are read from the INPUT file

A problem called "Np\_NaCl\_BM" is used to illustrate the input and output files as an example problem. All three methods are demonstrated below using the same buret and Erlenmeyer solution compositions and same number of beakers,  $N_s = 15$ . For the example Np\_NaCl\_BM problem the initial volumes are

$DV(1) = 0.0$  mL for all three options

$DV(2) = 0.1$  mL for all three options.

The incremental volume is

$\Delta V_i = 0.1 \times (i-1)$  mL for 'LINEAR'

$\Delta V_i = 0.1 \times e^{(i-2)R}$  with  $R = (\ln(10.0) - \ln(0.1)) / 13.0$ ,

$i=2, \dots, 15$  for 'LOG10'



and user-specified increments for 'ASREAD'.

The final volume is

$DV(15) = 1.4 \text{ mL}$  for 'LINEAR' option

$DV(15) = 10.0 \text{ mL}$  for 'LOG10' and 'ASREAD' options.

Figure 5 illustrates the LINEAR option. In the example shown in the figure, 15 different solutions are considered. The first beaker is a 1-L Erlenmeyer solution with no titrant volume added, the second is a 1-L Erlenmeyer solution with 0.1 mL of titrant added, the third is a 1-L Erlenmeyer solution with 0.2 mL of titrant added, and so on up to the last beaker, a 1-L Erlenmeyer solution with 1.4 mL of titrant added.

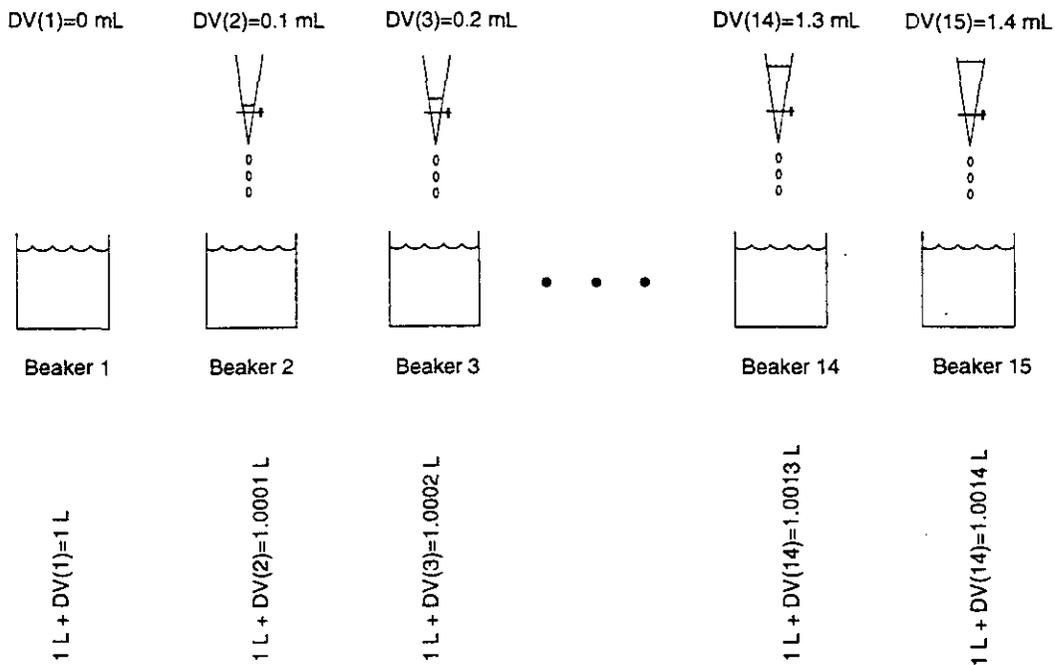


Figure 5. Titration problem using LINEAR option.



The user can use the above options in the following order:

1. use the LOG10 option to rapidly find the full extent of pH response possible
2. use the LINEAR option to locate regions of slow and rapid pH changes
3. use the ASREAD option to show the minimum number of points of pH changes

All options use NSPACE, the number of Erlenmeyer solutions. The LINEAR option requires an initial volume DV(2). The LOG10 option requires initial and last volumes DV(2) and DVMAX. The ASREAD option requires DV(i) amounts defined by the user

where  $i=2, \dots, \text{NSPACE}$ .

The flag for titrating (or "injecting") solids 'INJSOLIDS' is turned on so that FMT will add both the aqueous phase and solid phase portions of the titrant solution as a slurry mixture.

### 6.5.2 Screen Display Descriptions

Table 3 explains the lines displayed to the user's screen while executing FMT for the titrate problem. The "Line" column refers to the lines listed in screen displays of the Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG, Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN, and Np\_NaCl\_BM, the LOG10, LINEAR, and ASREAD runs of the titrate problem, which are described in detail later in this manual. "Variable Name" column shows FMT's program variables.

Table 3. Titrate Problem Screen Display Description (See Appendices B, C, and D for sample screen displays of Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG, Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN, and Np\_NaCl\_BM, respectively.)

Line	Variable Name	Description
1-48		repeat of variable names and descriptions in Table 1 for Batch
49	CDUM1,CDUM2	character strings read from INPUT (Np_NaCl_BM_LOG.IN [Appendix F], Np_NaCl_BM_LIN.IN [Appendix G], or Np_NaCl_BM.IN [Appendix H]) to set titrate mode
50		notation that FMT has a TITRATION problem
52	CDUM1,CDUM2	character strings read from INPUT (Appendices F, G, or H) to <i>not</i> read species amounts from INGUESS for the injected or buret solution
53	CDUM1,CDUM2	character strings read from INPUT (Appendices F, G, or H) to <i>not</i> read species amounts from INGUESS for the initial or Erlenmeyer solution
54		unused number read from INPUT (Appendices F, G, or H) line 56
56-57		notation; repeated in OUTPUT file for CHEMDAT (Appendix J)
59-64		unused character strings read from INPUT (Appendices F, G, or H) lines 57-61,65
66-69		repeat of lines 17-20 in OUTPUT file for Titrate (Np_NaCl_BM_LOG.OUT [Appendix N], Np_NaCl_BM_LIN.OUT [Appendix O], or Np_NaCl_BM.OUT [Appendix P])

71-72		unused character strings read from INPUT (Appendices F, G, or H) line 68-69
74-75		unused variables read from INPUT (Appendices F, G, or H) line 94-95
77		notation; repeat of line 18 in OUTPUT file for Titrant (Appendices N, O, or P)
79		unused variables read from INPUT (Appendices F, G, or H) lines 95-96
81		notation; repeat of line 24 in OUTPUT file for Titrant (Appendices N, O, or P)
83-84		unused character string read from INPUT (Appendices F, G, or H) line 97-98
86		notation; repeat of line 27 in OUTPUT file for Titrant (Appendices N, O, or P)
88-89		pmH (negative base 10 logarithm of hydrogen ion molality) and pH (negative base 10 logarithm of hydrogen ion activity) of the titrant solution
90-91		pmH and pH of the Erlenmeyer solution
93	CDUM1,CDUM2	character strings read from INPUT (Appendices F, G, or H) to set titrant method
94-95	DV(2), DV(NSPACE)	initial titrant volume as read from INPUT (Appendices F, G, or H) and final titrant volume; for example, 0.1 mL and 1.4 mL in Figure 5
97-126		pmH and pH of resulting solutions following titrant additions DV(i), i=1, . . . , N <sub>S</sub> to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution, with no additions to the first beaker; see Figure 5.
127		notation; normal exit from titrant mode

### 6.5.3 Titrant Sample Problem: Solubility Calculation

**\*\*\*NOTE\*\*\***

**The user should be familiar with the input and output files for the 'ASREAD' titration calculation (see Section 6.5.1) before reading this section.**

The following example  $\text{Np(V)/CO}_3/\text{NaCl}$  problem illustrates a typical way in which FMT is used. This calculation is designed to show how the solubility of  $\text{NaNpO}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{s})$  varies as a function of  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$  concentration in 5.61 molal NaCl media. This is the simulation used to generate Figure 7 of Novak and Roberts (1995). Because it is not possible to vary the carbonate concentration while keeping the concentrations of both  $\text{Na}^+$  and  $\text{Cl}^-$  constant, the simulation was designed to keep the  $\text{Na}^+$  concentration constant.



Referring to Appendix P, the listing for Np\_NaCl\_BM.OUT (an output file for the titrate calculation using the 'ASREAD' option), the flash calculation output for the titrant shows 5.61 molal sodium on Lines 58 and 102, approximately 2 molal  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$  on Line 103, with 1.61 molal  $\text{Cl}^-$  (Lines 62 and 104) to create a charge-neutral solution. The titrant was designed to have a very high carbonate concentration. The solution could not have been made much more concentrated in carbonate because it is nearly saturated with respect to  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{s})$  as indicated by the Saturation Index of  $-0.251$  listed in the Descriptor column on Line 114. The flash calculation output for the Erlenmeyer solution shows 5.61 molal sodium and 5.61 molal chloride (Lines 198 and 197), in equilibrium with a large excess of  $\text{NaNpO}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{s})$  at a relatively high pmH of 5.91 on Line 222. This solution was designed to have a very low carbonate concentration,  $3.09 \times 10^{-8}$  molal (Line 204). A large excess of  $\text{NaNpO}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{s})$  was specified because we are investigating the solubility behavior of this solid as conditions vary, and the large excess allows the amount of solid to change with changing aqueous conditions while keeping the solid phase present.

Examining the TITRATE file, Appendix T, the listing for Np\_NaCl\_BM.TITRATE on Lines 26-41, shows that the  $\text{Na}^+$  concentration remains constant at 5.61 molal, while the  $\text{Cl}^-$  concentration changes slightly from 5.61 to 5.51 molal. More importantly, the  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$  concentration varies widely, from  $3.09 \times 10^{-8}$  to  $4.84 \times 10^{-2}$  molal (Lines 43-58), as was intended. The  $\text{NaNpO}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{s})$  concentrations confirm that this solid is present across this aqueous composition range (Lines 79-94), and all other solid phases are absent. The concentrations of the Np(V) species  $\text{NpO}_2^+$ ,  $\text{NpO}_2\text{OH}(\text{aq})$ ,  $\text{NpO}_2(\text{OH})_2^-$ ,  $\text{NpO}_2\text{CO}_3^-$ ,  $\text{NpO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_2^{3-}$ , and  $\text{NpO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3^{5-}$ , given in Lines 62-77 are the desired information from this simulation; these are plotted in Figure 6, along with the total Np(V) in solution (the sum of the individual species concentrations) and experimental measurements of this system from Neck et al. (1994).

The data from Neck et al. (1994) plotted in Figure 6 are:

$\text{mCO}_3^{2-}$	$\text{mNp(V) total}$	$\text{mCO}_3^{2-}$	$\text{mNp(V) total}$
9.49E-4	5.13E-6	3.61E-3	1.07E-5
3.61E-4	4.17E-6	6.27E-3	2.24E-5
7.20E-5	4.47E-6	1.50E-2	8.51E-5
9.93E-6	1.15E-5	1.98E-2	1.38E-4
2.38E-6	3.39E-5	2.74E-2	2.57E-4
1.25E-6	6.17E-5	1.09E-3	4.47E-6
3.78E-7	2.04E-4	3.29E-4	3.55E-6
1.73E-7	4.37E-4	2.50E-4	3.63E-6
1.57E-7	4.90E-4	2.28E-5	6.46E-6
9.06E-6	1.29E-5	6.27E-7	1.41E-4
2.74E-5	6.17E-6	5.72E-8	1.10E-3
1.19E-3	4.90E-6		

Figure 6 is comparable to Figure 7 from Novak and Roberts (1995), the main difference being the axis ranges. This figure shows that the hydrolysis species  $\text{NpO}_2\text{OH}(\text{aq})$  and  $\text{NpO}_2(\text{OH})_2^-$  are unimportant under these conditions, with concentrations always at least three orders of magnitude smaller than the total Np(V). This example shows the comparison between model calculations and experimental data, and also shows that the values calculated with FMT Version 1.0, used in

Novak and Roberts (1995), agree with values calculated with FMT Version 2.0, used in this user's guide. The symbols in the calculated curves serve both to identify the individual curves and show the positions of the flash calculations used to define the curves. If desired, one could trace these calculated species concentrations to values in Appendix T.

Figure 6 also shows how the 'ASREAD' option for titration problems lets the user specify exactly where values for the independent variable, in this case  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$  concentration, will be. The modeling points were spaced relatively far apart in regions with linear behavior and closer together in regions of curvature.

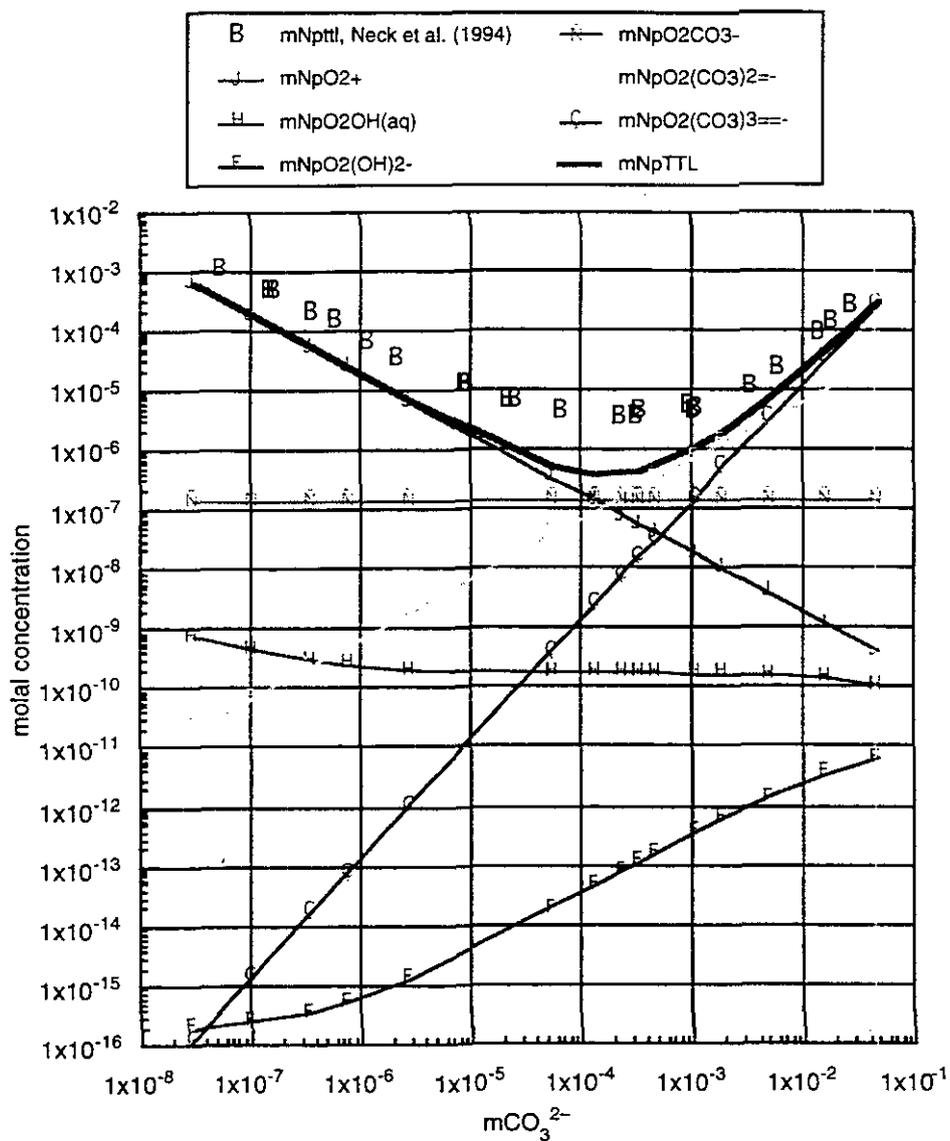


Figure 6. Calculated Total Np(V) and Np(V) Concentrations as a function of  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$  concentration in 5.61 molal (5M) NaCl, and comparison with experimental measurements from Neck et al. (1994).

## 7.0 DESCRIPTION OF INPUT FILES

Of the four input files for FMT (see Figures 1 and 2), the user provides two files (INPUT and INGUESS) The other two files (CHEMDAT and RHOMIN) are the input data base files and are supplied by the code authors. INPUT and INGUESS can be edited by the user using a convenient text editor.

The input data files are read using standard FORTRAN free-field format read conventions. All character data must be enclosed in single quotes. Data are separated by either a space or a comma. Blank lines may be inserted anywhere in the input files to improve readability.

Comments are interspersed throughout the input files. These are not read by FMT and they are placed at the end of a line. They are used to:

- identify the element or species on a line, or
- document the reference source of data on a line.

FMT uses character strings to set options or flags in the INPUT and CHEMDAT files. The following options are considered:

- "on" when the character string equals a specific set of upper case letters, such as 'MOLES' or 'BATCH', or
- "off" when the character string equals any other set of letters.

The code developer of FMT chose to indicate turning "off" options by placing a lower case "n" before the specific string that turns an option "on," e.g., 'nMOLES' or 'nBATCH'. This offers the advantage of keeping the meaningful value of the flag close at hand for easy interpretation of the individual flags.

Batch problems require the input files INPUT, INGUESS, and CHEMDAT to run, and an additional file RHOMIN is required for titrate problems. A description of all four input files, for both Batch and Titrate calculations, follows.

### 7.1 INPUT

#### 7.1.1 Batch Problem

The batch INPUT (.IN) file is used to specify the molar abundances of the elements for the batch problem. The bulk of the lines in this file (Figure 7) specifies element abundances. The flags on Line 6 indicate if the INGUESS file should be read for species abundances. A line-by-line description of this file is provided below in Table 4, and a sample listing of BATCH\_DOC.IN is provided in Appendix E.



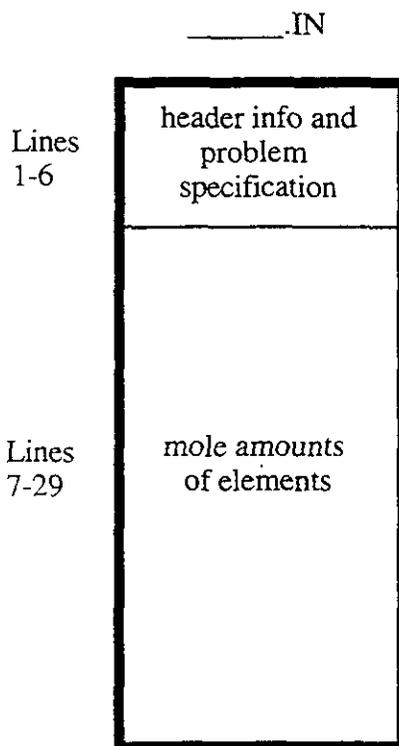


Figure 7. Batch INPUT file.

Table 4 lists the INPUT file parameters for a batch problem. The "LINE" column refers to the line numbers listed in the BATCH\_DOC.IN file. The "Variable Name" column corresponds to the FMT program variables. "Permissible Value" column is the only set of values permitted for use with this program. Any other values have unknown consequences.

Table 4. INPUT File Parameters for Batch (See Appendix E for sample listing.)

Line	Variable Name	Permissible Value	Description
1	TITLE78	any character string (maximum 78 characters)	character string that identifies or describes the user's problem
2	DUMMY	'CHEMFILE'	character string used as a flag for reading the CHEMDAT file (Appendix I)
4	CDUM1, CDUM2	'BATCH' 'UNUSED'	the first string indicates this is a batch problem with the second string's value being irrelevant

6	DUMMY, DUMMY1	'MOLES' 'EXACT'  or  'nMOLES' 'nEXACT'	2 character strings used as flags for calculating the equilibrium state using either:  species abundances read from INGUESS from which FMT calculates element abundances  element abundances from INPUT (does not read INGUESS)
7-29	ABUND (i)	nonnegative real number	mole amount of $i^{\text{th}}$ element in the order listed in CHEMDAT (Appendix I, lines 8-10), one elemental amount per line

As shown in BATCH\_DOC.IN file on lines 7-29, each amount is followed by an element or a psuedo element name. The names are not read by FMT and are included for human readability only.

### 7.1.2 Titrate Problem

The titrate INPUT (.IN) file, a required input file for running a titrate calculation (Section 6.1), is used to specify the molar abundances of the elements for both the buret and Erlenmeyer solutions, along with the number of titrant volumes ("burets") that are to be added for the titrate problem. (See Section 6.5 for explanation of titration problem.) The bulk of the lines in this file (Figure 8) specifies the molar abundances of the elements in the buret and Erlenmeyer ("beaker") solutions. Line 6 or Line 31 allows the user to set flags that force a read of the INGUESS file for species abundances. Line 100 in the file allows the user to specify that the titration method — adding equal volumes of the titrant successively (LINEAR), adding titrant volumes that increase exponentially (LOG10), or adding user-specified titrant volumes (ASREAD). A line-by-line description of this file is provided in Table 5, and sample listings are provided in Appendix F (LOG10 method), Appendix G (LINEAR method), and Appendix H (ASREAD).



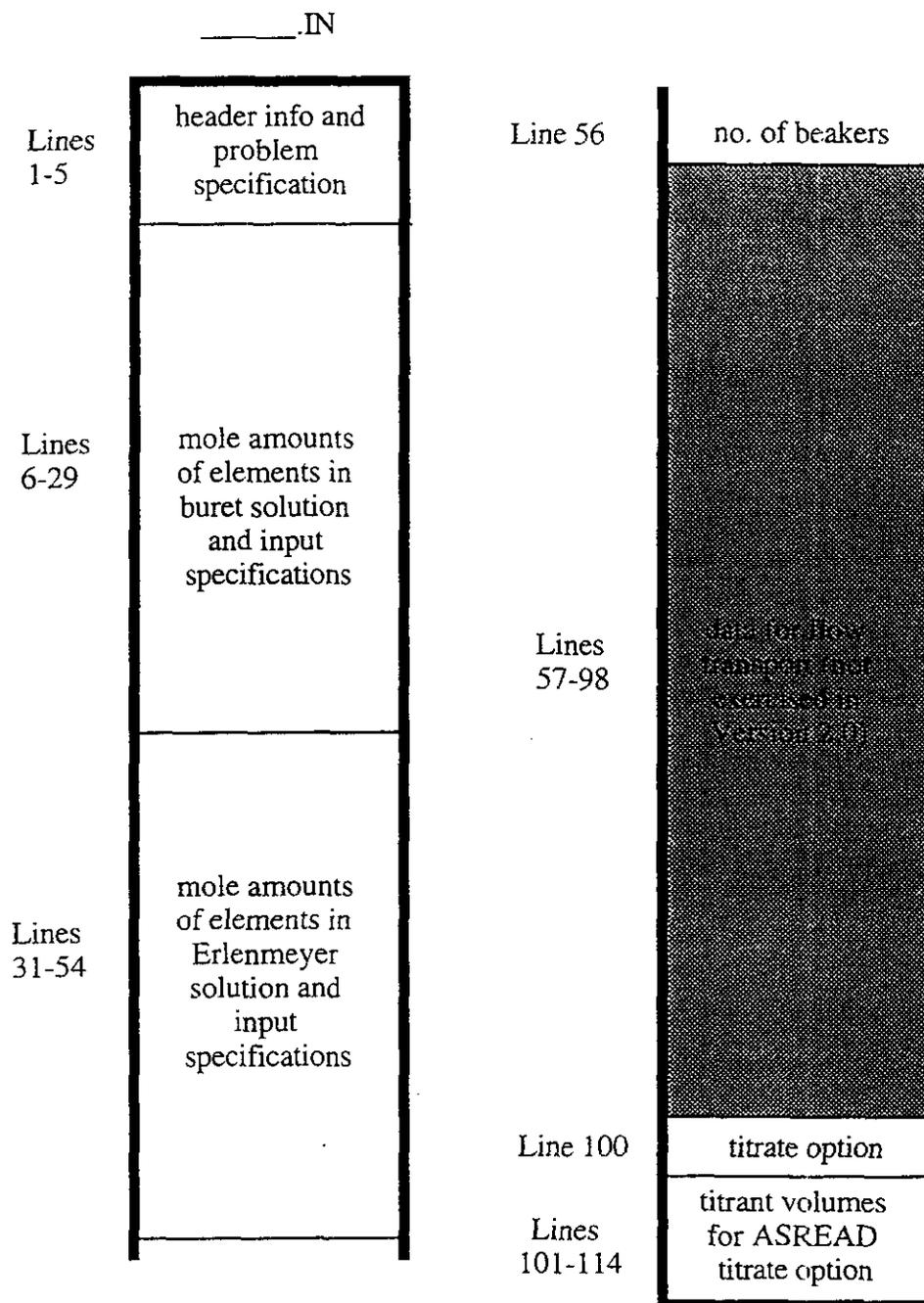


Figure 8. Titrate INPUT file.



The INPUT file parameters for a titrate problem are shown in Table 5. The "LINE" column in Table 5 refers to the lines listed in the Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.IN, Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.IN, and Np\_NaCl\_BM.IN files.

Table 5. INPUT File Parameters for Titrate (See Appendices F, G, and H for sample listings of Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.IN, Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.IN, and Np\_NaCl\_BM.IN, respectively.)

Line	Variable Names	Permissible Values	Description
1	TITLE78	any character string (maximum 78 characters)	character string that identifies or describes the user's problem
2	DUMMY	'CHEMFILE'	character string used as a flag for reading the CHEMDAT file (Appendix I)
4	CDUM1,CDUM2	'TITRATE' 'EXPLICIT'	the first and second strings are required to indicate that this is a titrate problem
6	CDUM1,CDUM2	'MOLES' 'EXACT'  or  'nMOLES' 'nEXACT'	2 character strings used as flags for the titrant or buret solution for calculating the equilibrium state using either:  species abundances read from INGUESS from which FMT calculates element abundances  element abundances from INPUT (does not read INGUESS)
7-29	ELTOTAL (i,1)	nonnegative real number*	mole amount of i <sup>th</sup> element in buret solution, one elemental amount per line
31	CDUM1,CDUM2	'MOLES' 'EXACT'  or  'nMOLES' 'nEXACT'	2 character strings used as flags for the solution to be titrated or Erlenmeyer solution for calculating the equilibrium state using either:  species abundances read from INGUESS from which FMT calculates element abundances  element abundances from INPUT (does not read INGUESS)

\* The value on line 29, though negative, is essentially zero since it is so small (order of magnitude: 10<sup>-15</sup>)

32-54	ELTOTAL (i,2)	nonnegative real number **	mole amount of $i^{\text{th}}$ element in Erlenmeyer solution, one elemental amount per line
56	NSPACE, TEMP,TEMP, TEMP, CDUM1	2 < integer number < 66 2.25d3 0.0025d0 1.800001d5 'nDXVARIABLE'	the first number in this line specifies the total number of beakers, $N_S$ . Recall that the first beaker gets zero addition of titrant solution, so $N_S-1$ volumes are added. The three remaining numbers and character string should be specified as indicated, but these values are not used for titration problems.
57-98		exactly as specified in the INPUT (.IN) file	none of these values are used for titrate problems, but must be included
100			The following five values on this line set one of the titrate options:
	CDUM1	'TITRATE'	'TITRATE' must always read 'TITRATE'
	CDUM2		Specifies the method of adding volume amounts to each beaker:
		'LINEAR' or	add equal sequential volumes
		'LOG10' or	add exponentially increasing volumes
		'ASREAD'	read volume amounts from the INPUT file
	DV(2)		initial volume, in mL, to add to the second beaker, valid for LINEAR or LOG10 options.  A value must exist but not used for ASREAD option.
DVMAX		volume added to the last beaker, valid only for LOG10 option.  A value must exist but not used for ASREAD or LINEAR options.	



\*\* The value on line 54, though negative, is essentially zero since it is so small (order of magnitude:  $10^{-15}$ )

	CDUM3	'nINJSOLIDS' or 'INJSOLIDS'	By default, FMT will add only the aqueous phase part of the titrant to the Erlenmeyer solution. However, if the user wishes to add both the aqueous phase and solid phase portions of the titrant solution, which can be conceptualized as a slurry, this option for titrating (or "injecting") solids is turned on with the flag 'INJSOLIDS'
101-114	DV(i)	nonnegative real number	read titrant volumes, in mL, to be added for each of the $N_S-1$ additions where $N_S$ value is set on line 56. For the ASREAD option; see Appendix H for illustration. For the LINEAR and LOG10 options, the INPUT file is not read after line 100.

In the input files referenced in the above table, lines 6-29 state the composition of the titrant or buret solution. Lines 31-54 define the composition of the titrated or Erlenmeyer solution. Line 56 states the number of beakers,  $N_S$ , for titration. Lines 57 through 98 are read but not used.

The INPUT file structure accommodates the three titration methods:

- Line 100 in the file Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.IN demonstrates using the 'LOG10' option with the initial and final volumes. FMT disregards any lines following line 100.
- Line 100 in the file Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.IN sets the 'LINEAR' option and the initial volume, and FMT disregards the final volume number. FMT stops reading the file and disregards any further lines.
- Line 100 in the file Np\_NaCl\_BM.IN sets the 'ASREAD' option, and FMT disregards the initial and final volume numbers. In lines 100-114 of the Np\_NaCl\_BM.IN file, FMT reads the 14 user-specified volumes for the 'ASREAD' option.

## 7.2 INGUESS

The INGUESS file is an input file for both the batch and titrate options that allows the user to specify the species abundances, from which FMT calculates the element abundances. The user must set the appropriate flags 'MOLES' and 'EXACT' in the INPUT file (Section 7.1). (If the INGUESS file is not used, the element abundances provided in the INPUT file are used.)

### 7.2.1 Batch Problem

The user can rename the FOR088 output file from a batch calculation and modify the species amounts as desired to build a solution composition for the INGUESS file (see Section 6.4.2). A line-by-line description of the INGUESS file, whose structure is identical to that of the FOR088 file (Appendix Q), is provided below in Table 6.

Table 6. INGUESS File Parameters for Batch Problem

Line	Variable Name	Permissible Value	Description
1-115	NMOLES (i)	nonnegative real number	mole amount of $i^{\text{th}}$ species in the order listed in CHEMDAT (Appendix I, lines 14-140), one species amount per line

On each line of an INGUESS (or FOR088) file, the total moles is followed by a species name and molality value. The order of the species listed follows that of the CHEMDAT file (Appendix I, Lines 14-140). HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT file has 115 species. FMT does not read the names or molality values from an INGUESS file, which were derived from a renamed FOR088 file.

### 7.2.2 Titrate Problem

When running a titrate problem, a user could direct FMT to compute the total element abundances for either the buret or Erlenmeyer solution by setting one set of species abundances in the INGUESS file and 'MOLES' 'EXACT' in either line 6 or 31 in the INPUT file as listed in Table 5. 'MOLES' and 'EXACT' set on line 6 would use INGUESS for buret solution; 'MOLES' and 'EXACT' set on line 31 would use INGUESS for the Erlenmeyer solution.

Table 7. INGUESS File Parameters for Titrate Problem

Line	Variable Name	Permissible Value	Description
1-115	NMOLES (i)	nonnegative real number	mole amount of $i^{\text{th}}$ species listed in CHEMDAT (Appendix I, lines 14-140), one species amount per line, for buret or Erlenmeyer solution

### 7.3 Standard CHEMDAT Input File

FMT is capable of evaluating the HMW model as defined in the CHEMDAT file, which contains the thermodynamic parameters necessary to model the chemical behavior of actinide elements in brines. HMW stands for Harvie-Møller-Weare/Felmy-Weare (Harvie et al., 1984; Felmy and Weare, 1986); it represents a thermodynamic model for evaporite systems using the Pitzer activity coefficient formalism (Section 4.2).

The term HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT as used throughout this document refers to version 95.01.31 of the file (a copy and output list of which are provided in Appendices I and J, respectively) where:

- HMW stands for Harvie-Møller-Weare/Felmy-Weare



- NP stands for neptunium(V)
- AM stands for americium(III).

The elemental list in the CHEMDAT file contains the physical elements as found on the periodic table and "psuedo elements" as required for solving chemical equilibrium problems. The psuedo elements in the HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT file are PosIon, NegIon, Air, Boron, Bromine, TracerEl, ClO4-(EL), Electron and Charge. These psuedo elements are treated exactly like the physical elements in the mathematical sense, regardless of their identity. See Section 4.5.

The CHEMDAT file illustrated throughout this document is HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT, version date 95.01.31.

**\*\*\*NOTE\*\*\***

**HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT is not necessarily the CHEMDAT file that will be used to support the WIPP 1996 PA calculations. Additional species and elements will be added to the HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT that will be used to support the 1996 WIPP PA calculations.**

This data base contains the thermodynamic parameters necessary to model the chemical behavior of Np(V) and Am(III) in brines. Note that the extension of the Pitzer model to higher electrolyte types than in Harvie et al. (1984) and Felmy and Weare (1986) is necessary for Am(III); this is discussed in Pitzer and Silvester (1978).

**\*\*\*WARNING\*\*\***

**The user should not and is not expected to change the CHEMDAT file. To do so invalidates the QA performed on this data base.**

### 7.3.1 CHEMDAT Data Flow

Both the FMT subroutines READDAT and RDPITZR read from the CHEMDAT file. Parameters read from CHEMDAT are echoed or printed to the OUTPUT file. Some parameters are also displayed on the user's screen.

The FMT control flow is illustrated with a Nassi-Schneiderman (N-S) chart (Figure 9). This shows the data flow of the CHEMDAT file in the READDAT subroutine. FMT program variables, TTLELEM and TTLSPEC in the diagram are the total number of elements and the total number of species respectively.



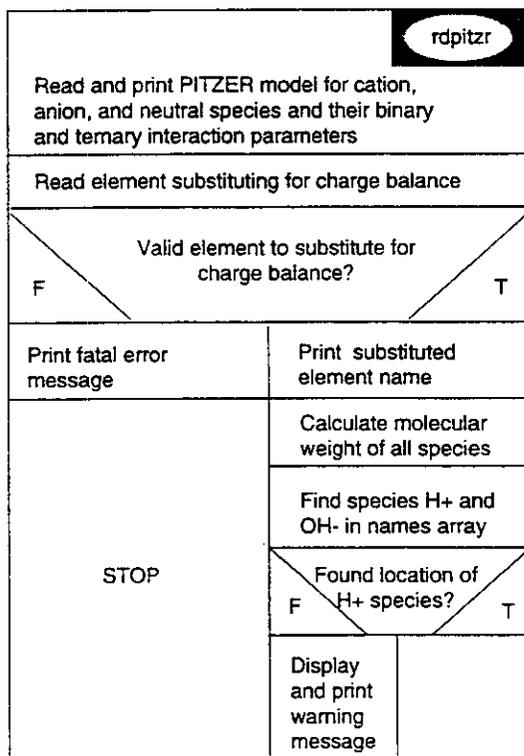
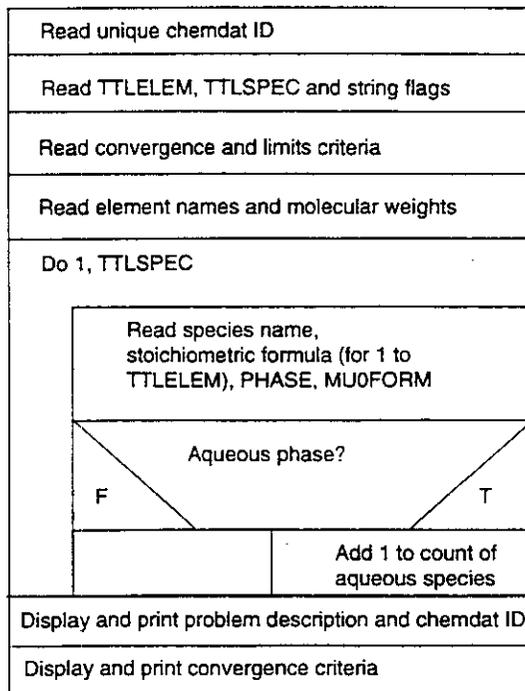


Figure 9. Nassi-Schneiderman (N-S) chart showing FMT control flow.

### 7.3.2 CHEMDAT Data Sources

The temperature range of the thermodynamic data is specified at 25 ° C with a few species at 20°C and 30°C.

The data for HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT can be grouped into three types: parameters for the brine (evaporite) electrolytes, parameters for Np(V) interactions with evaporite electrolytes, and parameters for Am(III) interactions with evaporite electrolytes. There is some overlap among these groups, but this categorization scheme will be used.

#### 7.3.2.1 Brine Model

Parameters for brine electrolytes come primarily from Harvie et al. (1984) and Felmy and Weare (1986), called Harvie-Møller-Weare/Felmy-Weare, or HMW/FW or simply HMW for short. Harvie et al. (1984) presents a model for the Na-K-Mg-Ca-H-Cl-SO<sub>4</sub>-OH-HCO<sub>3</sub>-CO<sub>3</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O system, and Felmy and Weare (1986) extends this model to include boron species. Also included in this category are data from Pitzer (1991) for ion interactions with perchlorate, ClO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup>. Perchlorate data are included in HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT not because perchlorate is important for the WIPP, but because much actinide chemistry was measured in the presence of perchlorate, and therefore parameters are needed to interpret these data. Parameters from Harvie et al. (1984) and Felmy and Weare (1986) were taken directly with no modification, and are not reproduced here. Parameters from Pitzer (1991) were scaled as necessary from the forms in which they were reported to the forms needed for use by FMT. These parameters are documented in Table 8.

#### 7.3.2.2 Np(V) Model

Parameters for Np(V) interactions in NaCl, NaClO<sub>4</sub>, and Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> media are taken from Novak and Roberts (1995). This model for Np(V) chemistry in brines is limited to predominantly NaCl, NaClO<sub>4</sub>, or Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> media, and has not been shown to apply to other media. However, it can provide a first estimate of the solubility behavior of neptunium(V) in predominantly sodium chloride groundwaters containing carbonate, such as brines from the Castile and Rustler Formations in the vicinity of the WIPP Site. Parameters for Np(V) were taken directly from Novak and Roberts (1995) with no modification, as given in Tables 9 and 10. Since the publication of Novak and Roberts (1995), several alternative sets of parameters for Np(V) in concentrated electrolytes have been released in draft form. These will be included in future releases of the CHEMDAT data base for the purpose of WIPP PA calculations.

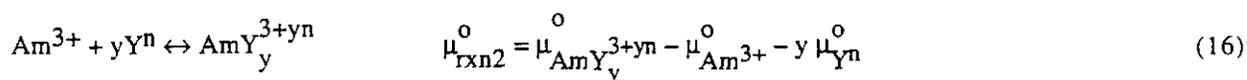
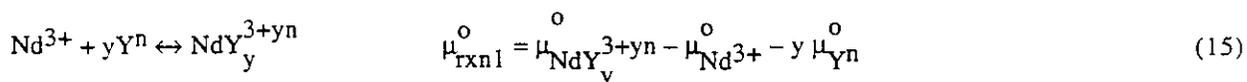
#### 7.3.2.3 Am(III) Model

Parameters for Am(III) interactions with chloride, sulfate, phosphate, and carbonate anions, including interactions with several groundwater cations, are taken from Felmy et al. (1990), Felmy et al. (1989), Rai et al. (1992a, 1992b, 1994), and Rao et al. (1994). Although these parameters were developed for Am(III), Pu(III), or Nd(III), we have used the oxidation state analogy for f-elements (Novak and Dhooge, 1995) to apply these parameters to Am(III) as shown here. Although we call it the Am(III) model, this model should apply equally well to Pu(III) and Nd(III).



Felmy et al. (1990) provide the values of standard chemical potential for the americium species shown in Table 11, and the ion interaction parameters shown in Table 12. These parameters were developed from relatively dilute, i.e., less than 0.1 molal, solutions, so they do not necessarily apply to more concentrated solutions, as this discussion of Rao et al. (1994) below shows.

Rai et al. (1992b) use Nd(III) and Am(III) data from Felmy et al. (1990) and Rai et al. (1983) to develop the Nd(III) standard chemical potentials shown in Table 13. These values were converted to standard chemical potentials for the analogous Am(III) species for use within HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT as follows. One can write a general chemical reaction  $\text{Nd}^{3+}$  with a ligand  $\text{Y}^n$ , where n can be positive or negative, and the analogous reaction for  $\text{Am}^{3+}$ :



Because we are assuming identical chemical behavior for Am(III) and Nd(III), we must have  $\mu_{\text{rxn1}}^{\circ} = \mu_{\text{rxn2}}^{\circ}$ . Therefore, the standard chemical potential for the complex americium species is given by

$$\mu_{\text{AmY}_y^{3+yn}}^{\circ} = \mu_{\text{NdY}_y^{3+yn}}^{\circ} + \left[ \mu_{\text{Am}^{3+}}^{\circ} - \mu_{\text{Nd}^{3+}}^{\circ} \right] \quad (17)$$

Analogous expressions hold for Pu(III). The dimensionless standard chemical potentials for the second and third americium hydrolysis species, calculated using the above equation, are given in Table 13.

Felmy et al. (1989) gives ion interaction parameters between Pu(III) and  $\text{Cl}^-$ , as well as the standard chemical potential for  $\text{Pu}(\text{OH})_3(\text{s})$ . The ion interaction parameters are given in Table 14; these are assumed to apply equally well to Am(III) by analogy. The standard chemical potential for  $\text{Pu}(\text{OH})_3(\text{s})$  is converted to that for  $\text{Am}(\text{OH})_3(\text{s})$  in Table 15.

Rao et al. (1994) parameterized ion interactions for Nd(III) in concentrated  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  and  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  media, extending the work for Felmy et al. (1990) to the large carbonate concentrations that could occur in WIPP under disposal scenarios with large  $\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$  pressures. They identified an additional Nd(III) solid phase that forms under concentrated conditions, and had to modify one of the ion interaction parameters determined in Felmy et al. (1990). The parameters from Rao et al. (1994), converted to apply to Am(III) species, are given in Tables 16 and 17.

Interactions for Nd(III) or Am(III) with phosphate species are discussed in Rai et al. (1992a, 1992b) and Rai et al. (1994). These papers present the standard chemical potentials for  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^-$ ,  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$ , and  $\text{PO}_4^{3-}$ , as shown in Table 18. The reported standard chemical potentials for

$\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$  and  $\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^-$ , taken from Pitzer and Silvester (1976) as the original source, are the same. However, there are slight differences in the standard chemical potentials given for  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$ , and  $\text{PO}_4^{3-}$ , even though these are all reported as having been taken from Wagman et al. (1982). The differences in these reported values are slight and will have no significant impact on calculations using these numbers. We have gone back to the original Wagman et al. (1982) reference to arrive at the selected values indicated in Table 18. Ion interaction parameters for phosphoric acid, taken from Pitzer and Silvester (1976), are given in Table 19.

The standard chemical potentials for three different Am(III)-phosphate or analogous Nd(III)-phosphate phases are reported in Rai et al. (1992a, 1992b) and Rai et al. (1994). These values, along with conversion from Nd(III) to Am(III) where necessary, are given in Table 20. The difference among the calculated values for the standard chemical potentials for the americium phosphate solid phase is less than 0.9 units; all values are effectively the same. However, because the value from Rai et al. (1992a) was determined for Am directly, not for Nd, this value was selected for use in HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT.

Table 21 contains the ion interaction parameters developed for Nd(III) or Am(III) in Rai et al. (1994). The publication of Novak et al. (1995) provides a comprehensive description of the sources for and the rationale for selection of the Am(III) thermodynamic parameters that will be incorporated into future versions of the CHEMDAT file.

Table 8. Ion interaction parameters from Pitzer (1991), converted to values needed for FMT.

1-1 electrolytes	$\beta(0)$	$\beta(1)$	$C^\phi$
$\text{Na}^+-\text{ClO}_4^-$	0.0554	0.2755	-0.00118
$\text{Na}^+-\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^-$	-0.0533	0.0396	0.00795
$\text{K}^+-\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^-$	-0.0678	-0.1042	0
$\text{H}^+-\text{ClO}_4^-$	0.1747	0.2931	0.00819



2-1 electrolytes	$\frac{4}{3} \beta(0)$	$\frac{4}{3} \beta(1)$	$\frac{25/2}{3} C\phi$	$\beta(0)$	$\beta(1)$	$C\phi$
Na <sup>+</sup> -HPO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	-0.0777	1.954	0.0554	-0.0583	1.466	0.0294
K <sup>+</sup> -HPO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	0.0330	1.699	0.0309	0.0248	1.274	0.0164
Ca <sup>2+</sup> -ClO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup>	0.6015	2.342	-0.00943	0.4511	1.756	-0.00500
Mg <sup>2+</sup> -ClO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup>	0.6615	2.678	0.01806	0.4961	2.008	0.009578
UO <sub>2</sub> <sup>2+</sup> -Cl <sup>-</sup>	0.5698	2.192	-0.06951	0.4274	1.644	-0.03686
UO <sub>2</sub> <sup>2+</sup> -ClO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup>	0.8151	2.859	0.04089	0.6113	2.144	0.02168

3-1 electrolytes	$\frac{3}{2} \beta(0)$	$\frac{3}{2} \beta(1)$	$\frac{33/2}{2} C\phi$	$\beta(0)$	$\beta(1)$	$C\phi$
Na <sup>+</sup> -PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	0.2672	5.777	-0.1339	0.1781	3.851	-0.05154
K <sup>+</sup> -PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	0.5594	5.958	-0.2255	0.3729	3.972	-0.08680

2-2 electrolytes	$\beta(0)$	$\beta(1)$	$C\phi$
UO <sub>2</sub> <sup>2+</sup> -SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	0.322	1.827	-0.0176



Table 9. Standard chemical potentials for neptunyl(V) species, from Novak and Roberts (1995).

Species	$\mu_f^0/RT$	Species	$\mu_f^0/RT$
$NpO_2^+$	-369.127	$NaNpO_2CO_3(s)$	-713.707
$NpO_2OH(am)$	-452.642	$NpO_2CO_3^-$	-594.492
$NpO_2OH(aged)$	-454.010	$NpO_2(CO_3)_2^{3-}$	-808.403
$NpO_2OH(aq)$	-438.518	$NpO_2(CO_3)_3^{5-}$	-1019.918
$NpO_2(OH)_2^-$	-505.829		

Table 10. Ion interaction parameters for neptunyl(V) species, from Novak and Roberts (1995).

$\beta_{NpO_2^+-ClO_4^-}^{(0)}$	0.312	$\beta_{Na^+-NpO_2CO_3^-}^{(0)}$	0.161	$\beta_{NpO_2(CO_3)_3^{5-}}^{(0),Na^+-}$	1.97
$\beta_{NpO_2^+-Cl^-}^{(0)}$	0.169	$\beta_{NpO_2(CO_3)_2^{3-}}^{(0),Na^+-}$	0.407	$\beta_{NpO_2(CO_3)_3^{5-}}^{(1),Na^+-}$	16

Table 11. Dimensionless standard chemical potentials for Am(III) species from Felmy et al. (1990)

Species	$\mu_1^0 / RT$
$Am^{3+}$	-241.694
$AmCO_3^+$	-472.06
$Am(CO_3)_2^-$	-695.88
$Am(CO_3)_3^{3-}$	-915.46
$AmOHCO_3(c)$	-569.98



Table 12. Specific ion interaction parameters for Am(III) species from Felmy et al. (1990).

	$\beta(0)$	$\beta(1)$	$\beta(2)$	$C\Phi$
$\text{Na}^+ - \text{ClO}_4^-$	0.80	5.35	0	-0.0048
$\text{Na}^+ - \text{Am}(\text{CO}_3)_3^{3-}$	0.24*	8.1	0	0

\* this value is modified in Table 17

Table 13. Dimensionless standard chemical potentials for Nd(III) species from Rai et al. (1992b), with calculated values for analogous Am(III) species.

Nd Species	$\mu_1^0 / RT$	Am Species	$\mu_1^0 / RT$
$\text{Nd}^{3+}$	-270.926	$\text{Am}^{3+}$	-241.694
$\text{Nd}(\text{OH})_2^+$	-422.879	$\text{Am}(\text{OH})_2^+$	-393.647*
$\text{Nd}(\text{OH})_3^0$	-492.182	$\text{Am}(\text{OH})_3^0$	-462.950*
$\text{Nd}(\text{OH})_3(\text{gl})$	-527.259	$\text{Am}(\text{OH})_3(\text{gl})$	-498.027*

\*calculated by equation 17

Table 14. Specific ion interaction parameters for Am(III) species from Felmy et al. (1989), and, by analogy, for Am(III).

	$\beta(0)$	$\beta(1)$	$\beta(2)$	$C\Phi$
$\text{Pu}^{4+} - \text{Cl}^-$	0.6117	5.403	0	-0.0284
$\text{Am}^{4+} - \text{Cl}^-$	0.6117	5.403	0	-0.0284



Table 15. Dimensionless standard chemical potentials for Pu(III) species from Felmy et al. (1989), with calculated values for analogous Am(III) species.

Pu Species	$\mu_i^0 / RT$	Am Species	$\mu_i^0 / RT$
Pu <sup>3+</sup>	-233.4	Am <sup>3+</sup>	-241.694
Pu(OH) <sub>3</sub> (s)	-484.0	Am(OH) <sub>3</sub> (s)	-492.294*

\*calculated by equation 17

Table 16. Dimensionless standard chemical potentials for Nd(III) species from Rao et al. (1994), with calculated values for analogous Am(III) species.

Nd Species	$\mu_i^0 / RT$	Am Species	$\mu_i^0 / RT$
Nd <sup>3+</sup>	-270.926	Am <sup>3+</sup>	-241.694
NaNd(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> •6H <sub>2</sub> O(c)	-1425.726	NaAm(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> •6H <sub>2</sub> O(c)	-1396.494*

\*calculated by equation 17

Table 17. Specific ion interaction parameters for Nd(III) species from Rao et al. (1994), and, by analogy, for Am(III).

	$\beta(0)$	$\beta(1)$	$\beta(2)$	$C^\phi$
Na <sup>+</sup> - Nd(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	0	-8.37	0	0
Na <sup>+</sup> - Nd(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	-0.94*	8.1	0	0.418
Na <sup>+</sup> - Am(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	0	-8.37	0	0
Na <sup>+</sup> - Am(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	-0.94*	8.1	0	0.418

\*this value was changed from that given in Felmy et al. (1990)

Table 18. Standard chemical potentials for phosphate species, with selected values for HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT data base.

name	Rai et al. (1992a)	Rai et al. (1992b)	Rai et al. (1994)	selected value
H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> (aq)	-460.90	-460.90	-460.90	-460.90
H <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup>	-455.96	-455.960	-455.960	-455.960
HPO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	-439.404	-439.354	-439.354	-439.367
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	-410.98	-410.947	-410.947	-410.947

Table 19. Specific ion interaction parameters for H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>(aq) from Pitzer and Silvester (1976).

	$\lambda$
H <sup>+</sup> - H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> (aq)	0.290
K <sup>+</sup> - H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> (aq)	-0.070
HPO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> - H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> (aq)	-0.400



Table 20. Standard chemical potentials for Am(III)- or Nd(III)-phosphate solid phases.

Nd Solid Phase	$\mu_1^0 / RT$	Am Solid Phase	$\mu_1^0 / RT$
Nd <sup>3+</sup>	-270.926	Am <sup>3+</sup>	-241.694
		AmPO <sub>4</sub> •xH <sub>2</sub> O(am), Rai et al. (1992a)	-709.75
NdPO <sub>4</sub> (c), Rai et al. (1992b)	-738.166	AmPO <sub>4</sub> (c)	-708.934*
NdPO <sub>4</sub> (c), Rai et al. (1994)	-738.63	AmPO <sub>4</sub> (c)	-709.398*

\*calculated by equation 17

Table 21. Specific ion interaction parameters for Nd(III) species from Rai et al. (1994), and, by analogy, for Am(III).

	$\beta(0)$	$\beta(1)$	$\beta(2)$	$C\Phi$
$Nd^{3+} - SO_4^{2-}$	3.0398	0	-2500	0
$Nd^{3+} - H_2PO_4^-$	0	0	-92.9	0
$Am^{3+} - SO_4^{2-}$	3.0398	0	-2500	0
$Am^{3+} - H_2PO_4^-$	0	0	-92.9	0

### 7.3.3 Description of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT

The standard chemical potentials for most species are values obtained from a reference source, as explained in Section 7.3.2. At the end of a line shown in the listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT in Appendix I, the character strings FRSR89, FRF90, PS76, P91, RFF92, RFFR92, RFF94, RRRF94, NR94, HMW84, and FW86 indicate the source of the data. The key to citations is listed at the end of the file in Appendix I. These indicators are not read by FMT, but serve merely to help with human interpretation of the file.

Some of the standard chemical potentials for species, i.e., lines 39-49 and 70-72 in Appendix I, are described as "arbitrary." The Table 22 lists the value, the lines where instances occurred, and the definition of the value.

Table 22. Arbitrary values used for standard chemical potentials

Arbitrary Values	Example in Lines	Definition
-999.99	39, 40, 70, 72	physical species but represent the only occurrence for that element that have no chemical reactions in solution
0	45, 46, 49	nonphysical species that are included to facilitate the running of certain types of problems
500.	42, 43, 44, 47, 48	species included for adjusting the hydrogen ion concentration when setting up an input file and are designed to completely dissociate within an equilibrium problem

999.99	77	species that may be added in future, but which are not allowed to form in a solution (the character string DISABLED is appended to their name)
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The nonphysical species are included for convenience only. They facilitate, e.g., addition of HCl(aq) to adjust the pH, insuring complete dissociation. To make sure these species are never calculated as being present, they were arbitrarily assigned the large positive value 500 for dimensionless standard chemical potential.

In Table 23 the "Variable Name" column is for the FMT program variables. Input parameters that are described as unused are not supported in this version of FMT.

Table 23. CHEMDAT input parameters (Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT provided in Appendix I.)

Line	Variable Name	Description
1-2	DBASE1, DBASE2	unique identification of the data base
4	TITLEM, TTLSPEC, DUMMY, DUMMY2, DUMMY1, DUMMY3	number of elements (positive integer); number of species (positive integer); unused flag; unused flag; extra echo printing flag (if user specifies 'ECHO,' then extra information will be printed); unused flag;
5	MAXIT, ACCURCY, MINABU	maximum number of iterations for each equilibrium calculation (positive integer); convergence tolerance on equilibrium problem (positive, real); minimum element abundance, abundances below which elements are considered not to be there (positive, real)
6	DUMMY, TEMPERA, P(1), P(2)	character flag indicating the units for standard chemical potentials ('NONE' means dimensionless); temperature in degrees Kelvin (real, positive); unused pressure in atmospheres, unused pressure in atmospheres. Note: TEMPERA is always set to 298.15 by FMT.
8-10	ELNAMES(i)	name of i <sup>th</sup> element
11-12	MWELEM(i)	molecular weight of i <sup>th</sup> element



14-140	NAMES(j), FORMULA(i,j), PHASE(j), MU0FORM(j)	name of j <sup>th</sup> chemical species; stoichiometric number of each element in the species and charge of species (last number); phase of the species (1=aqueous, 2=solid, 3=gas, but gasses are unsupported); standard chemical potential of the species (in the units indicated by the flag in line 6). Entries in the formula vector usually are, but need not be, integers, and can be positive or negative. H <sub>2</sub> O must always be the first species declared. All aqueous species must be declared before any solid species is declared.
142	DUMMY2, ITEMP	character flag that, when set to 'DG_BYPASS' allows alternate values for the standard chemical potentials to be read from file "bypass" for the first ITEMP species.
143	DUMMY2	character flag that enables the use of the Pitzer activity coefficient model when equal to 'PITZACT'. Any other character string will disable the Pitzer activity coefficient model.
144	NCATION	number of cations for which Pitzer activity coefficient model is used (positive integer) See note below Line 855 for a discussion of the order of cations, anions, and neutral species.
145	NANION	number of anions for which Pitzer activity coefficient model is used (positive integer)
146	NNEUTRL	number of neutral species for which Pitzer activity coefficient model is used (positive integer)
148-419	SE(i,j,1)	array of single electrolyte parameters  The notation for charges on each cation-anion interaction is  1 when either cation or anion has a charge of 1  2 when both cation and anion have a charge of 2  3 for all other cases.
	SE(i,j,2)	$\beta^{(0)}$ parameter for each cation-anion interaction
	SE(i,j,3)	$\beta^{(1)}$ parameter for each cation-anion interaction
	SE(i,j,4)	$\beta^{(2)}$ parameter for each cation-anion interaction
	SE(i,j,5)	$C^\phi$ parameter, but this is later converted to $C_{MX}$ (see equation A.4b, Harvie et al. [1984] or equation 2b, Felmy and Weare [1986], which is reproduced in Section 4.3).

		Note on cation-anion interactions: the parameters for SE are read in order - the first cation for all anions, then the second cation for all anions, etc. The character strings at the end of the numbers indicate the cation-anion pair specified on each line, for ease of human interpretation only.
422-433	ME(i,j,1)	for $i > j$ , i and j are cation indices, cation-cation ternary interactions, $\theta_{ij}$
436-454	ME(i,j,1)	for $i < j$ , i and j are anion indices, anion-anion ternary interactions, $\theta_{ij}$
456-544	PSI(i,j,k)	for $i > j$ , i and j are cation indices, k is the anion index, cation-cation-anion ternary interactions, $\Psi_{ijk}$
546-753	PSI(i,j,k)	for $i < j$ , i and j are anion indices, k is the cation index, anion-anion-cation ternary interactions, $\Psi_{ijk}$
755-760	NEUCAT(i,j)	neutral-cation binary ion interaction parameters, i=neutral species index, j=cation index, $\lambda_{ij}$
762-767	NEUANI(i,j)	neutral-anion binary ion interaction parameters i=neutral species index, j=anion index, $\lambda_{ij}$
769-851	PTZTSI(i,j,k)	neutral-cation-anion ternary ion interaction parameters, i=neutral species index, j=cation index, k=anion index, $\zeta_{ijk}$
853	ELMAP(1,i)	maps the location in the species list to the order the Pitzer parameters were entered:  cation map
854	ELMAP(2,i)	anion map
855	ELMAP(3,i)	neutral species map



		<p>Note on species order: cationic, anionic, and neutral species are referenced by the order given in ELMAP(.). This is determined as follows: the cations are the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, twenty-second, etc., species entered in the species list, i.e., Na+, K+, Ca+, Mg+, MgOH+, H+, MgB(OH)<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>, etc. Similar patterns are used for anions and cations. This allows additional flexibility in reorganizing and rearranging the data input files without having to reenter all of the ion interaction parameters. Although the order is arbitrary, it is very important that a consistent order is maintained throughout the CHEMDAT file. Because all parameters are clearly labeled, the echo printing of the ion interaction parameters makes it easy to determine whether errors were made when changing the CHEMDAT file.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>***CAUTION***</b>  <b>THE USER SHOULD NOT ALTER THE CHEMDAT FILE.</b></p>
857	DUMMY, NEQACT	<p>character flag that, when equal to 'EQUALACT', indicates that NEQACT (positive integer) activity coefficients of "nonPitzer" species will be set equal to activity coefficients of Pitzer species. For example, one could run calculations using both 22Na and 23Na (which would have to be declared as separate elements in the element list), but instead of repeating all the 23Na parameters for 22Na, use the 'EQUALACT' flag. When DUMMY='EQUALACT' this line would be followed by NEQACT pairs of positive integers, one pair per line, corresponding to species position in the species list. The activity coefficient of the first species in the pair will be set equal to the activity coefficient of the second species of the pair.</p>
859	RPLWCHG	<p>positive integer indicating the element to RePLace With CHArGe. Used to implement the constraint of solution charge neutrality. The 2nd element corresponds to oxygen.</p>
860	DUMMY, NEHRXN	<p>character flag indicating whether redox reactions are specified (they are when the flag is 'REDOX'). When this flag is used, it will be followed by specifications of NEHRXN (positive integer) redox reactions. This feature is unsupported in FMT V2.0.</p>
861	DUMMY, NSBSTPM, NSBSTRX, DUMMY1	<p>flags and parameters for specifying ion exchange reactions. The value 'IONEX' means that ion exchange reactions are specified on NSBSTPM permanent substrates and NSBSTRX reactive (soluble) substrates. The value for DUMMY1 indicates what type of mass-action model to use for ion exchange calculations. This feature is unsupported in FMT V2.0.</p>

### 7.3.4 Description of OUTPUT File "BATCH.DOC" for HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT

The output file "BATCH\_DOC.OUT," provided in Appendix J, is used to illustrate the lines echoing the CHEMDAT file. Table 24 explains this file. The OUTPUT file for a titrate problem will have an extra 5 lines after line 1277. The additional lines are described on line 1277 of Table 24. Line 1280 for the batch problem would be line 1285 for a titrate problem.

Table 24. OUTPUT file description of CHEMDAT input parameters (See listing provided in Appendix J.)

Line	Variable Name	Description
1		notation; FMT sets temperature to 298.15 Kelvin
2	TITLE99	problem title specified on line 1 of INPUT file with 'FMT' and version number appended
3-4	DBASE1, DBASE2	unique identification specified on lines 1 and 2 of CHEMDAT file
6	ACCURCY	convergence tolerance for equilibrium calculations, specified on line 5 of CHEMDAT file
7	MINABU	minimum elemental abundances for equilibrium calculations, specified on line 5 of CHEMDAT file. If the total number of moles of an element falls below this value, the element is considered to be absent (see Novak, 1995a).
8	NAQ	number of aqueous species in CHEMDAT
11		notation; species listed in order for Pitzer parameters
13-18	NAMES (ELMAP(1,i))	ordered list of cation species
20-26	NAMES (ELMAP(2,i))	ordered list of anion species
29-32	NAMES (ELMAP(3,i))	ordered list of neutral species
34-296		table of cation-anion binary interactions and parameters
	NAMES (ELMAP(1,i))	"Cation" species column
	NAMES (ELMAP(2,j))	"Anion" species column

	SE(i,j,2)	"Beta(0)" column, $\beta^{(0)}$ parameter for $i^{\text{th}}$ cation, $j^{\text{th}}$ anion interaction
	SE(i,j,3)	"Beta(1)" column, $\beta^{(1)}$ parameter for $i^{\text{th}}$ cation, $j^{\text{th}}$ anion interaction
	SE(i,j,4)	"Beta(2)" column, $\beta^{(2)}$ parameter for $i^{\text{th}}$ cation, $j^{\text{th}}$ anion interaction
	SE(i,j,5)	"Cphi" column, $C^\phi$ parameter for $i^{\text{th}}$ cation, $j^{\text{th}}$ anion interaction
	ALPHACH (SE(i,j,1))	"Alpha-Values" column ( $\alpha_1, \alpha_2$ ) string that states electrical charges on the $i^{\text{th}}$ cation, $j^{\text{th}}$ anion interaction (see Table 23, lines 148-419)
298-338		table of cation-cation ternary interactions and parameters
	NAMES (ELMAP(1,j))	up to 10 columns of cation names on a line after leading cation
	NAMES (ELMAP(1,i))	name of leading $i^{\text{th}}$ cation in the order listed on lines 15-18
	ME(i,j,1)	cation-cation ternary interaction parameter, $\theta_{ij}$
341-416		table of anion-anion ternary interaction and parameters
	NAMES (ELMAP(2,j))	up to 10 columns of anion names on a line after leading anion
	NAMES (ELMAP(2,i))	name of leading $i^{\text{th}}$ anion on ordered list
	ME(i,j,1)	anion-anion ternary interaction parameters, $\theta_{ij}$
419-579		table of cation-cation-anion ternary interaction and parameters
	NAMES (ELMAP(2,k))	up to 10 columns of anion names on a line
	NAMES (ELMAP(1,i)), NAMES (ELMAP(1,j))	two cation names
	PSI(i,j,k)	cation-cation-anion ternary interaction parameter, $\psi_{ijk}$
581-965		table of anion-anion-cation ternary interaction and parameters

	NAMES (ELMAP(1,k))	up to 10 columns of cation names on a line
	NAMES (ELMAP(2,i)), NAMES (ELMAP(2,j))	two anion names
	PSI(j,i,k)	anion-anion-cation ternary interaction parameter, $\Psi_{ijk}$
967-982		table of neutral-cation binary interaction and parameters
	NAMES (ELMAP(3,i))	up to 10 columns of neutral species names on a line
	NAMES (ELMAP(1,j)), NEUCAT(i,j)	$j^{\text{th}}$ cation name and up to 10 binary interaction values. $\lambda_{ij}$
985-1007		table of neutral-anion binary interaction and parameters
	NAMES (ELMAP(3,i))	up to 10 columns of neutral species names on a line
	NAMES (ELMAP(2,j)), NEUANI(i,j)	$j^{\text{th}}$ anion name and up to 10 binary interaction values, $\lambda_{ij}$
1009-1272		table of neutral-cation-anion ternary interaction and parameters
	NAMES (ELMAP(3,i))	up to 10 neutral species names in columns on a line
	NAMES (ELMAP(1,j)), NAMES (ELMAP(2,k))	$j^{\text{th}}$ cation and $k^{\text{th}}$ anion names
	PTZTSI(i,j,k)	up to 10 ternary interaction values, $\zeta_{ijk}$
1273		notation that Pitzer activity coefficient model is used
1274	ELNAME (RPLWCHG)	states name of element replaced by charge balance (see Table 23, line 859)
1277		notation that the problem is BATCH (If this were a titration problem, notation would be that the problem is TITRATION.)

	CDUM1,CDUM2	5 extra lines for a TITRATION problem:  notation defining delta(x)  echoing character flags set by INPUT file in line 64  Note: Line count will be off by +5 for titrate problems
1280		notation that FMT uses dimensionless gas constant
1281	TKELVIN	temperature in degrees Kelvin, same as TEMPERA
1284	ALLSPEC, TTLELEM	number of species, number of elements
1286- 1309	ELNAMES(i), MWELEM(i)	name and molecular weight of i <sup>th</sup> element
1312- 1427		listing of each species' chemical properties
	i, NAMES(i)	number and name of i <sup>th</sup> chemical species
	PSNAME (PHASE(i))	string notation for the phase of the i <sup>th</sup> species
	MWSPEC(i)	molecular weight of i <sup>th</sup> species; computed as:  $\sum \text{FORMULA}(j,i) * \text{MWELEM}(j)$ , where FORMULA(j,i) is the stoichiometric number of j <sup>th</sup> element in the i <sup>th</sup> species, MWELEM(j) is the molecular weight of the j <sup>th</sup> element, index j runs through all elements, and index i runs through all species
	MU0FORM(i)	standard chemical potential of the i <sup>th</sup> species
1430- 1545		table showing relationship of species to elements
	i,NAMES(i)	number and name of i <sup>th</sup> chemical species
	FORMULA(j,i), j=1,ttlelem	stoichiometric number of each element in the i <sup>th</sup> species

## 7.4 Standard RHOMIN Input File

The input file RHOMIN, another data base, contains mineral densities. The RHOMIN file is required for titrate problems. It is not used for batch problems. RHOMIN contains the density of each of the solid species or minerals in the CHEMDAT file.

The RHOMIN input file, HMW\_NP\_AM.RHOMIN, contains mineral densities in units of kg/m<sup>3</sup> or equivalently in g/L,  $\rho_{\text{MINERALS}}$ , for all of the minerals contained in the CHEMDAT file. The numerical values for mineral densities were taken from Weast (1980) when available, otherwise the minerals were arbitrarily assigned a value of 2000 g/L. Mineral densities are not needed to calculate the chemical equilibrium problems that FMT 2.0 solves. However, they were needed for transport calculations that explicitly accounted for the volumes of solid phases and the changes in porosity caused by mineral dissolution and precipitation, a feature incorporated in earlier versions of FMT (Novak, 1994) that is no longer supported. The only place this information is used within FMT 2.0 is in calculating the volumes of the initial "Erlenmeyer" solution for titrate problems. Thus, the particulars of titrate problems may be different if mineral densities in RHOMIN are altered. The RHOMIN file is an atavism that will be removed from the next extensive update of FMT.

Changing the values in RHOMIN will change the aqueous volume to solid volume ratio, which will change the response of the Erlenmeyer solution to the titrant volume. The titration curve will not change, but the points used to plot the titration curve will change.

**\*\*\*WARNING\*\*\***

**The user should not and is not expected to change the RHOMIN file.**

In Table 25, which describes the input parameters for HMW\_NP\_AM.RHOMIN, the "Variable Name" column is for the FMT program variables. FMT reads only the number on each line of HMW\_NP.RHOMIN. The species name on the line is for human readability and is not read by FMT.

Table 25. RHOMIN input parameters (See Appendix K for listing, and Appendix L for output file listing.)

Line	Variable Name	Description
1-66	RHOSPEC(i)	density of the i <sup>th</sup> mineral species

## 8.0 ERROR MESSAGES

FMT has three types of messages - fatal error messages, warning messages, and informational messages. A system error message pertaining to divide by zero is also described after the section on fatal error messages.

## 8.1 Fatal Error Messages

A normal FMT run will terminate with a message displayed at the user's screen of either "SINGLE BATCH EQUILIBRATION COMPLETED" or "End of Autotitration Problem" for a batch or titrate problem respectively. Fatal errors terminate the execution of FMT abnormally. These errors are always printed on the user's screen and unit 6\* that is usually defaulted the user's screen. The same and/or additional messages may be printed in the OUTPUT file.

Each error can generate one or more messages as shown below between lines of asterisks. A bracketed line preceding messages indicates where messages are printed. A pair of single quotes enclosing a phrase starting with 'value ...' indicate that the run time value in FMT will be listed.

The errors are listed in alphabetic order as they appear on the screen.

### 8.1.1 "Charge" abundance is not . . .

```
*****  
[on unit 6]  
"Charge" abundance is not numerically zero  
  
[on screen]  
"Charge" abundance is not numerically zero  
or  
"Charge" abundance is not numerically zero, INJECTED  
or  
"Charge" abundance is not numerically zero, INITIAL  
  
[in OUTPUT file]  
"Charge" abundance is not numerically zero  
*****
```

#### 8.1.1.1 Explanation

This error occurs when the last elemental amount in the INPUT file is greater than a numeric zero, that is, plus or minus  $1.0 \times 10^{-13}$ . The last line printed to the screen differs for batch and titration problems. If the last word in the line following "numerically zero" states:

- no word, it is a batch problem; the last line in element list does not have a zero charge balance
- "INJECTED," the first or titrant solution does not have a zero charge balance

---

\* By default, unit 6 is the user's screen. The user could define a file = 6. If unit 6 is the user's screen, the message sent to 6 is printed first, followed by the [on screen] messages.

- "INITIAL," the second or titrated solution does not have a zero charge balance

### 8.1.1.2 Suggested Solution

Change the charge amount in the INPUT file to zero.

### 8.1.2 check problem type . . .

```
*****  
[on unit 6]  
check problem type option:  BATCH or TITRATE  
  
[on screen]  
CHECK PROBLEM TYPE SPECIFICATIONS  
  
[in OUTPUT file]  
check problem type option:  BATCH or TITRATE  
*****
```

#### 8.1.2.1 Explanation

On line 4 of the INPUT file (the CDUM1 variable), the character string must be exactly 'BATCH' or 'TITRATE'.

#### 8.1.2.2 Suggested Solution

Check that all the characters in the word are capitalized and the word is immediately surrounded by a pair of the single quote character. No spaces, tabs, or unprintable characters are permitted in the word.

### 8.1.3 ERROR IN INITIAL ESTIMATE . . .

```
*****  
[on screen]  
ERROR IN INITIAL ESTIMATE DETERMINATION, INITGES  
  
[on unit 6]  
LINEAR SYSTEM INCONSISTENT [or] NO SOLUTION IS FEASIBLE  
  
[in OUTPUT file]  
ERROR IN RESULTS OF FEASBL  
Results of call to FEASBL, IER= 2 [or] Results of call to FEASBL, IER= 3  
*****
```



### 8.1.3.1 Explanation

The initial guess routine could not find an estimated solution for the given input. The initial guess algorithm is the weakest part of the code. The input could still represent a physical problem, but it may be a difficult combination of input values for the optimizing algorithm to find a solution.

### 8.1.3.2 Suggested Solution

Set up the initial solution desired in the INGUESS file and force FMT to read INGUESS with the flags 'MOLES' 'EXACT' set in the INPUT file. The objective is to develop a reasonable set of species values to give to the initial guess algorithm.

## 8.1.4 INPUT ERROR to . . .

```
*****  
[on unit 6]  
INPUT ERROR to FEASBL  
NEQ.gt.IDIM .or. IDIMP1.lt.IDIM+1 [or] NEQ.ge.NVAR  
  
[on screen]  
ERROR IN INITIAL ESTIMATE DETERMINATION, INITGES  
  
[in OUTPUT file]  
ERROR IN RESULTS OF FEASBL  
Results of call to FEASBL, IER= 1  
*****
```

### 8.1.4.1 Explanation

NEQ, the number of linear equations must be greater than the first dimension of the coefficient array or the dimensions of the working arrays must be greater than NEQ+1 [or] NEQ must be greater than the number of variables, NVAR.

### 8.1.4.2 Suggested Solution

Contact the code sponsors. This message indicates programming errors.

## 8.1.5 MAXELEM= 'value for . . .

```
*****  
[on unit 6]  
MAXELEM= 'value for MAXELEM'  
TTLELEM= 'value for TTLELEM'  
Parameter Dimensions Too Small for this Problem  
Must Increase MAXELEM to MAXELEM='value for TTLELEM+1'  
  
[on screen]  
MAXELEM DIMENSION IS TOO SMALL  
*****
```



### 8.1.5.1 Explanation

This error occurs when the number of elements in the CHEMDAT file exceeds MAXELEM, a programmatic value which is set to 30.

### 8.1.5.2 Suggested Solution

Contact the code sponsors to set a higher limit for MAXELEM.

### 8.1.6 MAXSPEC= 'value for ...

```
*****  
[on unit 6]  
MAXSPEC= 'value for MAXSPEC'  
TTLELEM= 'value for TTLELEM'  
TTLSPEC= 'value for TTLSPEC'  
Parameter Dimensions Too Small for this Problem'  
Must Increase MAXSPEC to   MAXSPEC= 'value for TTLELEM+TTLSPEC'  
  
[on screen]  
MAXSPEC DIMENSION IS TOO SMALL  
*****
```

### 8.1.6.1 Explanation

This error occurs when the number of species plus the number of elements in the CHEMDAT file exceeds MAXSPEC, a programmatic value which is set to 250.

### 8.1.6.2 Suggested Solution

Contact the code sponsors to set a higher limit for MAXSPEC.

### 8.1.7 MUST PUT ALL AQUEOUS ...

```
*****  
[on screen]  
MUST PUT ALL AQUEOUS SPECIES BEFORE MINERALS  
  
[in OUTPUT file]  
MUST PUT ALL AQUEOUS SPECIES BEFORE MINERALS  
*****
```



### 8.1.7.1 Explanation

This error occurs in the CHEMDAT file when a solid phase of a species is erroneously listed before an aqueous phase of a species.

### 8.1.7.2 Suggested Solution

In the CHEMDAT file, ensure that all aqueous species are declared before solid species.

## 8.1.8 Negative Element or Species Abundance . . .

```
*****  
[on screen]  
Negative Element Abundance Entered  
or  
Negative Species Abundance Entered  
  
[in OUTPUT file for batch option]  
Negative element abundance in input file  
'element name' 'abund value'  
STOPPING EXECUTION in ROUTINE ONEFLSH  
or  
Negative species abundance in inguess file  
'species name' 'abund value'  
STOPPING EXECUTION in ROUTINE ONEFLSH  
  
[in OUTPUT file for titration option]  
Negative element abundance given, INJECTED  
'element name' 'abund value'  
STOPPING EXECUTION in ROUTINE FMT2P0  
or  
Negative element abundance given, INITIAL  
'element name' 'abund value'  
STOPPING EXECUTION in ROUTINE FMT2P0  
or  
Negative species abundance in inguess file  
'species name' 'abund value'  
STOPPING EXECUTION in ROUTINE FLASHIJ  
*****
```

### 8.1.8.1 Explanation

The error "Negative Element Abundance Entered" is generated when an element amount in the INPUT file is negative. The OUTPUT file contains the element name (from the CHEMDAT file) and the negative amount read from the INPUT file that caused this fatal error. For

- 'BATCH' problem: If the last line in the OUTPUT file states "ROUTINE ONEFLSH", the 'BATCH' flag was set in the INPUT file.
- 'TITRATE' problem: If the last line in the OUTPUT file states "ROUTINE FMT2P0", the 'TITRATE' flag was set in the INPUT file. The first line of the error message "Negative element ..." in the OUTPUT file tells which solution the fatal error is in - the INJECTED solution is the first solution or titrant solution while the INITIAL is the second solution or the titrated solution. The amount for a titrated solution could be essentially zero which is less than  $-1.0 \times 10^{-12}$ .

The other error "Negative Species Abundance Entered" is generated when a species amount in the INGUESS file is negative. The OUTPUT file contains the species name (from the CHEMDAT file) and the negative amount read from the INGUESS file that caused this fatal error. For



- 'BATCH' problem: If the last line in the OUTPUT file states "ROUTINE ONEFLSH", the 'BATCH' flag was set in the INPUT file.
- 'TITRATE' problem: If the last line in the OUTPUT file states "ROUTINE FLASHIJ", the 'TITRATE' flag and the 'MOLES' 'EXACT' flags were set for either the titrant or titrated solution by the INPUT file

### 8.1.8.2 Suggested Solution

Change the negative amount in the INPUT or INGUESS file to zero or positive amount. Check the rest of the INPUT or INGUESS file for any negative amounts and change to zero or positive amounts.

### 8.1.9 NEW T" option . . .

```
*****  
[on screen]  
"NEW T" option for non 298.15K discontinued  
*****
```

#### 8.1.9.1 Explanation

This error occurs in the CHEMDAT file when the character string 'NEW T' is set.

#### 8.1.9.2 Suggested Solution

Notify the code sponsors and change the character string to 'nNEW T' in CHEMDAT.

### 8.1.10 No Convergence on Equi . . .

```
*****  
[on screen]  
No Convergence on Equi Solid Suite  
  
[in OUTPUT file]  
EXITED SOLID ITERATION LOOP, MAXIMUM REACHED  
diagnostics, no solid convergence achieved  
list of element abundances follows:  
'value for ABUND(i)' 'values for ELNAMES(i)'  
list of species abundances follows:  
'value for NMOLES(i)' 'values for NAMES(i)'  
*****
```



### 8.1.10.1 Explanation

This error occurs when there is no convergence in the equilibrium root finding algorithm after 20 iterations. (The number 20 is hard coded in the program).

### 8.1.10.2 Suggested Solution

Contact the code sponsors. The algorithm has checked at least 20 different sets of solids and found *no equilibrium solution*. Either the problem is incredibly complex or the particular set of element abundances represents a condition for which no solution can be found. In more than nine years experience with this equilibrium algorithm, this error has never occurred.

## 8.1.11 PROBLEM TOO LARGE FOR . . .

```
*****  
[on screen]  
PROBLEM TOO LARGE FOR SPATIAL ARRAY DIMENSIONS  
  
[in OUTPUT file]  
TOO MANY NODES IN THE X AND Y DIRECTION  
  NSPACE set to      'value for NSPACE'  
  MWIDTH set to     'value for MWIDTH'  
  MUST CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING  
  NSPACE .LE.       'value for MXSPACE'  
  MWIDTH .LE.       'value for MXWIDTH'  
  MWIDTH*NSPACE+2 .LE. 'value for MXANDY'  
*****
```

### 8.1.11.1 Explanation

This error appears in titrate problems when NSPACE, the number of Erlenmeyer solutions, is greater than 66.

### 8.1.11.2 Suggested Solution

Reduce the NSPACE parameter in the INPUT file to 66 or less and adjust the ASREAD volumes to 66 or less if using 'ASREAD.'

## 8.1.12 Species "H2O" must be first . . .

Reduce the NSPACE parameter in the INPUT file to 66 or less.

```
*****  
[on unit 6]  
Species "H2O" must be first species in list  
  Also, the first 3 chars. must be "H2O"  
  
[on screen]  
FIRST SPECIES NAME IS NOT H2O  
*****
```

### 8.1.12.1 Explanation

This error occurs in CHEMDAT when the variable NAME(1) does not contain the character string H2O as the first 3 characters. The NAME variable is read on line 14 as printed in Appendix I listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT.

### 8.1.12.2 Suggested Solution

Check that there are no spaces in the string H2O and that the string immediately follows the single quote mark.

### 8.1.13 To use TITRATE option . . .

\*\*\*\*\*

[on unit 6]

To use TITRATE option, specify:

'TITRATE' 'LINEAR or LOG10' DVMIN DVMAX

where DVMIN and DVMAX are the minimum and maximum titrant volumes.

When LINEAR is used, multiples of DVMIN (mL) are added to each beaker.

When LOG10 is used, volumes from DVMIN (mL) to DVMAX (mL) are added to each beaker on a logarithmic scale.

[on screen]

Check Specifications for TITRATE Option

[in OUTPUT file]

To use TITRATE option, specify:

'TITRATE' 'LINEAR or LOG10' DVMIN DVMAX

where DVMIN and DVMAX are the minimum and maximum titrant volumes.

When LINEAR is used, multiples of DVMIN (mL) are added to each beaker.

When LOG10 is used, volumes from DVMIN (mL) to DVMAX (mL) are added to each beaker on a logarithmic scale.

\*\*\*\*\*

### 8.1.13.1 Explanation

This error occurs when the INPUT file does not contain the one of the strings 'LINEAR', 'LOG10', or 'ASREAD' following the required 'TITRATE' string after the section of unused values (See line 100 in Table 5).

### 8.1.13.2 Suggested Solution

Check that one of the permissible character strings LINEAR, LOG10, or ASREAD is enclosed in single quotes and listed after the TITRATE string in the line.

### 8.1.14 Trying to shift reaction . . .

\*\*\*\*\*

[in OUTPUT file]

Trying to shift reaction to the left, but

SMLPRD is .LE. 0.d0



[or]  
Trying to shift reaction to the right, but  
SMLRCT is .LE. 0.d0  
\*\*\*\*\*

#### 8.1.14.1 Explanation

FMT is attempting to eliminate one of the species involved in a solids-only reaction but there is no more product (top message) or there are no more reactants (bottom message).

#### 8.1.14.2 Suggested Solution

Increase the amounts of elements in the INPUT file or amounts of species in the INGUESS file.

#### 8.1.15 VALID CHARGE BALANCE ELEMENT NOT ...

\*\*\*\*\*  
[on screen]  
VALID CHARGE BALANCE ELEMENT NOT SPECIFIED  
  
[in OUTPUT file]  
Need to specify the charge balance element  
\*\*\*\*\*

#### 8.1.15.1 Explanation

This error occurs in the CHEMDAT file when the variable RPLWCHG is negative or zero. The RPLWCHG variable is read on line 859 as a 2 (the element Oxygen) in Appendix I listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT.

#### 8.1.15.2 Suggested Solution

Notify the code sponsors.

#### 8.1.16 Was expecting the "TITRATE" ...

\*\*\*\*\*  
[on unit 6]  
Was expecting the "TITRATE" flag

To use TITRATE option, specify:  
'TITRATE' 'LINEAR or LOG10' DVMIN DVMAX  
where DVMIN and DVMAX are the minimum and maximum titrant volumes.  
When LINEAR is used, multiples of DVMIN (mL) are added to each beaker.  
When LOG10 is used, volumes from DVMIN (mL) to DVMAX (mL) are added to each beaker on a logarithmic scale.

[on screen]  
second TITRATE flag incorrectly specified

[in OUTPUT file]

To use TITRATE option, specify:

```
'TITRATE' 'LINEAR or LOG10' DVMIN DVMAX
```

where DVMIN and DVMAX are the minimum and maximum titrant volumes.

When LINEAR is used, multiples of DVMIN (mL) are added to each beaker.

When LOG10 is used, volumes from DVMIN (mL) to DVMAX (mL) are added to each beaker on a logarithmic scale.

\*\*\*\*\*

### 8.1.16.1 Explanation

This error occurs when the INPUT file does not contain the 'TITRATE' string after the section of unused values (See INPUT file description for titrate problems, line 100 in Table 5).

### 8.1.16.2 Suggested Solution

Check that the character string TITRATE is enclosed in single quotes and listed first in the line. There could also be missing lines or values prior to this line. In the unused values section, the variables and their permissible values must be present.

## 8.2 System Error Messages

There is one system error message "divide by zero" that occurs because of insufficient water in the INGUESS file to support the chemical reactions. The water is used up in the chemical reactions, so that when the amount of water (which is now zero) is used in the denominator of a divide operation, a "divide by zero" system error results, halting FMT execution. The FOR088 file was not generated due to the abnormal termination. A suggested solution is to increase the amount of water to the INGUESS file or decrease species amounts.

## 8.3 Warning Messages

There are warning messages that indicate the solution is not a valid one.

One or more messages are shown between lines of asterisks. A bracket line preceding any messages indicates where messages are printed. A pair of single quotes enclosing a phrase indicate that the run time value in FMT will be listed.

The errors are listed in alphabetic order as they appear on the screen.

### 8.3.1 BATCH CALCULATION ERRORS . . .

\*\*\*\*\*

[on unit 6]

BATCH CALCULATION ERRORS, L2 norm 'value for L2 norm'  
SEE OUTPUT FOR MASS BALANCE ERROR INSTRUCTIONS

[in OUTPUT file]

BATCH CALCULATION ERRORS, L2 norm 'value for L2 norm'  
{a listing of the initial and final abundances, element names and the absolute value of the differences between the initial and final abundances}  
MASS BALANCE ERROR INSTRUCTIONS



- 1) Check to see how much abundances have changed  
Should only happen in batch problems, or when  
flashing initial or injected conditions
- 2) This problem occurs when the diagnostic  
"Trying to get Internal Initial Guess"  
has been printed, and means that the initial  
guess provided by /MOLES/ is inadequate
- 3) Try flashing with /nMOLES/-- this is the  
easiest way to try to fix the problem  
\*\*\*\*\*

### 8.3.1.1 Explanation

This message warns that material balance errors are present during the flash calculation. This message occurs when material and charge balances exceed  $1.0 \times 10^{-6}$ . FMT prints the above message and continues on to the next flash in a titration problem.

### 8.3.1.2 Suggested Solution

None, but answer (if any) is invalid.

## 8.3.2 CANNOT FIND LOCATION OF ...

```
*****  
[on unit 6]  
CANNOT FIND LOCATION OF "H+" INVALIDATING pH VALUE  
  
[in OUTPUT file]  
CANNOT FIND LOCATION OF "H+" INVALIDATING pH VALUE  
*****
```



### 8.3.2.1 Explanation

This message occurs in the CHEMDAT file when the exact species name of 'H+' is missing from the species list or a space or unprintable character precedes the H+. The HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT has 115 species.

### 8.3.2.2 Suggested Solution

Verify that H+ species is not in the CHEMDAT file and notify the code sponsors.

## 8.3.3 "EXACT" mole amounts ...

```
*****  
[in OUTPUT file]  
"EXACT" mole amounts not charge balanced  
CHARGE= 'value of charge ABUND'  
*****
```

### 8.3.3.1 Explanation

FMT has calculated the elemental abundances using the mole amounts given in the INGUESS file. The solution must be charge neutral otherwise FMT will modify the abundance. This error occurs when the species amounts in the INGUESS file do not maintain charge neutrality. The absolute value of the charge must equal or exceed  $1.0 \times 10^{-12}$  for this error to occur.

### 8.3.3.2 Suggested Solution

Check the species amounts in the INGUESS file, being sure to maintain charge neutrality. For example, if you are increasing the amount of a positively charged species, then add the necessary amount of a negatively charged species, observing stoichiometric rules.

## 8.3.4 MASS BALANCE ERRORS . . .

```
*****  
[on unit 6]  
MASS BALANCE ERRORS at ISPACE= 'value of Erlenmeyer solution'  
*****
```

### 8.3.4.1 Explanation

This message warns that material balance errors were detected during the flash calculation. FMT prints the above message and continues to the next Erlenmeyer solution in a titration problem.

### 8.3.4.2 Suggested Solution

None, but answer (if any) is invalid.

## 8.4 Informational Messages

There are informational messages that indicate where the code is during execution or what it is doing. These messages, presented in alphabetical order, are described below.

### 8.4.1 AQ vio 'value of mu' . . .

```
*****  
[in OUTPUT file]  
AQ vio 'value of mu' 'species name' 'name index number'  
*****
```

This message occurs in a batch problem when the mu value or concentration of aqueous/sorbed species exceeds  $1.0 \times 10^{-24}$  as specified by  $\text{minabu} \times 1.0 \times 10^{-6}$ , the convergence tolerance read from CHEMDAT. This message refers to FMT's normal algorithmic attempts to adjust the stoichiometric equation for the lack of species. These messages appear during execution of a batch problem as indicators of normal computational progress.

### 8.4.2 DONT HAVE ANY REACTIONS . . .

```
*****  
[on unit 6]  
*****  
*****  
**** DONT HAVE ANY REACTIONS TO EQUILIBRATE ***  
***** BUT CONTINUING CALCULATION ANYWAY *****  
*****  
*****  
  
[in OUTPUT file]  
*****  
*****  
**** DONT HAVE ANY REACTIONS TO EQUILIBRATE ***  
***** BUT CONTINUING CALCULATION ANYWAY *****  
*****  
*****  
*****
```

This message occurs when there are no chemical reactions to equilibrate, which by definition means the system is at equilibrium.

### 8.4.3 MU(ttl)= 'value of mu' . . .

```
*****  
[on unit 6]  
MU(ttl)= 'value of mu' x 'value of Erlenmeyer solution'  
  
[in OUTPUT file]  
nonconvergent elemental abundances  
MU(ttl)= 'value of mu' x 'value of Erlenmeyer solution'  
table of element abundance  
'value for abund(i)' 'value for elnames(i)'  
*****
```

This is not a fatal error, but it is more than a run-time message. This message occurs when one or more reactions are not at equilibrium after MAXIT iterations. MAXIT is the number of iterations for minimizing free energy and set by the CHEMDAT file. The output from the runs in which this message occurs must be checked carefully by the user to see if they are suitable to use.

### 8.4.4 SOLUBILITY PRODUCT VIOLATION . . .

```
*****  
[on unit 6]  
*****SOLUBILITY PRODUCT VIOLATION*****  
'species name' ** 'value of mu' **  
  
[in OUTPUT file]  
*****SOLUBILITY PRODUCT VIOLATION*****  
'species name' ** 'value of mu' **  
*****
```



This message occurs during execution of a batch problem when the mu value or concentration of a solid species exceeds  $1.0 \times 10^{-6}$  as specified by accuracy, the convergence tolerance read from CHEMDAT. This message refers to FMT's normal algorithmic attempts to adjust the stoichiometric equation for the lack of species.

#### 8.4.5 'count of ' Solubility Product Violations ...

```
*****  
[on unit 6]  
'count of ' Solubility Product Violations  
Adding solid 'name of solid species most oversaturated'  
  
[in OUTPUT file]  
'count of ' Solubility Product Violations  
Adding solid 'name of solid species most oversaturated'  
*****
```

This message occurs during execution of a batch problem whenever a solid species needs to be included in a solution. A count of the number of solubility violations found during the equilibrium process. The largest mu value of a solid species is listed.

#### 8.4.6 Switching Routine Hung ...

```
*****  
[on unit 6]  
Switching Routine Hung, Ending Batch Calculation  
*** Flash Calculation Terminated ***  
*** Infinite Loop Encountered ***  
*** spacepoint='value of Erlenmeyer solution'  
  
[in OUTPUT file]  
Flash-Terminated (sp) 'value of Erlenmeyer solution'  
*** Flash Calculation Terminated ***  
*** Infinite Loop Encountered ***  
*** spacepoint= 'value of Erlenmeyer solution'  
*****
```

A species has a calculated concentration right on the border between existing and not existing (MINABU value multiplied by  $1.0 \times 10^{-6}$ ) and FMT cannot decide whether to include it or not. This message is triggered when FMT adds the same species three times in a row but the species gets deleted in the equilibrium root finding algorithm. Because the boundary between "existing" and "not existing" is very low ( $1.0 \times 10^{-22}$ ), this message has no consequences unless the user is looking at very trace species.



## 9.0 DESCRIPTION OF OUTPUT FILES

FMT generates a primary OUTPUT (.OUT) file and the secondary output files shown in Figures 1 and 2. Secondary output files vary according to whether a batch (single flash) calculation or titrate (multiple flash) calculation is performed. (A batch problem has one flash calculation. A titrate problem has a user-specified number of flash calculations.) FOR088 is the secondary file for batch problems; TITRATE and MOLES are the secondary files for titrate problems.

### 9.1 OUTPUT

For both batch and titration calculations, the primary file OUTPUT (.OUT) file lists the problem identity, echoes the CHEMDAT file, and contains a summary of element concentrations, species concentrations, and equilibrium parameters for each flash calculation performed.

Note that while the user is printing the OUTPUT file, page breaks will occur. The listings appended to this guide do not emulate the page break as a separate page but show such a line as a Fortran page break, i.e., the line is prefixed with the character "1."

#### 9.1.1 Batch Problem

Table 26 explains the OUTPUT (.OUT) file generated from a batch problem called BATCH\_DOC. The "Line" column refers to the line numbers listed in BATCH\_DOC.OUT. "Variable Name" column shows applicable FMT program variables and some formulas.

Table 26. OUTPUT File Description for Batch (See Appendix M for sample listing.)

Line	Variable Name	Description
1	INFNM	INPUT filename.
2	INGFNM	INGUESS filename.
3	OUFNM	OUTPUT filename.
4	CHFNM	CHEMDAT filename.
5		notation; FMT sets temperature to 298.15 Kelvin
6	TITLE99	problem title specified on line 1 of INPUT file with 'FMT' and version number appended
7-8	DBASE1, DBASE2	unique data base identification specified on lines 1 and 2 of CHEMDAT file

11-14		this location would normally be filled with an echo print of ion interaction parameters and chemical species definitions, as read from the CHEMDAT input file (Appendix I). This information is reproduced in the OUTPUT file listing in Appendix J and is described in Section 7.3.
17-25		this section contains computation status indicators printed during calculations to find the equilibrium system.
17-21	NAMES(i), MU(i)	at the end of the first convergence loop, the solids brucite and magnesium oxychloride "MgOxychloride," were oversaturated, and thus the system was not at equilibrium.
23	NKSPVIO	number of solubility product violations for solids (minerals)
24	NAMES(i)	postulated that brucite was present in the equilibrium system, and thus added to the equilibrium calculations
25	ALLITER	number of times the diagonalized Hessian matrix system of equations was solved to reach the calculated equilibrium state
26		Note: a page break occurs; the first character "1" indicates a Fortran page break and is deleted before printing the remaining line
26-28	TITLE99, DBASE1, DBASE2	problem title and CHEMDAT input file (Appendix I) identification
29	PRESSUR, TEMPERA	pressure and temperature for batch problem
31-58		table of Elemental Abundances
	ABUND(i)	"Total Moles" column contains the exact number of moles for each element as read from the INPUT file, or as calculated from species abundances as read from the INGUESS file
	AQMOLES(i)/ KGH2O	"Aq. Molality" column is the total molality for each element in the aqueous phase
	AQMOLES(i)/ SOLNVOL	"Aq. Molarity" column is the total molarity for each element in the aqueous phase. This number is calculated from the solution density, as discussed on lines 54-67.
	AQMOLES(i)/ SOLNVOLx MWELEM(i) x1000	"Aq. mg/liter" column is the total aqueous element concentration in milligrams per liter
	ELNAMES(i)	identifies the element name corresponding to the row of values in the table



60-73		this section documents the calculation of solution density, a quantity that is required only for converting molal units to Molar units. In batch problems, the density is used only to produce the volume based concentration units (Molar, mg/liter) printed in the OUTPUT file. The actual calculation of equilibrium is conducted using mass-based, i.e., molal, units. FMT uses a correlation based on NaCl solutions (as noted on line 35) to calculate solution density from total dissolved solids (TDS).
61-63	SOLMASS, KGH2O×1000, TDSGPKG	values calculated from equilibrium compositions
66	SPRHO	density specified in the INPUT file for titrate problems. For BATCH problems the solution density from the NaCl correlation is automatically used.
69-70	SOLNVOL. TDS	calculated values based on specified density on line 66
72	DENSITY(2, TDSGPKG)	density calculated by FMT using the NaCl correlation
73	(DENSITY(2, TDSGPKG)/ SPRHO-1.)×100	difference between the specified density (line 66) and the density calculated by FMT which will always be zero for BATCH problems
77-161		table listing detailed information about the species in the equilibrium problem. Note that only species that can be formed from elements with nonzero concentrations are included. Species are sorted approximately in order of decreasing concentration. For example, the total phosphorus element concentration on line 56 is zero, so no detailed information is given for phosphorus species.
	NAMES(i)	"Species Name" column
	MOLALTY(i) or for solids: NMOLES(i)/ NMOLES(1)/ MWH2O	"Molality" column contains the species molality, moles per kg H <sub>2</sub> O, for all species including solids. However, the entry for water is not molality of water, which is invariant, but the mole fraction H <sub>2</sub> O in the aqueous phase, as noted on line 170.
	LNGAMA(i)× MOLALTY(i)	"Activity" column is the product of the "Molality" and "Act Coef" columns or is defined to be 1 for solids
	LNGAMA(i) or 1.0 for solids	"Act Coef" column is the calculated activity coefficient for the species, which is 1 by definition for solids
	NMOLES(i)	"Total Moles" column is the total number of moles for the i <sup>th</sup> species
	NMOLES(i)/ SOLNVOL	"Molarity" column is the volume-based concentrations calculated from the "Molality" column using the solution density described above on lines 60-73

	NMOLES(i)/ SOLNVOL× MWSPEC(i)× 1000	"mg/liter" is the volume-based concentrations calculated from the "Molality" column
	MU(i)/LN10	"descriptor" column has various meanings, as stated in the notes on lines 172-176
163	-(NMOLES (NPROTON)/ NMOLES(1)/ MWH2O)	pmH: the negative base 10 logarithm of hydrogen ion molality
164	PHVECT	pH: the negative base 10 logarithm of hydrogen ion activity
165	OSM	osmotic coefficient, a value related to the activity of water; a value calculated from the Pitzer equations
166	LNGAMA(1)×100	equilibrium relative humidity, equal to 100% times the water activity
167	IONICST	ionic strength, in molal units, defined as $\sum_{i=2}^{N_{\text{spec}}} z_i^2 m_i$ , where $z_i$ is the charge on the $i^{\text{th}}$ species, $m_i$ is the molality of the $i^{\text{th}}$ species, and index $i$ runs from species 2 through all aqueous species, with species 1 defined as H <sub>2</sub> O
168	SPRHO	solution density, calculated as described on lines 60-73
170-171		notes defining water and gas molality
172-176		notes describing the descriptor column in table of concentrations for batch system
178	$\Sigma$ CHEMPOT(i)× NMOLES(i)	the total dimensionless Gibbs free energy for the solution; the quantity that is minimized to find the equilibrium composition
180	NINVERS	total number of times the diagonalized Hessian matrix system of equations was solved; for batch problem, this value is the same as ALLITER on line 25
181	ICNT	number of times the species list was changed for computational purposes in the minimization algorithm

In the BATCH\_DOC.OUT file on lines 31-58, the first table gives the elemental abundances in various units, the first column being the number of total moles, and the second being the aqueous molality. The "Total Moles" column provides the basis for computation, i.e., the amount of each element, independent of phase, including hydrogen and oxygen. It is convenient to specify

material on an approximately 1 kg H<sub>2</sub>O basis (~55.5 moles H<sub>2</sub>O). The "Aq. Molality" column given the aqueous phase totals; it is this portion of the output that corresponds to the aqueous phase element totals listed above. The "Aq. Molarity" and "Aq. mg/liter" columns are provided for the convenience of those users who prefer these units. However, these units depend on the value used for solution density, which is approximated by FMT from a correlation based on the density of NaCl solutions.

Lines 77-161 which comprise the second table, Table of Concentrations for Batch System, list molality, activity, activity coefficient, and a descriptor for each chemical species that can be made from the elements with nonzero concentrations. For example, note that there are no species containing "Air", "TracerEl", "Th(IV)", etc. in this list. These species are sorted in approximate order of decreasing molality.

The descriptor serves several functions. First, it is the value that is actually tested for convergence (note that all values of the descriptor are less than the 10<sup>-6</sup> as specified in line 6 of the output file listing for the CHEMDAT file; see Appendix J). The *component* species, lines 81-90, do not have descriptors because these are species from which all other species are formed by chemical reaction. (This quickly leads into an arcane discussion of the algorithm used to calculate equilibrium. The interested user should refer to Smith and Missen (1991), particularly Chapter 6.) The descriptor values given for noncomponent species, lines 91-101, all have absolute values less than 10<sup>-6</sup>, thus indicating convergence. The remaining species, lines 102-161, all have zero concentration. Most of these species are solids, and the descriptor is the saturation index,  $SI = \log_{10}(Q/K_{sp})$ , an indication of how saturated the solution is with respect to that solid. A saturation index of 0.0 indicates the solution is exactly saturated. A saturation index less than zero indicates undersaturation. FMT does not allow solutions to be oversaturated.

Lines 157-158 show that the species NaOH(aq) and HCl(aq) have zero concentrations, and descriptors of -293 and -254 respectively. As the note in line 175 indicates, the descriptor value for aqueous species with zero concentrations is approximately equal to the log<sub>10</sub> concentration of that aqueous species in this solution. (For comparison, one atom in 1 kg H<sub>2</sub>O would have a molal concentration of 1.6×10<sup>-24</sup> molal, corresponding to a descriptor value of -23.8.) These values are a consequence of the choice of values for the standard chemical potentials of these species. As discussed in the CHEMDAT data base documentation (Section 7.3 and Appendices I and J), these species are nonphysical and included for convenience only.

### 9.1.2 Titrate Problem

Table 27 explains the printout for a titrate problem using the OUTPUT file generated from executing Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG. (It also explains the printout of the OUTPUT file generated from executing Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN and Np\_NaCl\_BM.) The "Line" column refers to the line numbers listed in Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT. "Variable Names" column shows FMT's program names and some formulas.

Table 27. OUTPUT File Description for Titrate (See Appendices N, O, and P for sample listings of Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT, Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.OUT, and Np\_NaCl\_BM.OUT, respectively.)

Line	Variable Name	Description
1	INFNM	INPUT filename
2	INGFNM	INGUESS filename
3	OUFNM	OUTPUT filename
4	CHFNM	CHEMDAT filename
5		notation that temperature is set to 298.15 Kelvin by FMT
6	TITLE99	problem title specified on line 1 of INPUT file with 'FMT' and version number appended
7-8	DBASE1, DBASE2	unique data base identification specified on lines 1 and 2 of CHEMDAT file
11-14		this location would normally be filled with an echo print of ion interaction parameters and chemical species definitions, as read from the CHEMDAT. This information is reproduced in the OUTPUT file listing provided in Appendix J and is described therein.
17-20		notation of parameters set for fracture/matrix transport
24		notation of porosity
27		notation of aqueous density
29	RHFNM	RHOMIN filename
31-34		this location would normally be filled with an echo print of mineral species and their densities, as read from RHOMIN. This information is reproduced in the OUTPUT file listing provided in Appendix L and is described therein.
36-44	GBV(i)	unused 3 sets of grid blocks in fracture/matrix transport each containing N <sub>S</sub> solutions
46-139		summary information for the titrant solution flash calculation
140-237		summary information for the Erlenmeyer solution flash calculation
238		notation; first beaker of Erlenmeyer solution



238-336		summary information for the first beaker (same as Erlenmeyer solution when corrected for different volumes)
337		notation; second beaker of Erlenmeyer solution
337-435		summary information for addition of DV(2)* to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution
436		notation; third beaker of Erlenmeyer solution
436-534		summary information for addition of DV(3)* to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution
535		notation; fourth beaker of Erlenmeyer solution
535-633		summary information for addition of DV(4)* to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution
634		notation; fifth beaker of Erlenmeyer solution
634-732		summary information for addition of DV(5)* to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution
733		notation; sixth beaker of Erlenmeyer solution
733-831		summary information for addition of DV(6)* to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution
832		notation; seventh beaker of Erlenmeyer solution
832-930		summary information for addition of DV(7)* to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution
931		notation; eighth beaker of Erlenmeyer solution
931-1029		summary information for addition of DV(8)* to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution
1030		notation; ninth beaker of Erlenmeyer solution
1030-1128		summary information for addition of DV(9)* to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution

\* Summary information for DV(2) through DV(14) not shown in listings for Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.OUT and Np\_NaCl\_BM.OUT.

1129		notation; 10th beaker of Erlenmeyer solution
1129-1227		summary information for addition of DV(10)* to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution
1228		notation; 11th beaker of Erlenmeyer solution
1228-1326		summary information for addition of DV(11)* to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution
1327		notation; 12th beaker of Erlenmeyer solution
1327-1425		summary information for addition of DV(12)* to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution
1426		notation; 13th beaker of Erlenmeyer solution
1426-1524		summary information for addition of DV(13)* to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution
1525		notation; 14th beaker of Erlenmeyer solution
1525-1623		summary information for addition of DV(14)* to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution
1624		notation; 15th (last) beaker of Erlenmeyer solution
1624-1722		summary information for addition of DV(15)** to 1 liter of the Erlenmeyer solution
1723	TIFNM	TITRATE filename***
1724	MOFNM	MOLES filename****

\*\* Summary information for DV(15) in listings for Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.OUT and Np\_NaCl\_BM.OUT are from lines 343-441.

\*\*\* On line 442 in listings for Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.OUT and Np\_NaCl\_BM.OUT.

\*\*\*\* On line 443 in listings for Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.OUT and Np\_NaCl\_BM.OUT.



## 9.2 FOR088

The batch-generated secondary file FOR088 contains three columns from the "Table of Concentration for Batch System" in the OUTPUT file. The columns are total species moles, species name, and species molality with the species reordered as listed in the CHEMDAT file. FOR088 and the input file INGUESS have the same format, and are designed to facilitate creation of a specific solution composition. FOR088 can be renamed and used as a template for an INGUESS file which the user can edit. Table 28 explains the FOR088 file generated from a batch problem. The "Line" column refers to the line numbers listed in BATCH\_DOC.FOR088.

Table 28. FOR088 File Description for Batch (See Appendix Q for sample listing.)

Line	Variable Name	Description
1-115	NMOLES(i)	total number of moles for the $i^{\text{th}}$ species
	NAMES(i)	the $i^{\text{th}}$ species names
	NMOLES(i)/ NMOLES(1)/ MWH2O	the $i^{\text{th}}$ species molality, moles per kg H <sub>2</sub> O (see line 77-161 "Molality" column in Table 26 and Appendix M)

## 9.3 TITRATE

The TITRATE file, a secondary output file for the titrate problem, contains the titrant volumes and the equilibrated concentrations of all species, and the pH and ionic strength of each flash calculation from the OUTPUT file. The concentrations from each flash calculation have been reorganized by species for easy transfer to a graphics program for plotting.

Table 29 describes a TITRATE file generated by FMT. The "Line" column refers to the line numbers listed in Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.TITRATE. Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.TITRATE and Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.TITRATE have similar sample listings in Appendices S and T, respectively.

Table 29. TITRATE File Description (Appendix R)

Line	Variable Name	Description
1-3	TITLE99, DBASE1, DBASE2	problem title and CHEMDAT identification
5-20	j, DV(j)*1.d3	$j^{\text{th}}$ beaker and titrant volume added to $j^{\text{th}}$ beaker

23-245		table of all species molal concentrations
	NAMES(i)	up to 9 columns of species names on a line
	j, SPMOLES(i,j)/ ACONST(i)	j <sup>th</sup> beaker and species molal concentration
247-262	j, IONICST(J)	j <sup>th</sup> beaker and ionic strength
	EH(j)	the Eh (an option which is not supported in FMT 2.0)
	DV(j)*1.d3	titrant volume
	PHVECT(j)	pH of solution

#### 9.4 MOLES

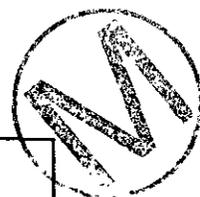
The titrate secondary output files are TITRATE and MOLES.

Available for diagnostic purpose, the MOLES file, a secondary output file for the titrate problem, contains the equilibrated concentrations of the initial solution. The MOLES file should be deleted after each execution of FMT.

Table 30 describes a MOLES file generated by FMT. The "Line" column refers to the line numbers listed in Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.MOLES. (No printouts for Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.MOLES and Np\_NaCl\_BM.MOLES are appended to this manual.)

Table 30. MOLES File Description (See Appendix U for sample listing of Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.MOLES.)

Line	Variable Name	Description
1-3	TITLE99, DBASE1, DBASE2	problem title and CHEMDAT identification
5-28	ELNAMES(i), ELTOTAL(i,1), ELTOTAL(i,2)	listing of the elements, elemental abundances for injected solution (buret) and initial solution (Erlenmeyer) as read from the INPUT file
30-53	ELNAMES(i), ELTOTAL(i,1), ELTOTAL(i,2)	after reading the INGUESS file for species abundances, if requested, and equilibrating both solutions the listing of elements, elemental abundances of the injected solution and the initial solution before any titration begins



55-170	NAMES(i), IJCONCS(i,1), IJCONCS(i,2)	listing of the species, the injected concentrations and the initial concentrations
--------	--	--

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## 11.0 APPENDICES

**Note**

**The numbers to the left of each line in Appendices A through U are not actually present in the files and screen displays; they are used solely to reference the lines in this guide**

**Note**

**The sample files and displays provided in Appendices A through U are examples *only*. They *are not* necessarily representative of files used to support the 1996 WIPP PA regulatory calculation.**



Appendix A: Sample Screen Display of BATCH\_DOC

Appendix A: Sample Screen Display of BATCH\_DOC

See Table 1 for explanation of this screen display.

```
Enter chemdat file name to search on: np_am
Enter rhomin file name to search on: np_am
Enter input file name (without extension): batch_doc
%CMS-I-LIBIS, library is WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]
%CMS-S-LIBSET, library set
%CMS-I-SUPERSEDE, library list superseded
Elements in CMS Library WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]
FMT_HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT "Initial load"
FMT_HMW_NP_AM_F60.CHEMDAT "Initial load"
Select CHEMDAT name from list above: FMT_HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT
Your CMS library list consists of:
WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]
%CMS-S-FETCHED, generation 1 of element WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]FMT_HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT fetched
Elements in CMS Library WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]
FMT_HMW_NP_AM.RHOMIN "Initial load"
Select RHOMIN name from list above: FMT_HMW_NP_AM.RHOMIN
Your CMS library list consists of:
WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]
%CMS-S-FETCHED, generation 1 of element WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]FMT_HMW_NP_AM.RHOMIN fetched
image name: "FMT_FMT2P0"
image file identification: "PROD PA96"
image file build identification: ""
link date/time: 21-DEC-1995 11:36:28.86
linker identification: "All-14"
Entering Subroutine READDAT
reading chemical species data from CHEMDAT file
DG_BYPASS flag set to NDG_BYPASS
[.FD.TITRATE]BATCH_DOC.in; to illustrate/document "BATCH" runs          FMT V2.0
DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
Accuracy of reactions is          1.0000E-06
Minimum elemental abundance is    1.0000E-18
Number of Aqueous Species is      50
ACTIVITY COEF. FLAG PITZACT
using PITZER ACTIVITY COEFFICIENT model
Charge Balance replaces element Oxygen
Exiting Subroutine READDAT
Char Flags: FLOW/BATCH/TITRATE BATCH      UNUSED
this is a BATCH problem
Echo of Mole Specifications: nMOLES      nEXACT
ECHO PRINT OF ELEMENT ABUNDANCES IN ONEFLSH
110.22236400000000 Hydrogen
55.16548210000000 Oxygen
0.2000000000000000 Sodium
1.000000000000000E-002 Potassium
1.000000000000000E-003 Magnesium
1.000000000000000E-004 Calcium
0.1100000000000000 Chlorine
1.000000000000000E-003 Sulfur
1.000000000000000E-004 Carbon
0.000000000000000E+000 PosIon
0.000000000000000E+000 NegIon
0.000000000000000E+000 Air
1.000000000000000E-007 Boron
0.000000000000000E+000 Bromine
0.000000000000000E+000 TracerE1
0.000000000000000E+000 Th(IV)
0.000000000000000E+000 Am(III)
0.000000000000000E+000 U(VI)
0.000000000000000E+000 Np(V)
0.000000000000000E+000 ClO4-(EL)
0.000000000000000E+000 Phosphorus
0.000000000000000E+000 Electron
4.906053920000000E-017 Charge
.LT. (MINABU*1,d-6) moles NaBO2.NaCl.2H2O___Teepelite_(20,C): del&switch
.LT. (MINABU*1,d-6) moles NaB5O8.5H2O___Sodium_Pentaborate; del&switch
.LT. (MINABU*1,d-6) moles NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only; del&switch
.LT. (MINABU*1,d-6) moles HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only; del&switch
.LT. (MINABU*1,d-6) moles K2B4O7.4H2O___K-Tetraborate_(30,C): del&reopt
.LT. (MINABU*1,d-6) moles B4O5(OH)4=          B4O5(OH)4=: del&reopt
```



Appendix A: Sample Screen Display of BATCH\_DOC

```

1000 .LT. (MINABU*1.d-6) moles K8H6(SO4)7_____Misenite; del&reopt
1001 .LT. (MINABU*1.d-6) moles K8H4(CO3)6.3H2O_____K-Sequicarbonate; del&switch
1002 .LT. (MINABU*1.d-6) moles B3O3(OH)4-_____B3O3(OH)4-; del&switch
1003 .LT. (MINABU*1.d-6) moles Ca4Cl2(OH)6.13H2O_____CaOxychloride A; del&switch
1004
1005 *****SOLUBILITY PRODUCT VIOLATION*****
1006 ** Mg(OH)2_____Brucite ** 1.00E+01 **
1007
1008 *****SOLUBILITY PRODUCT VIOLATION*****
1009 ** Mg2Cl(OH)3.4H2O_____MgOxychloride ** 6.69E+00 **
1010
1011
1012 2 Solubility Product Violations
1013 Adding solid Mg(OH)2_____Brucite
1014 pNH = -log[m(H+)] = 12.7140
1015 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 12.8532
1016 Total Diagonal Inversions 85
1017 Total Stoichiometric Reoptimizations 10
1018 SINGLE BATCH EQUILIBRATION COMPLETED
```



Appendix B: Sample Screen Display of Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG

Appendix B: Sample Screen Display of Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG

See Table 3 for explanation of this screen display.

```
1 Enter chemdat file name to search on: np_am
2 Enter rhomin file name to search on: np_am
3 Enter input file name (without extension): np_nacl_bm_log
4 %CMS-I-LIBIS, library is WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]
5 %CMS-S-LIBSET, library set
6 -CMS-I-SUPERSEDE, library list superseded
7
8 Elements in CMS Library WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]
9
10 FMT_HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT *Initial load*
11 FMT_HMW_NP_AM_F60.CHEMDAT *Initial load*
12 Select CHEMDAT name from list above: FMT_HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT
13 Your CMS library list consists of:
14 WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]
15
16 %CMS-S-FETCHED, generation 1 of element WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]FMT_HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT fetched
17
18 Elements in CMS Library WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]
19
20 FMT_HMW_NP_AM.RHOMIN *Initial load*
21 Select RHOMIN name from list above: FMT_HMW_NP_AM.RHOMIN
22 Your CMS library list consists of:
23 WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]
24
25 %CMS-S-FETCHED, generation 1 of element WPSNONPA_CMSROOT:[FMT]FMT_HMW_NP_AM.RHOMIN fetched
26
27 image name: *FMT_FMT2P0*
28 image file identification: *PROD PA96*
29 image file build identification: **
30 link date/time: 21-DEC-1995 11:36:28.86
31 linker identification: *A11-14*
32
33 Entering Subroutine READDAT
34 reading chemical species data from CHEMDAT file
35 DG_BYPASS flag set to NDG_BYPASS
36 Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
37 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86: Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
38 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
39
40 Accuracy of reactions is 1.0000E-06
41 Minimum elemental abundance is 1.0000E-18
42 Number of Aqueous Species is 50
43
44 ACTIVITY COEF. FLAG FITZACT
45 using PITZER ACTIVITY COEFFICIENT model
46 Charge Balance replaces element Oxygen
47
48 Exiting Subroutine READDAT
49 Char Flags: FLOW/BATCH/TITRATE TITRATE EXPLICIT
50 this is a TITRATION problem
51
52 Character Flags: J.C. nMOLES nEXACT
53 Character Flags: I.C. nMOLES nEXACT
54 TEMP is an unused local variable 180000.100000000
55
56 TITRATION option requires delta(x)=0.01 meters
57 Defining delta(x) as such
58
59 DIFFUS Parameter UNUSED= nDIFFUS
60 CONVEC Parameter UNUSED= CONVEC
61 SSDIFF Parameter UNUSED= nSSDIFF
62 RESTART Parameter Value Read = nRESTART
63 UNUSED Parameters nPUSHPULL nMULTINJ
64 UNUSED parameter FRAC FLO
65
66 TITRATION Problem:
67 -) Assigning all delta(y) to 0.1 m
68 -) Setting # of nodes in Y-direction to 3
69 -) Setting NONREACTIVE Porosity to 0.0
70
71 Char Flags UNUSED UNUSED RHSFDIF LHSFDIF
72 Char Flags UNUSED UNUSED nMOLES nEXACT
73
74 TEMP is an unused local variable 9.999999999999999E-021
75 Character Flags: VPOROS FRFLASH VPOROS FRFLASH
76
77 Specifying VARIABLE POROSITY for TITRATION Problem
78
79 Character Flags: VAR_AQ_RHO VAR_AQ_RHO FRFLASH
80
81 Aqueous Density is a Function of Composition
82
```

Appendix B: Sample Screen Display of Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG

```
00 Char Flag is UNUSED: NO X DIFF nNO X DIFF
01 Char Flag is UNUSED: UNIFORM UNIFORM
02
03 MINERAL DENSITIES, KG/M^3, IN FILE 'RHOMIN'
04
05 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 11.6199
06 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 11.7497
07 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 5.9141
08 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 5.3205
09 TITRATION Character Flags
10 cdum1= TITRATE cdum2= LOG10
11 First Volume Added = 0.10 mL
12 Final Volume Added = 10.00 mL
13
14 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 5.9141
15 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 5.3205
16 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 6.2386
17 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 5.6451
18 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 6.5870
19 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 5.9936
20 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 8.5360
21 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 7.9427
22 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 9.4653
23 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 8.8722
24 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 9.8154
25 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 9.2225
26 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 10.0620
27 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 9.4695
28 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 10.2640
29 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 9.6719
30 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 10.4406
31 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 9.8493
32 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 10.6002
33 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 10.0098
34 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 10.7468
35 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 10.1578
36 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 10.8825
37 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 10.2955
38 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 11.0086
39 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 10.4243
40 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 11.1257
41 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 10.5454
42 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 11.2341
43 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 10.6594
44 End of AutoTitration Problem
```



Appendix C Sample Screen Display of Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN

Appendix C: Sample Screen Display of Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN

**Note**  
**Lightened text same as screen display provided in Appendix B.**

**See Table 3 for explanation of this screen display.**

```

1  *****
2  *****
3  *****
4  *****
5  *****
6  *****
7  *****
8  *****
9  *****
10 *****
11 *****
12 *****
13 *****
14 *****
15 *****
16 *****
17 *****
18 *****
19 *****
20 *****
21 *****
22 *****
23 *****
24 *****
25 *****
26 *****
27 *****
28 *****
29 *****
30 *****
31 *****
32 *****
33 *****
34 *****
35 *****
36 *****
37 *****
38 *****
39 *****
40 *****
41 *****
42 *****
43 *****
44 *****
45 *****
46 *****
47 *****
48 *****
49 *****
50 *****
51 *****
52 *****
53 *****
54 *****
55 *****
56 *****
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59 *****
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61 *****
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64 *****
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67 *****
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71 *****
72 *****
73 *****
74 *****
75 *****
76 *****
77 *****
78 *****
79 *****
80 *****
81 *****
82 *****
83 *****
84 *****
85 *****
86 *****
87 *****
88 *****
89 *****
90 *****
91 *****
92 *****
93 *****
94 *****
95 *****
96 *****
97 *****
98 *****
99 *****
100 *****

```









Appendix E: Sample Input File "BATCH\_DOC.IN"

Appendix E: Sample Input File "BATCH\_DOC.IN"

See Table 4 for explanation of this listing.

```
1  '[.FD.TITRATE]BATCH_DOC.in; to illustrate/document "BATCH" runs'  
2  'CHEMFILE'  
3  
4  'BATCH', 'UNUSED'  
5  
6  'nMOLES', 'nEXACT',  
7  1.10222364E+02 Hydrogen  
8  5.51654821E+01 Oxygen  
9  2.00000000E-01 Sodium  
10 1.00000000E-02 Potassium  
11 1.00000000E-03 Magnesium  
12 1.00000000E-04 Calcium  
13 1.10000000E-01 Chlorine  
14 1.00000000E-03 Sulfur  
15 1.00000000E-04 Carbon  
16 0.00000000E+00 PosIon  
17 0.00000000E+00 NegIon  
18 0.00000000E+00 Air  
19 1.00000000E-07 Boron  
20 0.00000000E+00 Bromine  
21 0.00000000E+00 TracerEl  
22 0.00000000E+00 Th(IV)  
23 0.00000000E+00 Am(III)  
24 0.00000000E+00 U(VI)  
25 0.00000000E+00 Np(V)  
26 0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(EL)  
27 0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus  
28 0.00000000E+00 Electron  
29 4.90605392E-17 Charge
```



Appendix F: Sample Input File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.IN"

### Appendix F: Sample Input File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.IN"

See Table 5 for explanation of this listing.

```
'Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option; Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl'  
'CHEMFILE'  
  
'TITRATE', 'EXPLICIT',  
  
'nMOLES', 'nEXACT',  
1.11017363E+02 Hydrogen  
6.15086815E+01 Oxygen  
5.61000000E+00 Sodium  
0.00000000E+00 Potassium  
0.00000000E+00 Magnesium  
0.00000000E+00 Calcium  
1.61000000E+00 Chlorine  
0.00000000E+00 Sulfur  
2.00000001E+00 Carbon  
0.00000000E+00 PosIon  
0.00000000E+00 NegIon  
0.00000000E+00 Air  
0.00000000E+00 Boron  
0.00000000E+00 Bromine  
0.00000000E+00 TracerEl  
0.00000000E+00 Th(IV)  
0.00000000E+00 Am(III)  
0.00000000E+00 U(VI)  
0.00000000E+00 Np(V)  
0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(EL)  
0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus  
0.00000000E+00 Electron  
-2.22044605E-15 Charge  
  
'nMOLES', 'nEXACT',  
1.11018363E+02 Hydrogen  
1.05508682E+02 Oxygen  
1.56100000E+01 Sodium  
0.00000000E+00 Potassium  
0.00000000E+00 Magnesium  
0.00000000E+00 Calcium  
5.61100000E+00 Chlorine  
0.00000000E+00 Sulfur  
1.00000000E+01 Carbon  
0.00000000E+00 PosIon  
0.00000000E+00 NegIon  
0.00000000E+00 Air  
0.00000000E+00 Boron  
0.00000000E+00 Bromine  
0.00000000E+00 TracerEl  
0.00000000E+00 Th(IV)  
0.00000000E+00 Am(III)  
0.00000000E+00 U(VI)  
1.00000000E+01 Np(V)  
0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(EL)  
0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus
```



Appendix F: Sample Input File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.IN"

```
10 0.00000000E+00 Electron
11 -2.37316632E-15 Charge
12
13 15 2.25d3 0.0025d0 1.800001d5 'nDXVARIABLE'
14 'nDIFFUS',
15 'CONVEC',
16 'nSSDIFF',
17 'nRESTART',
18 'nPUSHPULL', 'nMULTINJ',
19
20 20 1 20 'nLOTS' 10
21 'nTGRAD' 'LINEAR'
22 'FRAC FLO' 'nTWO PHASE' 'nMASS TR'
23 3
24 0.1d0 0.2d0 0.3d0
25 1.d-7 0.d0 0.18291d0 0.2d0 0.d0 'RHSFDIF' 'LHSFDIF'
26 'nMOLES' 'nEXACT' Plain old pure H2O
27 1.11017364E+02 Hydrogen
28 5.55086820E+01 Oxygen
29 0.00000000E+00 Sodium
30 0.00000000E+00 Potassium
31 0.00000000E+00 Magnesium
32 0.00000000E+00 Calcium
33 0.00000000E+00 Chlorine
34 0.00000000E+00 Sulfur
35 0.00000000E+00 Carbon
36 0.00000000E+00 PosIon
37 0.00000000E+00 NegIon
38 0.00000000E+00 Air
39 0.00000000E+00 Boron
40 0.00000000E+00 Bromine
41 0.00000000E+00 TracerEl
42 0.00000000E+00 Pu(III)
43 0.00000000E+00 Am(III)
44 0.00000000E+00 U(VI)
45 0.00000000E+00 Np(V)
46 0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(EL)
47 0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus
48 0.00000000E+00 Electron
49 0.00000000E+00 Charge
50
51 1.d-12 1.d-20 (fracture, matrix permeabilities)
52 'VPOROS' 'FRFLASH' (NOFLASH or FRFLASH, default is all flash)
53 'VAR_AQ_RHO' 1074.9d0
54 'nNO X DIFF',
55 'UNIFORM', 0
56
57 'TITRATE', 'LOG10', 0.1d0, 10.d0, 'nINJSOLIDS'
```



Appendix G: Sample Input File "NP\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.IN"

Appendix G: Sample Input File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.IN"

Note

Lines 2 through 98 in this file (lightened text) same as lines 2 through 98 in file provided in Appendix F (NP\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.IN).

See Table 5 for explanation of this listing.

```
'Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LINEAR option; Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl'  
2 *****  
3  
4 'TITRATE', 'EXPLICIT',  
5  
6 'ENCLES', 'EXACT',  
7 1.11017303E+02 Hydrogen  
8 0.15080815E+01 Oxygen  
9 5.61000000E+00 Sodium  
10 0.00000000E+00 Potassium  
11 0.00000000E+00 Magnesium  
12 0.00000000E+00 Calcium  
13 1.21000000E+00 Chlorine  
14 0.00000000E+00 Sulfur  
15 3.00000000E+00 Carbon  
16 0.00000000E+00 Pot.Loc.  
17 0.00000000E+00 Neg.Loc.  
18 0.00000000E+00 Air  
19 0.00000000E+00 Boron  
20 0.00000000E+00 Bromine  
21 0.00000000E+00 TracerEl  
22 0.00000000E+00 Th(IV)  
23 0.00000000E+00 An(III)  
24 0.00000000E+00 U(VI)  
25 0.00000000E+00 Np(V)  
26 0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(EL)  
27 0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus  
28 0.00000000E+00 Electron  
29 -2.22044605E-15 Charge  
30  
31 'ENCLES', 'EXACT',  
32 1.11018363E+02 Hydrogen  
33 1.05508082E+02 Oxygen  
34 1.56100000E+01 Sodium  
35 0.00000000E+00 Potassium  
36 0.00000000E+00 Magnesium  
37 0.00000000E+00 Calcium  
38 5.61000000E+00 Chlorine  
39 0.00000000E+00 Sulfur  
40 1.00000000E+01 Carbon  
41 0.00000000E+00 Pot.Loc.  
42 0.00000000E+00 Neg.Loc.  
43 0.00000000E+00 Air  
44 0.00000000E+00 Boron
```



Appendix G: Sample Input File "NP\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.IN"

```
41 1.00000000E+00 Bromine
42 0.00000000E+00 TracerEl
43 0.00000000E+00 Cl(III)
44 0.00000000E+00 Ar(VI)
45 0.00000000E+00 U(VI)
46 1.00000000E+01 Np(V)
47 0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(EL)
48 1.00000000E+00 Phosphorus
49 1.00000000E+00 Electron
50 -0.00000000E+00 Charge
51
52 0.5 0.2500 0.002500 1.00000000 'NONVARIABLE'
53 'NINFLS',
54 'CONTC',
55 'NUSDIFF',
56 'NRESIAPP',
57 'LPCHEMILL', 'ANALYSIS',
58
59 20 1 20 'PLOTS' 10
60 'HGRAD' 'LINEAR'
61 'TRAC PLO' 'RTMO PHASE' 'MASC 1F'
62
63 0.100 0.100 0.100
64 1.0-7 0.00 0.102000 1.200 0.0 'RESFDEF' 'LMSDEF'
65 'MOLIES' 'REACT' Plain old pure H2O
66 1.11017554E+02 Hydrogen
67 5.55088200E+01 Oxygen
68 0.00000000E+00 Sodium
69 0.00000000E+00 Potassium
70 0.00000000E+00 Magnesium
71 0.00000000E+00 Calcium
72 0.00000000E+00 Chlorine
73 0.00000000E+00 Sulfur
74 0.00000000E+00 Carbon
75 0.00000000E+00 Phosphor
76 0.00000000E+00 Neutron
77 0.00000000E+00 Air
78 0.00000000E+00 Boron
79 0.00000000E+00 Bromine
80 0.00000000E+00 TracerEl
81 0.00000000E+00 Pu(III)
82 0.00000000E+00 Ar(VII)
83 0.00000000E+00 U(VI)
84 0.00000000E+00 Np(V)
85 0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(EL)
86 0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus
87 0.00000000E+00 Electron
88 0.00000000E+00 Charge
89
90 1.0-12 1.0-20 (fracture, matrix permeabilities)
91 'VPOFOS' 'FRFLASH' (NOFLASH or FRFLASH, default is all flash)
92 'VAR_AQ_RHO' 1074.561
93 'ENO X DIFF',
94 'UNIFORM' 0
95
96 'TITRATE', 'LINEAR', .1, 10, 'nINJSOLIDS'
```

Appendix H: Sample Input File "Np\_NaCl\_BM.IN"

Appendix H: Sample Input File "Np\_NaCl\_BM.IN"

Note

Lines 2 through 98 in this file (lightened text) same as lines 2 through 98 in file provided in Appendix F (NP\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.IN).

See Table 5 for explanation of this listing.

```
'Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LINEAR option; Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl'  
'CHEMFILE'  
  
'TITRATE', 'EXPLICIT',  
  
'MOLES', 'EXACT',  
1.11017303E+02 Hydrogen  
3.15086515E+01 Oxygen  
5.61000000E+00 Sodium  
0.00000000E+00 Potassium  
0.00000000E+00 Magnesium  
0.00000000E+00 Calcium  
1.01000000E+00 Chlorine  
0.00000000E+00 Sulfur  
2.00000000E+00 Carbon  
0.00000000E+00 Positron  
0.00000000E+00 Neutron  
0.00000000E+00 Air  
0.00000000E+00 Boron  
0.00000000E+00 Krypton  
0.00000000E+00 Xenon  
0.00000000E+00 Th(TV)  
0.00000000E+00 Ac(III)  
0.00000000E+00 Np(V)  
0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(CL)  
0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus  
0.00000000E+00 Electron  
-2.22044606E-15 Charge  
  
'MOLES', 'EXACT',  
1.11018303E+02 Hydrogen  
3.15508652E+01 Oxygen  
1.56100000E+01 Sodium  
0.00000000E+00 Potassium  
0.00000000E+00 Magnesium  
0.00000000E+00 Calcium  
1.01000000E+00 Chlorine  
0.00000000E+00 Sulfur  
2.00000000E+00 Carbon  
0.00000000E+00 Positron  
0.00000000E+00 Neutron  
0.00000000E+00 Air  
0.00000000E+00 Boron
```



Appendix H: Sample Input File "Np\_NaCl\_BM.IN"

```
43 0.00000000E+00 Bromine
44 0.00000000E+00 TracerEl
45 0.00000000E+00 I131I
46 0.00000000E+00 Ar(III)
47 0.00000000E+00 U(VI)
48 0.00000000E+01 Np(V)
49 0.00000000E+02 ClO4-(II)
50 0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus
51 0.00000000E+00 Fluorine
52 -0.00000000E+00 Charge
53
54 15 2.13983 0.002580 1.00000000 'ADYVARIABLE'
55 'MAINFAS',
56 'CONTAIN',
57 'ASDIFF',
58 'REDIANT',
59 'SPONSOR', 'ANALYTIC',
60
61 20 1 20 'ALOTS' 10
62 'REGRAD' 'LINEAR'
63 'TRAC FLO' 'HTRG PHAS' 'UMASS TR'
64
65 0.100 0.100 0.100
66 1.0-7 0.100 0.10000000 0.100 0.100 'RASFLIF' 'LMSFLIF'
67 'PROLES' 'REKACT' 'Pair old pure H2O'
68 0.00000000E+02 Hydrogen
69 0.00000000E+01 Oxygen
70 0.00000000E+00 Sodium
71 0.00000000E+00 Potassium
72 0.00000000E+00 Magnesium
73 0.00000000E+00 Calcium
74 0.00000000E+00 Chlorine
75 0.00000000E+00 Sulfur
76 0.00000000E+00 Carbon
77 0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus
78 0.00000000E+00 Neptunium
79 0.00000000E+00 Air
80 0.00000000E+00 Boron
81 0.00000000E+00 Bromine
82 0.00000000E+00 TracerEl
83 0.00000000E+00 Pu(III)
84 0.00000000E+00 Ar(III)
85 0.00000000E+00 U(VI)
86 0.00000000E+00 Np(V)
87 0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(II)
88 0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus
89 0.00000000E+00 Fluorine
90 0.00000000E+00 Charge
91
92 1.d-12 1.k-20 (fracture, matrix permeabilities)
93 'TYPORON' 'REFLASH' (NOFLASH or PFLASH, default is all flash)
94 'VAP_LQ_RHO' 1074.9d0
95 'INC X DIFF',
96 'UNIFORM', 0
97
98 'TITRATE', 'ASREAD', 0.1d0, 10.d0, 'NINJSOLIDS'
99 0.10000
```



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Appendix H: Sample Input File "Np\_NaCl\_BM.IN"

02 0.14251  
03 0.16  
04 0.18  
05 0.20309  
06 0.22  
07 0.24  
08 0.26  
09 0.28943  
10 0.41246  
11 0.58780  
12 1.1938  
13 3.4551  
14 10.000







Appendix I: Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT and References Cited in Listing

173	1	.04835	.2122	.0	-.00084	K+ Cl-	HMW84
174	1	.04995	.7793	.0	.0	K+ SO4=	HMW84
175	1	-.0003	.1735	.0	.0	K+ HSO4-	HMW84
176	1	.1298	.320	.0	.0041	K+ OH-	HMW84
177	1	.0296	-.013	.0	-.008	K+ HCO3-	HMW84
178	1	.1488	1.43	.0	-.0015	K+ CO3=	HMW84
179	1	.035	.14	.0	.0	K+ B(OH)4-	FW86
180	1	-.13	.0	.0	.0	K+ B3O3(OH)4-	FW86
181	1	-.022	.0	.0	.0	K+ B4O5(OH)4=	FW86
182	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	K+ Br-	
183	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	K+ Am(CO3)2-	
184	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	K+ Am(CO3)3=-	
185	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	K+ ClO4-	
186	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	K+ NpO2(OH)2-	
187	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	K+ NpO2CO3-	
188	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	K+ NpO2(CO3)2=-	
189	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	K+ NpO2(CO3)3=-	
190	1	-.0678	-.1042	.0	.0	K+ H2PO4-	P91
191	1	.0248	1.274	.0	.0164	K+ HPO4=	P91
192	1	.3729	3.972	.0	-.08680	K+ PO4=-	P91
193	1	.3159	1.614	.0	-.00034	Ca++ Cl-	HMW84
194	2	.20	3.1973	-54.24	.0	Ca++ SO4=	HMW84
195	1	.2145	2.53	.0	.0	Ca++ HSO4-	HMW84
196	1	-.1747	-.2303	-5.72	.0	Ca++ OH-	HMW84
197	1	.4	2.977	.0	.0	Ca++ HCO3-	HMW84
198	2	.0	.0	.0	.0	Ca++ CO3=	HMW84
199	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Ca++ B(OH)4-	FW86
200	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Ca++ B3O3(OH)4-	FW86
201	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Ca++ B4O5(OH)4=	FW86
202	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Ca++ Br-	
203	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Ca++ Am(CO3)2-	
204	3	.0	.0	.0	.0	Ca++ Am(CO3)3=-	
205	1	.4511	1.756	.0	-.00500	Ca++ ClO4-	P91
206	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Ca++ NpO2(OH)2-	
207	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Ca++ NpO2CO3-	
208	3	.0	.0	.0	.0	Ca++ NpO2(CO3)2=-	
209	3	.0	.0	.0	.0	Ca++ NpO2(CO3)3=-	
210	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Ca++ H2PO4-	
211	2	.0	.0	.0	.0	Ca++ HPO4=	
212	3	.0	.0	.0	.0	Ca++ PO4=-	
213	1	.35235	1.6815	.0	.00519	Mg++ Cl-	HMW84
214	2	.2210	3.343	-37.23	.025	Mg++ SO4=	HMW84
215	1	.4746	1.729	.0	.0	Mg++ HSO4-	HMW84
216	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ OH-	HMW84
217	1	.329	.6072	.0	.0	Mg++ HCO3-	HMW84
218	2	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ CO3=	HMW84
219	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ B(OH)4-	FW86
220	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ B3O3(OH)4-	FW86
221	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ B4O5(OH)4=	FW86
222	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ Br-	
223	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ Am(CO3)2-	
224	3	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ Am(CO3)3=-	
225	1	.4961	2.008	.0	.009578	Mg++ ClO4-	P91
226	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ NpO2(OH)2-	
227	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ NpO2CO3-	
228	3	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ NpO2(CO3)2=-	
229	3	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ NpO2(CO3)3=-	
230	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ H2PO4-	
231	2	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ HPO4=	
232	3	.0	.0	.0	.0	Mg++ PO4=-	
233	1	-.10	1.658	.0	.0	MgOH+ Cl-	HMW84
234	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ SO4=	HMW84
235	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ HSO4-	HMW84
236	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ OH-	HMW84
237	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ HCO3-	HMW84
238	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ CO3=	HMW84
239	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ B(OH)4-	
240	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ B3O3(OH)4-	
241	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ B4O5(OH)4=	
242	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ Br-	
243	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ Am(CO3)2-	
244	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ Am(CO3)3=-	
245	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ ClO4-	
246	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ NpO2(OH)2-	
247	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ NpO2CO3-	
248	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ NpO2(CO3)2=-	
249	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ NpO2(CO3)3=-	
250	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ H2PO4-	
251	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ HPO4=	
252	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgOH+ PO4=-	
253	1	.1775	.2945	.0	.0008	H+ Cl-	HMW84
254	1	.0298	.0	.0	.0438	H+ SO4=	HMW84
255	1	.2065	.5556	.0	.0	H+ HSO4-	HMW84
256	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ OH-	HMW84
257	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ HCO3-	HMW84
258	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ CO3=	HMW84



Appendix I: Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT and References Cited in Listing

271	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ B(OH)4-	FW86
272	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ B3O3(OH)4-	FW86
273	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ B4O5(OH)4=	FW86
274	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ Br-	
275	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ Am(CO3)2-	
276	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ Am(CO3)3=-	
277	1	.1747	.2931	.0	.00819	H+ ClO4-	P91
278	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ NpO2(OH)2-	
279	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ NpO2CO3-	
280	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ NpO2(CO3)2=-	
281	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ NpO2(CO3)3=-	
282	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ H2PO4-	
283	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ HPO4=	
284	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	H+ PO4=-	
285	1	.16	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ Cl-	HMW84
286	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ SO4=	HMW84
287	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ HSO4-	HMW84
288	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ OH-	HMW84
289	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ HCO3-	HMW84
290	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ CO3=	HMW84
291	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ B(OH)4-	
292	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ B3O3(OH)4-	
293	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ B4O5(OH)4=	
294	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ Br-	
295	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ Am(CO3)2-	
296	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ Am(CO3)3=-	
297	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ ClO4-	
298	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ NpO2(OH)2-	
299	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ NpO2CO3-	
300	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ NpO2(CO3)2=-	
301	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ NpO2(CO3)3=-	
302	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ H2PO4-	
303	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ HPO4=	
304	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	MgB(OH)4+ PO4=-	
305	1	.12	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ Cl-	
306	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ SO4=	HMW84
307	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ HSO4-	HMW84
308	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ OH-	HMW84
309	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ HCO3-	HMW84
310	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ CO3=	HMW84
311	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ B(OH)4-	
312	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ B3O3(OH)4-	
313	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ B4O5(OH)4=	
314	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ Br-	
315	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ Am(CO3)2-	
316	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ Am(CO3)3=-	
317	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ ClO4-	
318	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ NpO2(OH)2-	
319	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ NpO2CO3-	
320	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ NpO2(CO3)2=-	
321	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ NpO2(CO3)3=-	
322	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ H2PO4-	
323	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ HPO4=	
324	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	CaB(OH)4+ PO4=-	
325	1	.6117	5.403	.0	-0.0284	Am+++ Cl-	FRSR89
326	3	3.0398	.0	-2500	.0	Am+++ SO4=	RFF94
327	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ HSO4-	
328	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ OH-	
329	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ HCO3-	
330	3	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ CO3=	
331	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ B(OH)4-	
332	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ B3O3(OH)4-	
333	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ B4O5(OH)4=	
334	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ Br-	
335	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ Am(CO3)2-	
336	3	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ Am(CO3)3=-	
337	1	.80	5.35	.0	-0.0048	Am+++ ClO4-	FRF90
338	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ NpO2(OH)2-	
339	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ NpO2CO3-	
340	3	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ NpO2(CO3)2=-	
341	3	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ NpO2(CO3)3=-	
342	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ H2PO4-	RFF94
343	3	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ HPO4=	
344	3	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am+++ PO4=-	
345	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	AmCO3+ Cl-	
346	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	AmCO3+ SO4=	
347	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	AmCO3+ HSO4-	
348	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	AmCO3+ OH-	
349	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	AmCO3+ HCO3-	
350	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	AmCO3+ CO3=	
351	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	AmCO3+ B(OH)4-	
352	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	AmCO3+ B3O3(OH)4-	
353	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	AmCO3+ B4O5(OH)4=	
354	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	AmCO3+ Br-	
355	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	AmCO3+ Am(CO3)2-	
356	1	.0	.0	.0	.0	AmCO3+ Am(CO3)3=-	









Appendix I: Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT and References Cited in Listing

HMW	NP	AM	CO3	Br	Am	Np	H2PO4	HPO4	PO4	Ref	
602	.002	.012	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-CO3:
603	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-B(OH)4:
604	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-B3O3(OH)4:
605	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-B4O5(OH)4:
606	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-Br:
607	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-Am(CO3)2:
608	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-Am(CO3)3:
609	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-ClO4-:
610	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-NpO2(OH)2-:
611	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-NpO2CO3-:
612	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-NpO2(CO3)2==:
613	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-NpO2(CO3)3===:
614	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-H2PO4-:
615	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-HPO4=:
616	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	HCO3-PO4=-:
617	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	
618	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	CO3-B(OH)4-:
619	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	CO3-B3O3(OH)4:
620	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	CO3-B4O5(OH)4:
621	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	CO3-Br:
622	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	CO3-Am(CO3)2:
623	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	CO3-Am(CO3)3:
624	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	CO3-ClO4-:
625	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	CO3-NpO2(OH)2-:
626	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	CO3-NpO2CO3-:
627	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	CO3-NpO2(CO3)2==:
628	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	CO3-NpO2(CO3)3===:
629	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	CO3-H2PO4-:
630	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	CO3-HPO4=:
631	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	CO3-PO4=-:
632	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	
633	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B(OH)4-B3O3(OH)4:
634	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B(OH)4-B4O5(OH)4:
635	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B(OH)4-Br:
636	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B(OH)4-Am(CO3)2:
637	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B(OH)4-Am(CO3)3:
638	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B(OH)4-ClO4-:
639	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B(OH)4-NpO2(OH)2-:
640	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B(OH)4-NpO2CO3-:
641	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B(OH)4-NpO2(CO3)2==:
642	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B(OH)4-NpO2(CO3)3===:
643	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B(OH)4-H2PO4-:
644	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B(OH)4-HPO4=:
645	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B(OH)4-PO4=-:
646	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	
647	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B3O3(OH)4-B4O5(OH)4:
648	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B3O3(OH)4-Br:
649	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B3O3(OH)4-Am(CO3)2:
650	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B3O3(OH)4-Am(CO3)3:
651	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B3O3(OH)4-ClO4-:
652	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B3O3(OH)4-NpO2(OH)2-
653	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B3O3(OH)4-NpO2CO3-:
654	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B3O3(OH)4-NpO2(CO3)2==:
655	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B3O3(OH)4-NpO2(CO3)3===:
656	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B3O3(OH)4-H2PO4-:
657	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B3O3(OH)4-HPO4=:
658	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B3O3(OH)4-PO4=-:
659	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	
660	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B4O5(OH)4=Br:
661	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B4O5(OH)4=Am(CO3)2:
662	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B4O5(OH)4=Am(CO3)3:
663	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B4O5(OH)4=ClO4-:
664	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B4O5(OH)4=NpO2(OH)2-
665	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B4O5(OH)4=NpO2CO3-:
666	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B4O5(OH)4=NpO2(CO3)2==:
667	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B4O5(OH)4=NpO2(CO3)3===:
668	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B4O5(OH)4=H2PO4-:
669	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B4O5(OH)4=HPO4=:
670	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	B4O5(OH)4=PO4=-:
671	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	
672	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Br-Am(CO3)2:
673	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Br-Am(CO3)3:
674	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Br-ClO4-:
675	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Br-NpO2(OH)2-:
676	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Br-NpO2CO3-:
677	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Br-NpO2(CO3)2==:
678	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Br-NpO2(CO3)3===:
679	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Br-H2PO4-:
680	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Br-HPO4=:
681	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Br-PO4=-:
682	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	
683	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am(CO3)2-Am(CO3)3:
684	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am(CO3)2-ClO4-:
685	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am(CO3)2-NpO2(OH)2-:
686	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am(CO3)2-NpO2CO3-:
687	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am(CO3)2-NpO2(CO3)2==:
688	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am(CO3)2-NpO2(CO3)3===:
689	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am(CO3)2-H2PO4-:
690	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	Am(CO3)2-HPO4=:







## I.2 References Cited in Listing

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Appendix J: OUTPUT File Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT

Appendix J: OUTPUT File Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT

See Table 24 for explanation of this listing.

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1 Temperature is Hard Coded as 298.15K
2 [.FD.TITRATE]BATCH_DOC.in; to illustrate/document "BATCH" runs          FMT V2.0
3 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-C1O4 (NR94);
4 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
5
6 Accuracy of reactions is          1.0000E-06
7 Minimum elemental abundance is    1.0000E-18
8 Number of Aqueous Species is      50
9
10
11 Species Order for Pitzer Parameters
12
13 Cations
14
15 Na+          K+          Ca++          Mg++
16 MgOH+        H+          MgB(OH)4+    CaB(OH)4+
17 Am+++        AmCO3+      Th++++       UO2++
18 NpO2+
19
20 Anions
21
22 Cl-          SO4=        HSO4-        OH-
23 HCO3-        CO3=        B(OH)4-      B3O3(OH)4-
24 B4O5(OH)4=   Br-        Am(CO3)2-    Am(CO3)3=-
25 ClO4-        pe NpO2(OH)2-  NpO2CO3-    NpO2(CO3)2=-
26 NpO2(CO3)3=- H2PO4-     HPO4=        PO4=-
27
28
29 Neutral
30
31 CO2(aq)      CaCO3(aq)   MgCO3(aq)    B(OH)3(aq)
32 NpO2OH(aq)  H3PO4(aq)
33
34 Cation-Anion Binary Interaction Parameters
35
36 Cation      Anion      Beta(0)      Beta(1)      Beta(2)      Cphi      Alpha-Values
37 Na+        Cl-        0.07650      0.26440      0.00000      0.00127    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
38 Na+        SO4=      0.01958      1.11300      0.00000      0.00497    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
39 Na+        HSO4-     0.04540      0.39800      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
40 Na+        OH-       0.08640      0.25300      0.00000      0.00440    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
41 Na+        HCO3-     0.02770      0.04110      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
42 Na+        CO3=      0.03990      1.38900      0.00000      0.00440    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
43 Na+        B(OH)4-   -0.04270     0.08900      0.00000      0.01140    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
44 Na+        B3O3(OH)4- -0.05600     -0.91000     0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
45 Na+        B4O5(OH)4= -0.11000     -0.40000     0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
46 Na+        Br-       0.00000      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
47 Na+        Am(CO3)2- 0.00000      -8.37000     0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
48 Na+        Am(CO3)3=- -0.94000     8.10000      0.00000      0.41800    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
49 Na+        ClO4-     0.05540      0.27550      0.00000      -0.00118   (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
50 Na+        NpO2(OH)2- 0.00000      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
51 Na+        NpO2CO3-  0.16100      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
52 Na+        NpO2(CO3)2=- 0.40700      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
53 Na+        NpO2(CO3)3=- 1.97000      16.00000     0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
54 Na+        H2PO4-    -0.05330     0.03960      0.00000      0.00795    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
55 Na+        HPO4=     -0.05830     1.46600      0.00000      0.02940    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
56 Na+        PO4=-     0.17810      3.85100      0.00000      -0.05154   (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
57 K+        Cl-       0.04835      0.21220      0.00000      -0.00084   (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
58 K+        SO4=     0.04995      0.77930      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
59 K+        HSO4-    -0.00030     0.17350      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
60 K+        OH-      0.12980      0.32000      0.00000      0.00410    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
61 K+        HCO3-    0.02960     -0.01300     0.00000      -0.00800   (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
62 K+        CO3=     0.14880      1.43000      0.00000      -0.00150   (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
63 K+        B(OH)4-  0.03500      0.14000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
64 K+        B3O3(OH)4- -0.13000     0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
65 K+        B4O5(OH)4= -0.02200     0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
66 K+        Br-      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
67 K+        Am(CO3)2- 0.00000      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
68 K+        Am(CO3)3=- 0.00000      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
69 K+        ClO4-    0.00000      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
70 K+        NpO2(OH)2- 0.00000      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
71 K+        NpO2CO3-  0.00000      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
72 K+        NpO2(CO3)2=- 0.00000      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
73 K+        NpO2(CO3)3=- 0.00000      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
74 K+        H2PO4-    -0.06780     -0.10420     0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
75 K+        HPO4=     0.02480      1.27400      0.00000      0.01640    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
76 K+        PO4=-     0.37290      3.97200      0.00000      -0.08680   (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
77 Ca++       Cl-      0.31590      1.61400      0.00000      -0.00034   (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
78 Ca++       SO4=     0.20000      3.19730     -54.24000     0.00000    (1.4,12) 2-2
79 Ca++       HSO4-    0.21450      2.53000      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
80 Ca++       OH-     -0.17470     -0.23030     -5.72000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
81 Ca++       HCO3-    0.40000      2.97700      0.00000      0.00000    (2.0,12) 1-1,1-2,1-3
82 Ca++       CO3=     0.00000      0.00000      0.00000      0.00000    (1.4,12) 2-2

```

Appendix J: OUTPUT File Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT

83	Ca++	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
84	Ca++	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
85	Ca++	B4O5(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
86	Ca++	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
87	Ca++	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
88	Ca++	Am(CO3)3--	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(m>2)
89	Ca++	ClO4-	0.45110	1.75600	0.00000	-0.00500	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
90	Ca++	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
91	Ca++	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
92	Ca++	NpO2(CO3)2==	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(m>2)
93	Ca++	NpO2(CO3)3===	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(m>2)
94	Ca++	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
95	Ca++	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,12)	2-2
96	Ca++	PO4--	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(m>2)
97	Mg++	Cl-	0.35235	1.68150	0.00000	0.00519	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
98	Mg++	SO4=	0.22100	3.34300	-37.23000	0.02500	(1.4,12)	2-2
99	Mg++	HSO4-	0.47460	1.72900	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
100	Mg++	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
101	Mg++	HCO3-	0.32900	0.60720	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
102	Mg++	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,12)	2-2
103	Mg++	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
104	Mg++	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
105	Mg++	B4O5(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
106	Mg++	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
107	Mg++	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
108	Mg++	Am(CO3)3--	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(m>2)
109	Mg++	ClO4-	0.49610	2.00800	0.00000	0.00958	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
110	Mg++	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
111	Mg++	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
112	Mg++	NpO2(CO3)2==	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(m>2)
113	Mg++	NpO2(CO3)3===	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(m>2)
114	Mg++	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
115	Mg++	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,12)	2-2
116	Mg++	PO4--	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(m>2)
117	MgOH+	Cl-	-0.10000	1.65800	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
118	MgOH+	SO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
119	MgOH+	HSO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
120	MgOH+	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
121	MgOH+	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
122	MgOH+	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
123	MgOH+	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
124	MgOH+	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
125	MgOH+	B4O5(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
126	MgOH+	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
127	MgOH+	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
128	MgOH+	Am(CO3)3--	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
129	MgOH+	ClO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
130	MgOH+	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
131	MgOH+	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
132	MgOH+	NpO2(CO3)2==	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
133	MgOH+	NpO2(CO3)3===	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
134	MgOH+	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
135	MgOH+	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
136	MgOH+	PO4--	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
137	H+	Cl-	0.17750	0.29450	0.00000	0.00080	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
138	H+	SO4=	0.02980	0.00000	0.00000	0.04380	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
139	H+	HSO4-	0.20650	0.55560	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
140	H+	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
141	H+	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
142	H+	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
143	H+	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
144	H+	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
145	H+	B4O5(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
146	H+	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
147	H+	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
148	H+	Am(CO3)3--	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
149	H+	ClO4-	0.17470	0.29310	0.00000	0.00819	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
150	H+	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
151	H+	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
152	H+	NpO2(CO3)2==	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
153	H+	NpO2(CO3)3===	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
154	H+	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
155	H+	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
156	H+	PO4--	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
157	MgB(OH)4+	Cl-	0.16000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
158	MgB(OH)4+	SO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
159	MgB(OH)4+	HSO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
160	MgB(OH)4+	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
161	MgB(OH)4+	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
162	MgB(OH)4+	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
163	MgB(OH)4+	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
164	MgB(OH)4+	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
165	MgB(OH)4+	B4O5(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
166	MgB(OH)4+	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
167	MgB(OH)4+	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
168	MgB(OH)4+	Am(CO3)3--	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
169	MgB(OH)4+	ClO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
170	MgB(OH)4+	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
171	MgB(OH)4+	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
172	MgB(OH)4+	NpO2(CO3)2==	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3

Appendix J: OUTPUT File Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT

173	MgB(OH)4+	NpO2(CO3)3==	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
174	MgB(OH)4+	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
175	MgB(OH)4+	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
176	MgB(OH)4+	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
177	CaB(OH)4+	Cl-	0.12000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
178	CaB(OH)4+	SO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
179	CaB(OH)4+	HSO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
180	CaB(OH)4+	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
181	CaB(OH)4+	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
182	CaB(OH)4+	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
183	CaB(OH)4+	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
184	CaB(OH)4+	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
185	CaB(OH)4+	B4O5(OH)4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
186	CaB(OH)4+	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
187	CaB(OH)4+	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
188	CaB(OH)4+	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
189	CaB(OH)4+	ClO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
190	CaB(OH)4+	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
191	CaB(OH)4+	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
192	CaB(OH)4+	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
193	CaB(OH)4+	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
194	CaB(OH)4+	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
195	CaB(OH)4+	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
196	CaB(OH)4+	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
197	Am+++	Cl-	0.61170	5.40300	0.00000	-0.02840	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
198	Am+++	SO4=	3.03980	0.00000	-2500.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(n>2)
199	Am+++	HSO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
200	Am+++	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
201	Am+++	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
202	Am+++	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(n>2)
203	Am+++	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
204	Am+++	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
205	Am+++	B4O5(OH)4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
206	Am+++	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
207	Am+++	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
208	Am+++	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(n>2)
209	Am+++	ClO4-	0.80000	5.35000	0.00000	-0.00480	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
210	Am+++	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
211	Am+++	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
212	Am+++	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(n>2)
213	Am+++	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(n>2)
214	Am+++	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	-92.90000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
215	Am+++	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(n>2)
216	Am+++	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(n>2)
217	AmCO3+	Cl-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
218	AmCO3+	SO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
219	AmCO3+	HSO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
220	AmCO3+	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
221	AmCO3+	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
222	AmCO3+	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
223	AmCO3+	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
224	AmCO3+	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
225	AmCO3+	B4O5(OH)4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
226	AmCO3+	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
227	AmCO3+	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
228	AmCO3+	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
229	AmCO3+	ClO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
230	AmCO3+	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
231	AmCO3+	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
232	AmCO3+	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
233	AmCO3+	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
234	AmCO3+	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
235	AmCO3+	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
236	AmCO3+	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
237	Th++++	Cl-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
238	Th++++	SO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(n>2)
239	Th++++	HSO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
240	Th++++	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
241	Th++++	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
242	Th++++	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(n>2)
243	Th++++	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
244	Th++++	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
245	Th++++	B4O5(OH)4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
246	Th++++	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
247	Th++++	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
248	Th++++	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(n>2)
249	Th++++	ClO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
250	Th++++	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
251	Th++++	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
252	Th++++	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(n>2)
253	Th++++	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(n>2)
254	Th++++	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
255	Th++++	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(n>2)
256	Th++++	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,50)	2-(n>2)
257	UO2++	Cl-	0.42740	1.64400	0.00000	-0.03686	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
258	UO2++	SO4=	0.32200	1.82700	0.00000	-0.01760	(1.4,12)	2-2
259	UO2++	HSO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
260	UO2++	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
261	UO2++	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(2.0,12)	1-1,1-2,1-3
262	UO2++	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	(1.4,12)	2-2















Appendix J: OUTPUT File Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT

833	SO4=	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
834	SO4=	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
835	SO4=	C1O4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
836	SO4=	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
837	SO4=	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
838	SO4=	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
839	SO4=	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
840	SO4=	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
841	SO4=	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
842	SO4=	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
843	HSO4-	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
844	HSO4-	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
845	HSO4-	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
846	HSO4-	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
847	HSO4-	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
848	HSO4-	B4O5(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
849	HSO4-	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
850	HSO4-	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
851	HSO4-	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
852	HSO4-	C1O4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
853	HSO4-	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
854	HSO4-	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
855	HSO4-	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
856	HSO4-	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
857	HSO4-	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
858	HSO4-	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
859	HSO4-	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
860	OH-	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
861	OH-	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
862	OH-	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
863	OH-	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
864	OH-	B4O5(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
865	OH-	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
866	OH-	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
867	OH-	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
868	OH-	C1O4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
869	OH-	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
870	OH-	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
871	OH-	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
872	OH-	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
873	OH-	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
874	OH-	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
875	OH-	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
876	HCO3-	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
877	HCO3-	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
878	HCO3-	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
879	HCO3-	B4O5(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
880	HCO3-	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
881	HCO3-	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
882	HCO3-	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
883	HCO3-	C1O4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
884	HCO3-	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
885	HCO3-	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
886	HCO3-	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
887	HCO3-	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
888	HCO3-	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
889	HCO3-	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
890	HCO3-	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
891	CO3=	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
892	CO3=	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
893	CO3=	B4O5(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
894	CO3=	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
895	CO3=	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
896	CO3=	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
897	CO3=	C1O4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
898	CO3=	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
899	CO3=	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
900	CO3=	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
901	CO3=	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
902	CO3=	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
903	CO3=	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
904	CO3=	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
905	B(OH)4-	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
906	B(OH)4-	B4O5(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
907	B(OH)4-	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
908	B(OH)4-	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
909	B(OH)4-	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
910	B(OH)4-	C1O4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
911	B(OH)4-	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
912	B(OH)4-	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
913	B(OH)4-	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
914	B(OH)4-	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
915	B(OH)4-	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
916	B(OH)4-	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
917	B(OH)4-	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
918	B3O3(OH)4-	B4O5(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
919	B3O3(OH)4-	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
920	B3O3(OH)4-	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
921	B3O3(OH)4-	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
922	B3O3(OH)4-	C1O4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000



Appendix J: OUTPUT File Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT

Neutral-Anion Binary Interactions: lambda(n,a)							
		CO2(aq)	CaCO3(aq)	MgCO3(aq)	B(OH)3(aq)	NpO2OH(aq)	H3PO4(aq)
997	Cl-	-0.0050C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0910C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	SO4=	0.0970C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0180C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	HSO4-	-0.0030C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	OH-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	HCO3-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	CO3=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	B(OH)4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	B3O3(OH)4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	-0.2000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	B4O5(OH)4=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Br-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Am(CO3)2-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Am(CO3)3=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	ClO4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	NpO2(OH)2-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	NpO2CO3-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	H2PO4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	-0.4000C
999	HPO4=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	PO4=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
Neutral-Cation-Anion Ternary Interactions: zeta(n,c,a)							
		CO2(aq)	CaCO3(aq)	MgCO3(aq)	B(OH)3(aq)	NpO2OH(aq)	H3PO4(aq)
999	Na+	Cl-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	SO4=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0460C	0.0000C
999	Na+	HSO4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	OH-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	HCO3-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	CO3=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	B(OH)4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	B3O3(OH)4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	B4O5(OH)4=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	Br-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	Am(CO3)2-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	Am(CO3)3=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	ClO4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	NpO2(OH)2-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	NpO2CO3-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	H2PO4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	HPO4=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Na+	PO4=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	Cl-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	SO4=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	HSO4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	OH-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	HCO3-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	CO3=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	B(OH)4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	B3O3(OH)4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	B4O5(OH)4=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	Br-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	Am(CO3)2-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	Am(CO3)3=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	ClO4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	NpO2(OH)2-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	NpO2CO3-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	H2PO4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	HPO4=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	K+	PO4=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	Cl-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	SO4=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	HSO4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	OH-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	HCO3-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	CO3=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	B(OH)4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	B3O3(OH)4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	B4O5(OH)4=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	Br-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	Am(CO3)2-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	Am(CO3)3=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	ClO4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	NpO2(OH)2-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	NpO2CO3-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	H2PO4-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	HPO4=	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C
999	Ca++	PO4=-	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C	0.0000C

Appendix J: OUTPUT File Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT

1073	Mg++	Cl-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1074	Mg++	SO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1075	Mg++	HSO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1076	Mg++	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1077	Mg++	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1078	Mg++	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1079	Mg++	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1080	Mg++	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1081	Mg++	B4O5(OH)4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1082	Mg++	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1083	Mg++	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1084	Mg++	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1085	Mg++	ClO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1086	Mg++	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1087	Mg++	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1088	Mg++	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1089	Mg++	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1090	Mg++	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1091	Mg++	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1092	Mg++	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1093	MgOH+	Cl-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1094	MgOH+	SO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1095	MgOH+	HSO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1096	MgOH+	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1097	MgOH+	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1098	MgOH+	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1099	MgOH+	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1100	MgOH+	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1101	MgOH+	B4O5(OH)4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1102	MgOH+	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1103	MgOH+	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1104	MgOH+	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1105	MgOH+	ClO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1106	MgOH+	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1107	MgOH+	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1108	MgOH+	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1109	MgOH+	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1110	MgOH+	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1111	MgOH+	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1112	MgOH+	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1113	H+	Cl-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.01020	0.00000	0.00000
1114	H+	SO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1115	H+	HSO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1116	H+	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1117	H+	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1118	H+	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1119	H+	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1120	H+	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1121	H+	B4O5(OH)4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1122	H+	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1123	H+	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1124	H+	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1125	H+	ClO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1126	H+	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1127	H+	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1128	H+	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1129	H+	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1130	H+	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1131	H+	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1132	H+	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1133	MgB(OH)4+	Cl-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1134	MgB(OH)4+	SO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1135	MgB(OH)4+	HSO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1136	MgB(OH)4+	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1137	MgB(OH)4+	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1138	MgB(OH)4+	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1139	MgB(OH)4+	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1140	MgB(OH)4+	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1141	MgB(OH)4+	B4O5(OH)4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1142	MgB(OH)4+	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1143	MgB(OH)4+	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1144	MgB(OH)4+	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1145	MgB(OH)4+	ClO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1146	MgB(OH)4+	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1147	MgB(OH)4+	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1148	MgB(OH)4+	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1149	MgB(OH)4+	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1150	MgB(OH)4+	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1151	MgB(OH)4+	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1152	MgB(OH)4+	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1153	CaB(OH)4+	Cl-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1154	CaB(OH)4+	SO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1155	CaB(OH)4+	HSO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1156	CaB(OH)4+	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1157	CaB(OH)4+	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1158	CaB(OH)4+	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1159	CaB(OH)4+	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1160	CaB(OH)4+	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1161	CaB(OH)4+	B4O5(OH)4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1162	CaB(OH)4+	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000





Appendix J: OUTPUT File Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.CHEMDAT

1231	NpO2+	Cl-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1232	NpO2+	SO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1233	NpO2+	HSO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1234	NpO2+	OH-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1235	NpO2+	HCO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1236	NpO2+	CO3=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1237	NpO2+	B(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1238	NpO2+	B3O3(OH)4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1239	NpO2+	B4O5(OH)4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1240	NpO2+	Br-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1241	NpO2+	Am(CO3)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1242	NpO2+	Am(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1243	NpO2+	ClO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1244	NpO2+	NpO2(OH)2-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1245	NpO2+	NpO2CO3-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1246	NpO2+	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1247	NpO2+	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1248	NpO2+	H2PO4-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1249	NpO2+	HPO4=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1250	NpO2+	PO4=-	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000

1251 using PITZER ACTIVITY COEFFICIENT model  
 1252 Charge Balance replaces element Oxygen

1253 this is a BATCH problem

1254 Ideal Gas Constant is Unity (Dimensionless)  
 1255 Temperature = 298.15 [=] degree Kelvin

1256 115 Species 23 Elements

Element Name	Molecular Weight
Hydrogen	1.00790
Oxygen	15.99940
Sodium	22.98977
Potassium	39.09830
Magnesium	24.30500
Calcium	40.08000
Chlorine	35.45300
Sulfur	32.06000
Carbon	12.01100
PosIon	0.00000
NegIon	0.00000
Air	28.84000
Boron	10.81000
Bromine	79.90400
TracerEL	0.00000
Th(IV)	232.03810
Am(III)	243.00000
U(VI)	238.02900
Np(V)	237.04820
ClO4-(EL)	99.45060
Phosphorus	30.97400
Electron	0.00000
Charge	0.00000

Species Name	Phase	Mol.Wt.	Std Chemical Potential, u/RT
1 H2O	WATER aqueous	18.015	-95.663
2 Na+	Na+ aqueous	22.990	-105.651
3 K+	K+ aqueous	39.098	-113.957
4 Ca++	Ca++ aqueous	40.080	-223.300
5 Mg++	Mg++ aqueous	24.305	-183.468
6 MgOH+	MgOH+ aqueous	41.312	-251.940
7 H+	H+ aqueous	1.008	0.000
8 Cl-	Cl- aqueous	35.453	-52.955
9 SO4=	SO4= aqueous	96.058	-300.386
10 HSO4-	HSO4- aqueous	97.066	-304.942
11 OH-	OH- aqueous	17.007	-63.435
12 HCO3-	HCO3- aqueous	61.017	-236.751
13 CO3=	CO3= aqueous	60.009	-212.944
14 CO2(aq)	CO2(aq) aqueous	44.010	-155.680
15 CaCO3(aq)	CaCO3(aq) aqueous	100.089	-443.500
16 MgCO3(aq)	MgCO3(aq) aqueous	84.314	-403.155
17 B(OH)3(aq)	B(OH)3(aq) aqueous	61.832	-390.810
18 B(OH)4-	B(OH)4- aqueous	78.839	-465.200
19 B3O3(OH)4-	B3O3(OH)4- aqueous	148.457	-963.770
20 B4O5(OH)4=	B4O5(OH)4= aqueous	191.266	-1239.100
21 CaB(OH)4+	CaB(OH)4+ aqueous	118.919	-692.300
22 MgB(OH)4+	MgB(OH)4+ aqueous	103.144	-651.890
23 Br-	Br- aqueous	79.904	-999.990
24 ClO4-	perchlorate ClO4- aqueous	99.451	-999.990
25 NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only	aqueous	39.997	500.000
26 HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only	aqueous	36.461	500.000
27 HClO4(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only	aqueous	100.459	500.000
28 PosIon.....POSITIVE.ION	aqueous	0.000	0.000
29 NegIon.....NEGATIVE.ION	aqueous	0.000	0.000
30 PosIon(OH)(aq).....to.titrate.base	aqueous	17.007	500.000







Appendix K: Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.RHOMIN and References Cited in Listing

**Appendix K: Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.RHOMIN and References Cited in Listing**

**K.1 Listing**

**See Table 25 for explanation of this listing.**

2	2.d3	'Np(V)O2OH(aged)....Np(V)O2OH(aged)'		
3	2.d3	'Np(V)O2OH(amor)....Np(V)O2OH(amor)'		
4	2.d3	'NaNp(V)O2CO3(s)....NaNp(V)O2CO3(s)'		
5	2.d3	'NaNpO2CO3Na2CO3(s)Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)'		
6	2.d3	AmOHC03(c)		
7	2.d3	Am(OH)3(s)		
8	2.d3	NaAm(CO3)2.6H2O(c)		
9	2.d3	AmPO4(c)		
10	2980.d0	CaSO4	Anhydrite	CRC p.B-181:185
11	2.d3	NaK3(SO4)2	Aphthitalite/Glaserite	
12	2.d3	CaCl2.6H2O	Antarcticite	
13	2940.d0	CaCO3	Aragonite	CRC p.B-181:185
14	2663.d0	K2SO4	Arcanite	CRC p.B-181:185
15	2.d3	MgCl2.6H2O	Bischofite	
16	2250.d0	Na2Mg(SO4)2.4H2O	Bloedite	CRC p.B-181:185
17	2390.d0	Mg(OH)2	Brucite	CRC p.B-181:185
18	2.d3	Na6CO3(SO4)2	Burkeite	
19	2828.d0	CaCO3	Calcite	CRC p.B-181:185
20	2.d3	CaCl2.4H2O	CaCl2 Tetrahydrate	
21	2.d3	Ca4Cl2(OH)6.13H2O	CaOxychloride A	
22	2.d3	Ca2Cl2(OH)2.H2O	CaOxychloride B	
23	1602.d0	KMgCl3.6H2O	Carnallite	CRC p.B-181:185
24	1677.d0	MgSO4.7H2O	Epsomite	CRC p.B-181:185
25	1991.d0	CaNa2(CO3)2.5H2O	Gaylussite	CRC p.B-181:185
26	2800.d0	Na2Ca(SO4)2	Glauberite	CRC p.B-181:185
27	2335.d0	CaSO4.2H2O	Gypsum	CRC p.B-181:185
28	2165.d0	NaCl	Halite	CRC p.B-181:185
29	2.d3	MgSO4.6H2O	Hexahydrate	
30	2150.d0	KMgClSO4.3H2O	Kainite	CRC p.B-181:185
31	2.d3	KHCO3	Kalcanite	
32	2571.d0	MgSO4.H2O	Kieserite	CRC p.B-181:185
33	2.d3	K2Mg(SO4)2.4H2O	Leonite	
34	2.d3	Na4Ca(SO4)3.2H2O	Labile Salt	
35	3210.d0	MgCO3	Magnesite	CRC p.B-181:185
36	2.d3	Mg2Cl(OH)3.4H2O	MgOxychloride	
37	2.d3	KHSO4	Mercallite	
38	1490.d0	Na2SO4.10H2O	Mirabilite	CRC p.B-181:185
39	2.d3	K8H6(SO4)7	Mixenite	
40	2.d3	NaHCO3	Nahcolite	
41	2.d3	Na2CO3.10H2O	Natron	
42	2.d3	MgCO3.3H2O	Nesquehonite	
43	2.d3	K2Mg(SO4)2.6H2O	Picromerite/Schoen	
44	2.d3	Na2Ca(CO3)2.2H2O	Pirssonite	
45	2.d3	K2MgCa2(SO4)4.2H2O	Polyhalite	
46	2.d3	Ca(OH)2	Portlandite	
47	2.d3	K2CO3.3/2H2O	Potassium Carbonate	
48	2.d3	K8H4(CO3)6.3H2O	K-Sequicarbonate	
49	2.d3	KNaCO3.6H2O	K-Na-Carbonate	
50	2.d3	K2NaH(CO3)2.2H2O	Potassium Trona	
51	2.d3	K3H(SO4)2	Sesquipotassium Sulfate	
52	2.d3	Na3H(SO4)2	Sesquisodium Sulfate	
53	2.d3	Na2CO3.7H2O	Na2CO3-Heptahydrate	
54	1990.d0	KCl	Sylvite	CRC p.B-181:185
55	2.d3	K2Ca(SO4)2.H2O	Syngenite	
56	2.d3	Mg2CaCl6.12H2O	Tachyhydrate	
57	2.d3	Na2SO4	Thenardite	
58	2255.d0	Na2CO3.H2O	Thermonatrite	CRC p.B-181:185
59	2140.d0	Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	Trona	CRC p.B-181:185
60	1715.d0	Na2B4O7.10H2O	Borax	CRC p.B-181:185
61	2.d3	B(OH)3	Borix Acid Solid	
62	2.d3	KB5O8.4H2O	K-Pentaborate (30 C)	
63	2.d3	K2B4O7.4H2O	K-Tetraborate (30 C)	
64	2.d3	NaBO2.4H2O	Sodium Metaborate	
65	2.d3	NaB5O8.5H2O	Sodium Pentaborate	
66	2.d3	NaBO2.NaCl.2H2O	Teepleite (20 C)	

**K.2 References Cited in Listing**

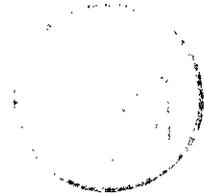
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Appendix K: Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.RHOMIN and References Cited in Listing

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Appendix L: Output File Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.RHOMIN

Appendix L: Output File Listing of HMW\_NP\_AM.RHOMIN

MINERAL DENSITIES, KG/M<sup>3</sup>, IN FILE \*RHOMIN\*

1	NpO2OH(aged)	NpO2OH(aged)	2000.0000000000
2	NpO2OH(amor)	NpO2OH(amor)	2000.0000000000
3	NaNpO2CO3(s)	NaNpO2CO3(s)	2000.0000000000
4	Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED		2000.0000000000
5	AmOHC03(c)	AmOHC03(c)	2000.0000000000
6	Am(OH)3(s)	Am(OH)3(s)	2000.0000000000
7	NaNAm(CO3)2.6H2O(c)		2000.0000000000
8	AmPO4(c)	AmPO4(c)	2000.0000000000
9	CaSO4	Anhydrite	2980.0000000000
10	NaK3(SO4)2_Aphthitalite/Glaserite		2000.0000000000
11	CaCl2.6H2O	Antarcticite	2000.0000000000
12	CaCO3	Aragonite	2940.0000000000
13	K2SO4	Arcanite	2663.0000000000
14	MgCl2.6H2O	Bischofite	2000.0000000000
15	Na2Mg(SO4)2.4H2O	Bloedite	2250.0000000000
16	Mg(OH)2	Brucite	2390.0000000000
17	Na6CO3(SO4)2	Burkeite	2000.0000000000
18	CaCO3	Calcite	2828.0000000000
19	CaCl2.4H2O	CaCl2_Tetrahydrate	2000.0000000000
20	Ca4Cl2(OH)6.13H2O_CaOxychloride A		2000.0000000000
21	Ca2Cl2(OH)2.H2O_CaOxychloride B		2000.0000000000
22	KMgCl3.6H2O	Carmallite	1602.0000000000
23	MgSO4.7H2O	Epsomite	1677.0000000000
24	CaNa2(CO3)2.5H2O	Gaylussite	1991.0000000000
25	Na2Ca(SO4)2	Glauberite	2800.0000000000
26	CaSO4.2H2O	Gypsum	2335.0000000000
27	NaCl	Halite	2165.0000000000
28	MgSO4.6H2O	Hexahydrate	2000.0000000000
29	KMgClSO4.3H2O	Kainite	2150.0000000000
30	KHCO3	Kalicinite	2000.0000000000
31	MgSO4.H2O	Kieserite	2571.0000000000
32	K2Mg(SO4)2.4H2O	Leonite	2000.0000000000
33	Na4Ca(SO4)3.2H2O	Labile_Salt	2000.0000000000
34	MgCO3	Magnesite	3210.0000000000
35	Mg2Cl(OH)3.4H2O	MgOxychloride	2000.0000000000
36	KHSO4	Mercallite	2000.0000000000
37	Na2SO4.10H2O	Mirabilite	1490.0000000000
38	K8H6(SO4)7	Misenite	2000.0000000000
39	NaHCO3	Nahcolite	2000.0000000000
40	Na2CO3.10H2O	Natron	2000.0000000000
41	MgCO3.3H2O	Nesquehonite	2000.0000000000
42	K2Mg(SO4)2.6H2O Picromerite/Schoen		2000.0000000000
43	Na2Ca(CO3)2.2H2O	Pirssonite	2000.0000000000
44	K2MgCa2(SO4)4.2H2O	Polyhalite	2000.0000000000
45	Ca(OH)2	Portlandite	2000.0000000000
46	K2CO3.3/2H2O	Potassium_Carbonate	2000.0000000000
47	K8H4(CO3)6.3H2O	K-Sequicarbonate	2000.0000000000
48	KNaCO3.6H2O	K-Na-Carbonate	2000.0000000000
49	K2NaH(CO3)2.2H2O	Potassium_Trona	2000.0000000000
50	K3H(SO4)2	Sesquipotassium_Sulfate	2000.0000000000
51	Na3H(SO4)2	Sesquisodium_Sulfate	2000.0000000000
52	Na2CO3.7H2O	Na2CO3-Heptahydrate	2000.0000000000
53	KCl	Sylvite	1990.0000000000
54	K2Ca(SO4)2.H2O	Syngenite	2000.0000000000
55	Mg2CaCl6.12H2O	Tachyhydrite	2000.0000000000
56	Na2SO4	Thenardite	2000.0000000000
57	Na2CO3.H2O	Thermonatrite	2255.0000000000
58	Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	Trona	2140.0000000000
59	Na2B4O7.10H2O	Borax	1715.0000000000
60	B(OH)3	Borix_Acid_Solid	2000.0000000000
61	KB5O8.4H2O	K-Pentaborate_(30_C)	2000.0000000000
62	K2B4O7.4H2O	K-Tetraborate_(30_C)	2000.0000000000
63	NaBO2.4H2O	Sodium_Metaborate	2000.0000000000
64	NaB5O8.5H2O	Sodium_Pentaborate	2000.0000000000
65	NaBO2.NaCl.2H2O	Teepelite_(20_C)	2000.0000000000



Appendix M: Sample Output File "BATCH\_DOC.OUT"

Appendix M: Sample Output File "BATCH\_DOC.OUT"

See Table 26 for explanation of this listing.

```

INPUT file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]BATCH_DOC.IN:1
INGUESS file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]BATCH_DOC.INGUESS:1
OUTPUT file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]BATCH_DOC.OUT:1
CHEMDAT file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]FMT_HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT:1
Temperature is Hard Coded as 298.15K
[.FD.TITRATE]BATCH_DOC.in: to illustrate/document 'BATCH' runs FMT V2.0
DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
  
```

```

*****ECHO PRINT OF "CHEMDAT" FILE WOULD BE HERE *****
SEE APPENDIX J
  
```

```

*****SOLUBILITY PRODUCT VIOLATION*****
** Mg(OH)2_____Brucite ** 1.00E+01 **
  
```

```

*****SOLUBILITY PRODUCT VIOLATION*****
** Mg2Cl(OH)3.4H2O_____MgOxychloride ** 6.69E+00 **
  
```

2 Solubility Product Violations

Adding solid Mg(OH)2\_\_\_\_\_Brucite

# inversions for batch pblm 85

```

[.FD.TITRATE]BATCH_DOC.in: to illustrate/document 'BATCH' runs FMT V2.0
  
```

```

DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
  
```

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
Using NaCl Density Correlation				
1.10222364E+02	1.11116160E+02	1.10794086E+02	1.11669359E+05	Hydrogen
5.51654821E+01	5.56118135E+01	5.54506206E+01	8.87176659E+05	Oxygen
2.00000000E-01	2.01625464E-01	2.01041045E-01	4.62188739E+03	Sodium
1.00000000E-02	1.00812732E-02	1.00520523E-02	3.93018155E+02	Potassium
1.00000000E-03	4.64673729E-08	4.63326856E-08	1.12611592E-03	Magnesium
1.00000000E-04	1.00812732E-04	1.00520523E-04	4.02886254E+00	Calcium
1.10000000E-01	1.10894005E-01	1.10572575E-01	3.92012950E+03	Chlorine
1.00000000E-03	1.00812732E-03	1.00520523E-03	3.22268795E+01	Sulfur
1.00000000E-04	1.00812732E-04	1.00520523E-04	1.20735200E+00	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	PosIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
1.00000000E-07	1.00812732E-07	1.00520523E-07	1.08662685E-03	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Np(V)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	ClO4-(EL)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
4.90605392E-17	4.94592698E-17	4.93159103E-17	0.00000000E+00	Charge

Solution Parameters, Calculated

SOLUTION MASS	1002.59976105542	grams
H2O MASS	991.938201296740	grams
TDS(g/kg)	10.7482096613917	g/kgH2O

Specified Solution Density

DENSITY	1007.81851904202	kg/m^3 = g/l
---------	------------------	--------------

Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density

SOLUTION VOL	0.994821728428285	liters
TDS	10.7170555829388	g/l

Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1007.81851904202 g/l

Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.000000000000000E+000 %

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	WATER	9.92444E-01	9.93023E-01	1.001	5.50612E+01	5.53478E+01	9.97101E+05
Na+	Na+	2.01625E-01	1.47085E-01	0.7295	2.00000E-01	2.01041E-01	4.62189E+03

Appendix M: Sample Output File "BATCH\_DOC.OUT"

83	Cl-	Cl-	1.10894E-01	7.98916E-02	0.7204	1.10000E-01	1.10573E-01	3.92013E+03
84	OH-	OH-	9.87965E-02	7.13753E-02	0.7224	9.80001E-02	9.85102E-02	1.67539E+03
85	K+	K+	1.00813E-02	7.34149E-03	0.7282	1.00000E-02	1.00521E-02	3.93018E+02
86	SO4*	SO4=	1.00813E-03	2.24998E-04	0.2232	1.00000E-03	1.00521E-03	9.65576E+01
87	Mg(OH)2	Brucite	1.00808E-03	1.00000E+00	1.000	9.99954E-04	1.00516E-03	5.86205E+01
88	Ca++	Ca++	1.00115E-04	2.00966E-05	0.2007	9.93083E-05	9.98252E-05	4.00099E+00
89	CO3=	CO3=	1.00005E-04	2.44915E-05	0.2449	9.91991E-05	9.97155E-05	5.98385E+00
90	B(OH)4-	B(OH)4-	1.00709E-07	6.61270E-08	0.6566	9.98971E-08	1.00417E-07	7.91680E-03
91	CaCO3(aq)	CaCO3(aq)	6.97236E-07	6.97236E-07	1.000	6.92165E-07	6.95215E-07	6.95835E-02
92	HCO3-	HCO3-	1.10094E-07	7.49923E-08	0.6812	1.09206E-07	1.09775E-07	6.69815E-03
93	MgOH+	MgOH+	3.54268E-08	2.81647E-08	0.7950	3.51412E-08	3.53241E-08	1.45932E-03
94	Mg++	Mg++	1.09873E-08	2.56221E-09	0.2332	1.08988E-08	1.09555E-08	2.66273E-04
95	CaB(OH)4+	CaB(OH)4+	8.72370E-11	5.94047E-11	0.6810	8.65337E-11	8.69841E-11	1.03441E-05
96	MgCO3(aq)	MgCO3(aq)	5.32206E-11	5.32206E-11	1.000	5.27915E-11	5.30663E-11	4.47424E-06
97	B(OH)3(aq)	B(OH)3(aq)	1.65411E-11	1.61858E-11	0.9785	1.64077E-11	1.64931E-11	1.01980E-06
98	H+	H+	1.93212E-13	1.40201E-13	0.7256	1.91654E-13	1.92652E-13	1.94173E-10
99	CO2(aq)	CO2(aq)	2.21142E-14	2.30277E-14	1.041	2.19360E-14	2.20501E-14	9.70422E-10
100	MgB(OH)4+	MgB(OH)4+	6.18470E-15	4.24905E-15	0.6870	6.13484E-15	6.16677E-15	6.36066E-10
101	HSO4-	HSO4-	4.06799E-15	3.00314E-15	0.7382	4.03519E-15	4.05620E-15	3.93717E-10
102	Ca4Cl(OH)6.13H2O_CaOxychloride A		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
103	K8H6(SO4)7_Misenerite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
104	K2B4O7.4H2O_K-Tetaborate_(30_C)		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
105	KB5O8.4H2O_K-Pentaborate_(30_C)		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
106	B(OH)3_Borix_Acid_Solid		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
107	Na2B4O7.10H2O_Borax		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
108	Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O_Trona		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
109	Na2CO3.H2O_Thermonatrite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
110	Na2SO4_Thenardite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
111	Mg2CaCl6.12H2O_Tachyhydrite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
112	K2Ca(SO4)2.H2O_Syngenite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
113	KCl_Sylvite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
114	Na2CO3.7H2O_Na2CO3-Heptahydrate		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
115	Na3H(SO4)2_Sesquisodium_Sulfate		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
116	K3H(SO4)2_Sesquipotassium_Sulfate		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
117	K2NaH(CO3)2.2H2O_Potassium_Trona		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
118	KNaCO3.6H2O_K-Na-Carbonate		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
119	K2CO3.3/2H2O_Potassium_Carbonate		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
120	Ca(OH)2_Portlandite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
121	K2MgCa2(SO4)4.2H2O_Polyhalite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
122	Na2Ca(CO3)2.2H2O_Firssonite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
123	K2Mg(SO4)2.6H2O_Picromerite/Schoen		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
124	MgCO3.3H2O_Nesquehonite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
125	Na2CO3.10H2O_Natron		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
126	NaHCO3_Nahcolite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
127	NaBO2.4H2O_Sodium_Metaborate		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
128	Na2SO4.10H2O_Mirabilite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
129	KHSO4_Mercurite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
130	Mg2Cl(OH)3.4H2O_MgOxychloride		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
131	MgCO3_Magnesite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
132	Na4Ca(SO4)3.2H2O_Labile_Salt		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
133	K2Mg(SO4)2.4H2O_Leonite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
134	MgSO4.H2O_Kieserite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
135	KHCO3_Kalicinite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
136	MgKClSO4.3H2O_Kainite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
137	MgSO4.6H2O_Hexahydrate		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
138	NaCl_Halite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
139	CaSO4.2H2O_Gypsum		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
140	Na2Ca(SO4)2_Glauberite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
141	CaNa2(CO3)2.5H2O_Gaylussite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
142	MgSO4.7H2O_Epsomite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
143	KMgCl3.6H2O_Carnallite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
144	Ca2Cl2(OH)2.H2O_CaOxychloride B		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
145	CaCl2.4H2O_CaCl2_Tetrahydrate		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
146	CaCO3_Calcite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
147	Na6CO3(SO4)2_Burkeite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
148	Na2Mg(SO4)2.4H2O_Bloedite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
149	MgCl2.6H2O_Bischofite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
150	K2SO4_Arcanite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
151	CaCO3_Aragonite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
152	CaCl2.6H2O_Antarcticite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
153	Na3(SO4)2_Aphthalite/Glaserite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
154	CaSO4_Anhydrite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
155	NaBO2.NaCl.2H2O_Teepleite_(20_C)		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
156	NaB5O8.5H2O_Sodium_Pentaborate		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
157	NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
158	HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
159	B4O5(OH)4= B4O5(OH)4=		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.1519	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
160	K8H4(CO3)6.3H2O_K-Sequicarbonate		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
161	B3O3(OH)4- B3O3(OH)4-		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.5412	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
162								
163	pH = -log[m(H+)]				12.7140			
164	pH = -log[a(H+)]				12.8532			
165	Osmotic Coefficient=				0.919612			
166	Equilibrium RM (%) =				99.302313			
167	Ionic Strength (m) =				0.213115			
168	Density, kg/m3 =				1007.82			

NOTES: - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase  
 - Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures  
 - "Descriptor" means:



Appendix M: Sample Output File "BATCH\_DOC.OUT"

```

173      *dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)
174      *Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)
175      *log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations
176      *log10(partial pressure) for gases
177
178 Total G/RT=      -5.30370149E+03
179
180 Total Diagonal Inversions          85
181 Total Stoichiometric Reoptimizations      10
```



Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

See Table 27 for explanation of this listing.

```
INPUT file name is U1:(SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE)NP_NACL_BM_LOG.IN;1
INGUESS file name is U1:(SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE)NP_NACL_BM_LOG.INGUESS;1
OUTPUT file name is U1:(SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE)NP_NACL_BM_LOG.OUT;1
CHEMSTAT file name is U1:(SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE)FMT_HMW_NP_AM.CHEMSTAT;1
Temperature is Hard Coded as 298.15K
Benchmark TITRATE Problem. LOG10 option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-C104 (NR94);
95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
.....
*** ECHO PRINT OF "CHEMSTAT" FILE WOULD BE HERE ***
*** SEE APPENDIX J ***
.....
TITRATION Problem:
- ) Assigning all delta(y) to 0.1 m
- ) Setting # of nodes in Y-direction to 3
- ) Setting NONREACTIVE Porosity to 0.0
.....
Specifying VARIABLE POROSITY for TITRATION Problem
.....
Aqueous Density is a Function of Composition
.....
RHOMIN file name is U1:(SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE)FMT_HMW_NP_AM.RHOMIN;1
.....
*** TABLE OF MINERAL DENSITIES, KG/M^3 WOULD BE HERE ***
*** SEE APPENDIX L ***
.....
GRID BLOCK VOLUMES, in liters
1.00E+00 1.00E+00
1.00E+00 1.00E+00
1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00
1.00E+00 1.00E+00
1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00
1.00E+00 1.00E+00
# inversions for batch pblm 50
Benchmark TITRATE Problem. LOG10 option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-C104 (NR94);
95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
.....
Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem
.....
Total Moles Aq. Molality Aq. Molarity Aq. mg/liter
1.11017363E+02 1.11029658E+02 1.00100314E+02 1.00891107E+05 Hydrogen
6.15086815E+01 6.15154934E+01 5.54601388E+01 8.87328944E+05 Oxygen
5.61000000E+00 5.61062129E+00 5.05833276E+00 1.16289907E+05 Sodium
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Potassium
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Magnesium
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Calcium
1.61000000E+00 1.61017830E+00 1.45167838E+00 5.14663538E+04 Chlorine
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Sulfur
2.00000001E+00 2.00022150E+00 1.80332719E+00 2.16597629E+04 Carbon
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 PosIon
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 NegIon
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Air
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Boron
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Bromine
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 TracerEl
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Am(III)
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 U(VI)
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Np(V)
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(EL)
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Electron
-2.22044605E-15 -2.22069196E-15 -2.00209536E-15 0.00000000E+00 Charge
.....
Solution Parameters, Calculated
SOLUTION MASS 1306.07033909890 grams
H2O MASS 999.889265717486 grams
```



Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

```

80 TDS(g/kg) 306.214981877726 g/kgH2O
81
82 Specified Solution Density
83 DENSITY 1177.63607439302 kg/m^3 = g/l
84
85 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density
86 SOLUTION VOL 1.10906108219560 liters
87 TDS 276.072326670473 g/l
88
89 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1177.63607439302 g/l
90 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.00000000000000E+000 %
  
```

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor	
H2O	WATER	8.57464E-01	8.59843E-01	1.003	5.55025E+01	5.00446E+01	9.01564E+05	
Na+	Na+	5.61062E+00	3.69881E+00	0.6593	5.61000E+00	5.05833E+00	1.16290E+05	
CO3=	CO3=	1.99407E+00	4.09214E-02	2.0522E-02	1.99385E+00	1.79778E+00	1.07884E+05	
Cl-	Cl-	1.61018E+00	1.06477E+00	0.6613	1.61000E+00	1.45168E+00	5.14664E+04	
HCO3-	HCO3-	6.14734E-03	1.59044E-03	0.2587	6.14666E-03	5.54222E-03	3.38170E+02	
OH-	OH-	6.14733E-03	4.86901E-03	0.7921	6.14665E-03	5.54221E-03	9.42580E+01	2.00E-11
CO2(aq)	CO2(aq)	2.36876E-09	7.15913E-09	3.022	2.36850E-09	2.13559E-09	9.39868E-05	-2.12E-07
H+	H+	2.39954E-12	1.77959E-12	0.7416	2.39927E-12	2.16334E-12	2.18043E-09	-8.58E-08
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	Trona	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.57E+00
HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.52E+02
NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.92E+02
NaCl	Halite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.75E-01
NaHCO3	Nahcolite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.83E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	Na2CO3-Heptahydrate	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.51E-01
Na2CO3.H2O	Thermonatrite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.99E-01
Na2CO3.10H2O	Natron	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-8.30E-02

```

91 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 11.6199
92 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 11.7497
93 Osmotic Coefficient= 0.908418
94 Equilibrium RH (%) = 85.984284
95 Ionic Strength (m) = 7.604695
96 Density, kg/m3 = 1177.64
  
```

```

97 NOTES: - Water 'molality' is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase
98 - Gas 'molality' and 'activity' are gas partial pressures
99 - 'Descriptor' means:
100 *dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)
101 *Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)
102 *log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations
103 *log10(partial pressure) for gases
  
```

104 Total G/RT= -6.42133776E+03

```

105 Reaction # 1 sldsum 2.000000000000000
106 This is a solid-only reaction
  
```

```

107 shifting left by 4.64434654478256
108 calling makemuv for allomorphic reactions
109 # inversions for batch pbm 75
110 Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
111 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
112 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
113 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
  
```

114 Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
1.11018363E+02	1.11017591E+02	9.93838868E+01	1.00169020E+05	Hydrogen
1.05508682E+02	5.55113597E+01	4.96942389E+01	7.95078006E+05	Oxygen
1.56100000E+01	5.61057382E+00	5.02263316E+00	1.15469181E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
5.61100000E+00	5.61096098E+00	5.02297975E+00	1.78079701E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
1.00000000E+01	6.12839261E-04	5.48618892E-04	6.58946152E+00	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Polonium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Neptunium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
1.00000000E+01	6.12839261E-04	5.48618892E-04	1.30049121E+02	Np(V)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	ClO4-(EL)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
-2.37316632E-15	-2.37314981E-15	-2.12446380E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge

Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

```

173
174 Solution Parameters, Calculated
175 SOLUTION MASS 1328.11614865142 grams
176 H2O MASS 1000.00695466819 grams
177 TDS(g/kg) 328.106912108529 g/kgH2O
178
179 Specified Solution Density
180 DENSITY 1188.93254605477 kg/m^3 = g/l
181
182 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density
183 SOLUTION VOL 1.11706602116201 liters
184 TDS 293.724084134187 g/l
185
186 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.93254605477 g/l
187 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.00000000000000E+000 %
188
189
190
191
  
```

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	8.31822E-01	7.77959E-01	0.9352	5.55091E+01	4.96918E+01	8.95208E+05	
NaPO2CO3(s)	9.99932E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	9.99939E+00	8.95147E+00	3.15133E+06	
Cl-	5.61096E+00	5.29329E+00	0.9434	5.61100E+00	5.02298E+00	1.78080E+05	
Na+	5.61057E+00	5.29268E+00	0.9433	5.61061E+00	5.02263E+00	1.15469E+05	
NpO2+	6.12705E-04	1.21978E-03	1.991	6.12709E-04	5.48499E-04	1.47572E+02	
CO2(aq)	3.86103E-04	1.12115E-03	2.904	3.86106E-04	3.45643E-04	1.52117E+01	
HCO3-	2.26571E-04	8.38810E-05	0.3702	2.26573E-04	2.02829E-04	1.23760E+01	4.26E-09
NpO2CO3-	1.33526E-07	2.42971E-07	1.820	1.33527E-07	1.19534E-07	3.93334E-02	-1.99E-11
H+	1.21872E-06	4.78095E-06	3.923	1.21873E-06	1.09101E-06	1.09962E-03	-4.38E-08
CO3-	3.09384E-08	8.03342E-10	2.5966E-02	3.09386E-08	2.76963E-08	1.66203E-03	-1.62E-07
OH-	3.01685E-09	1.63977E-09	0.5435	3.01687E-09	2.70071E-09	4.59318E-05	2.55E-08
NpO2OH(aq)	7.72186E-10	7.72186E-10	1.000	7.72191E-10	6.91267E-10	1.97740E-04	1.87E-07
NpO2(CO3)2--	1.98384E-11	5.13354E-16	2.5877E-05	1.98385E-11	1.77595E-11	6.90960E-06	-1.62E-07
NpO2(OH)2-	2.04382E-16	6.10703E-17	0.2988	2.04383E-16	1.82964E-16	5.54494E-11	2.13E-07
NpO2(CO3)3---	1.25197E-16	9.87896E-26	7.8908E-10	1.25198E-16	1.12077E-16	5.03310E-11	-3.23E-07
NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.38E+00
NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.99E+02
HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.45E+02
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.36E+02
NaCl	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.23E-01
NaHCO3	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.95E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.91E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.95E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-8.24E+00
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.02E+01
NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.98E+00

```

221 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 5.9141
222 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 5.3205
223 Osmotic Coefficient= 1.241871
224 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.795863
225 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.611188
226 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.93
  
```

NOTES: - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase  
 - Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures  
 - "Descriptor" means:  
 \*dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)  
 \*Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)  
 \*log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations  
 \*log10(partial pressure) for gases

```

227 Total G/RT= -1.33323084E+04
228 Flashing Titration # 1
229 # inversions for batch pblm 11
230 1Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option; Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
231 DATABASE: HMM84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
232 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFF92,RFF94,RRFF94)
233 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
  
```

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
3.85857174E+01	1.11017591E+02	9.93838868E+01	1.00169020E+05	Hydrogen
3.66707638E+01	5.55113597E+01	4.96942389E+01	7.95078006E+05	Oxygen
5.42543623E+00	5.61057382E+00	5.02263316E+00	1.15469181E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
1.95016801E+00	5.61096098E+00	5.02297975E+00	1.78079701E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
3.47561578E+00	6.12839260E-04	5.48618892E-04	6.58946151E+00	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	PosIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine



Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

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263 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 TracerEl
264 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Th(IV)
265 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Am(III)
266 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 U(VI)
267 3.47561578E+00 6.12839260E-04 5.48618892E-04 1.30049121E+02 Np(V)
268 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(EL)
269 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus
270 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Electron
271 -6.94525850E-16 -1.99826754E-15 -1.7888601E-15 0.00000000E+00 Charge
272
273 Solution Parameters, Calculated
274 SOLUTION MASS 461.602144251012 grams
275 H2O MASS 347.563995068956 grams
276 TDS(g/kg) 328.106912108175 g/kgH2O
277
278 Specified Solution Density
279 DENSITY 1188.93254605459 kg/m^3 = g/l
280
281 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density
282 SOLUTION VOL 0.388249228926247 liters
283 TDS 293.724084133903 g/l
284
285 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.93254605459 g/l
286 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.00000000000000E+000 %
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TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	8.31822E-01	7.77959E-01	0.9352	1.92928E+01	4.96918E+01	8.95208E+05	
NaH2PO4(s)	9.99932E+00	1.00000E+00	1.0000	3.47540E+00	8.95147E+00	3.15133E+06	
Cl-	5.61096E+00	5.29329E+00	0.9434	1.95017E+00	5.02298E+00	1.78080E+05	
Na+	5.61057E+00	5.29268E+00	0.9433	1.95003E+00	5.02263E+00	1.15469E+05	
NpO2+	6.12705E-04	1.21978E-03	1.991	2.12954E-04	5.48499E-04	1.47572E+02	
CO2(aq)	3.86103E-04	1.12115E-03	2.904	1.34196E-04	3.45643E-04	1.52117E+01	
HCO3-	2.26571E-04	8.38810E-05	0.3702	7.87481E-05	2.02829E-04	1.23760E+01	-6.17E-15
H+	1.21872E-06	4.78095E-06	3.923	4.23582E-07	1.09101E-06	1.09962E-03	6.17E-15
NpO2CO3-	1.33526E-07	2.42971E-07	1.820	4.64090E-08	1.19534E-07	3.93334E-02	1.85E-14
CO3=	3.09384E-08	8.03343E-10	2.5966E-02	1.07531E-08	2.76963E-08	1.66203E-03	0.00E+00
OH-	3.01685E-09	1.63977E-09	0.5435	1.04855E-09	2.70071E-09	4.99318E-05	-6.17E-15
NpO2OH(aq)	7.72186E-10	7.72186E-10	1.0000	2.68384E-10	6.91267E-10	1.97740E-04	0.00E+00
NpO2(CO3)2=-	1.98384E-11	5.13355E-16	2.5877E-05	6.89511E-12	1.77595E-11	6.90960E-06	0.00E+00
NpO2(OH)2-	2.04381E-16	6.10703E-17	0.2988	7.10356E-17	1.82964E-16	5.54494E-11	1.23E-14
NpO2(CO3)3=-	1.25197E-16	9.87897E-26	7.8908E-10	4.35139E-17	1.12077E-16	5.03310E-11	-3.53E-10
HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.0000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.45E+02
NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.0000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.38E+00
NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.0000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.98E+00
NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.0000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.99E+02
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.0000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.36E+02
NaCl	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.0000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.23E-01
NaHCO3	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.0000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.95E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.0000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.91E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.0000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.95E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.0000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-8.24E+00
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.0000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.02E+01

```

321 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 5.9141
322 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 5.3205
323 Osmotic Coefficient= 1.241871
324 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.795863
325 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.611188
326 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.93
327

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328 NOTES: - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase
329 - Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures
330 - "Descriptor" means:
331 *dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)
332 *Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)
333 *log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations
334 *log10(partial pressure) for gases
335

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336 Total G/RT= -4.63379813E+03
337 Flashing Titration # 2
338 # inversions for batch pbim 13
339
340 Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
341 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
342 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,F91,RFPR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
343 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
344

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Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
3.85957275E+01	1.11017746E+02	9.93891116E+01	1.00174286E+05	Hydrogen
3.66763098E+01	5.55107903E+01	4.96962723E+01	7.95110540E+05	Oxygen
5.42594206E+00	5.61014105E+00	5.02250276E+00	1.15466183E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium



Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

953	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Calcium
954	1.9503118E+00	5.6099311E+00	5.0223148E+00	1.7805612E+05	Chlorine
955	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Sulfur
956	3.4757961E+00	6.9093233E-04	6.1856012E-04	7.4295257E+00	Carbon
957	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	PosIon
958	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	NegIon
959	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Air
960	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Boron
961	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Bromine
962	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	TracerEl
963	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Th(IV)
964	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Am(III)
965	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	U(VI)
966	3.4756157E+00	1.7221865E-04	1.5417948E-04	3.6547969E+01	Np(V)
967	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	ClO4-(EL)
968	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Phosphorus
969	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Electron
970	-7.46806759E-16	-2.14813422E-15	-1.92312635E-15	0.0000000E+00	Charge

Solution Parameters, Calculated  
 SOLUTION MASS 461.665999617224 grams  
 H2O MASS 347.653675849716 grams  
 TDS(g/kg) 327.547988724253 g/kgH2O

Specified Solution Density  
 DENSITY 1188.85111378691 kg/m<sup>3</sup> = g/l

Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density  
 SOLUTION VOL 0.388329534508870 liters  
 TDS 293.596838859300 g/l

Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.85111378691 g/l  
 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.0000000000000E+000 %

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	8.31845E-01	7.78011E-01	0.9353	1.92978E+01	4.96944E+01	8.95254E+05	
NaNpO2CO3(s)	9.99718E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47556E+00	8.95002E+00	3.15082E+06	
Na+	5.61014E+00	5.29140E+00	0.9432	1.95039E+00	5.02250E+00	1.15466E+05	
Cl-	5.60993E+00	5.29139E+00	0.9432	1.95031E+00	5.02231E+00	1.78056E+05	
HCO3-	3.82212E-04	1.41513E-04	0.3702	1.32878E-04	3.42177E-04	2.08787E+01	
CO2(aq)	3.08476E-04	8.95671E-04	2.904	1.07243E-04	2.76165E-04	1.21539E+01	
NpO2+	1.72085E-04	3.42481E-04	1.990	5.98258E-05	1.54059E-04	4.14492E+01	-1.64E-12
H+	5.77346E-07	2.26410E-06	3.922	2.00716E-07	5.16872E-07	5.20955E-04	-1.59E-11
NpO2CO3-	1.33573E-07	2.43030E-07	1.819	4.64370E-08	1.19581E-07	3.93490E-02	-2.47E-14
CO3=	1.10196E-07	2.86188E-09	2.5971E-02	3.83099E-08	9.86531E-08	5.92010E-03	2.55E-11
OH-	6.37029E-09	3.46282E-09	0.5436	2.21466E-09	5.70303E-09	9.69932E-05	1.64E-11
NpO2OH(aq)	4.57851E-10	4.57851E-10	1.000	1.59174E-10	4.09893E-10	1.17252E-04	-1.01E-11
NpO2(CO3)2--	7.06677E-11	1.82925E-15	2.5885E-05	2.45679E-11	6.32656E-11	2.46144E-05	2.65E-11
NpO2(CO3)3---	1.58546E-15	1.25406E-24	7.9097E-10	5.51192E-16	1.41939E-15	6.37413E-10	-8.77E-11
NpO2(OH)2-	2.55903E-16	7.64679E-17	0.2988	8.89657E-17	2.29098E-16	6.94309E-11	6.38E-12
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.40E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.69E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	0.00000E+00	2.00000E+00	2.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.40E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.36E+00
NaHCO3	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.72E+00
NaCl	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.23E-01
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.36E+02
NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.98E+02
NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.21E+00
NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	2.00000E+00	2.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.61E+00
HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.45E+02

pmH = -log(m(H+)) = 6.2386  
 pH = -log(a(H+)) = 5.6451  
 Osmotic Coefficient= 1.241740  
 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.801108  
 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.610314  
 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.85

NOTES: - Water 'molality' is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase  
 - Gas 'molality' and 'activity' are gas phase pressure  
 - 'Descriptor' means:  
 \*dg/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)  
 \*Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)  
 \*log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations  
 \*log10(partial pressure) for gases

Total G/RT= -4.63438031E+03  
 Flashing Titration # 3  
 # inversions for batch plblm 22  
 Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option; Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0  
 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);  
 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RRFR92,RRF94,RRFF94)  
 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin



Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

443 Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

444	Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
445	3.85999827E+01	1.11017943E+02	9.93906557E+01	1.00175842E+05	Hydrogen
446	3.66786675E+01	5.55109442E+01	4.96970938E+01	7.95123682E+05	Oxygen
449	5.42615710E+00	5.61002979E+00	5.02247225E+00	1.15465482E+05	Sodium
450	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
451	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
452	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
453	1.95037489E+00	5.60950015E+00	5.02199808E+00	1.78044898E+05	Chlorine
454	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
455	3.47587277E+00	7.90126088E-04	7.07373490E-04	8.49626299E+00	Carbon
456	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	PosIon
457	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
458	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
459	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
460	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
461	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
462	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
463	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
464	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
465	3.47561578E+00	5.09860080E-05	4.56460697E-05	1.08203186E+01	Np(V)
466	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	ClO4- (EL)
467	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
468	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
469	-1.85281271E-15	-5.32890020E-15	-4.77078632E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge

470  
471 Solution Parameters, Calculated

472	SOLUTION MASS	461.701224245777	grams
473	H2O MASS	347.691387660720	grams
474	TDS(g/kg)	327.905264930832	g/kgH2O

475  
476 Specified Solution Density

477	DENSITY	1188.82922071361	kg/m <sup>3</sup> = g/l
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478  
479 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density

480	SOLUTION VOL	0.388366315532383	liters
481	TDS	293.562628954494	g/l

482  
483 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.82922071361 g/l

484  
485 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.00000000000000E+000 %

486  
487 TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

488	Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
489	H2O	WATER	8.31852E-01	7.78030E-01	0.9353	1.92999E+01	4.96951E+01	8.95267E+05
490	Na2CO3(s)	Na2CO3(s)	9.99622E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47560E+00	8.94928E+00	3.15056E+06
491	Na+	Na+	5.61003E+00	5.29080E+00	0.9431	1.95056E+00	5.02247E+00	1.15465E+05
492	Cl-	Cl-	5.60950E+00	5.29073E+00	0.9432	1.95037E+00	5.02200E+00	1.78045E+05
493	HCO3-	HCO3-	5.79856E+04	2.14695E-04	0.3703	2.01611E-04	5.19125E-04	3.16755E+01
494	CO2(aq)	CO2(aq)	2.09763E-04	6.09044E-04	2.903	7.29329E-05	1.87794E-04	8.26478E+00
495	NpO2+	NpO2+	5.08519E-05	1.01191E-04	1.990	1.76808E-05	4.55260E-05	1.22486E+01
496	CO3=	CO3=	3.72979E-07	9.68710E-09	2.5972E-02	1.29682E-07	3.33916E-07	2.00380E-02
497	H+	H+	2.58813E-07	1.01480E-06	3.921	8.99871E-08	2.31707E-07	2.33537E-04
498	NpO2CO3-	NpO2CO3-	1.33591E-07	2.43057E-07	1.819	4.64484E-08	1.19600E-07	3.93550E-02
499	OH-	OH-	1.42123E-08	7.72603E-09	0.5436	4.94149E-09	1.27238E-08	2.16397E-04
500	NpO2(CO3)2=-	NpO2(CO3)2=-	2.39201E-10	6.19248E-15	2.5888E-05	8.31683E-11	2.14149E-10	8.33180E-05
501	NpO2OH(aq)	NpO2OH(aq)	3.01826E-10	3.01826E-10	1.000	1.04942E-10	2.70215E-10	7.72962E-05
502	NpO2(CO3)3=-	NpO2(CO3)3=-	1.81540E-14	1.43698E-23	7.9155E-10	6.31199E-15	1.62527E-14	7.29866E-09
503	NpO2(OH)2-	NpO2(OH)2-	3.76383E-16	1.12471E-16	0.2988	1.30865E-16	3.36963E-16	1.02121E-10
504	Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	Trona	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
505	Na2CO3.H2O	Thermonatrite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
506	Na2CO3.7H2O	Na2CO3-Heptahydrate	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
507	Na2CO3.10H2O	Natron	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
508	NaHCO3	Nahcolite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
509	NaCl	Halite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
510	Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
511	NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
512	NpO2OH(amor)	NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
513	NpO2OH(aged)	NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
514	HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
515	516							
517	518							
519	520							
521	522							
523	524							
525	526							
527	528							
529	530							
531	532							

529 NOTES: - Water 'molality' is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase  
 530 - Gas 'molality' and 'activity' are gas partial pressures  
 531 - 'Descriptor' means:  
 532 \*dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)  
 533 \*Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)  
 534 \*log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations  
 535 \*log10(partial pressure) for gases



Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

533  
 534 Total G/RT= -4.63462770E+03  
 535 Flashing Titration # 4  
 536 # inversions for batch pblm 14  
 537 1Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option; Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molar NaCl FMT V2.0  
 538 DATABASE: HSW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-C1O4 (NR94);  
 539 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RFF94)  
 540 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin  
 541

542 Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

543	Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
544	3.86060470E+01	1.11018357E+02	9.93915462E+01	1.00176739E+05	Hydrogen
545	3.66820273E+01	5.55118409E+01	4.96981566E+01	7.95140687E+05	Oxygen
546	5.42646354E+00	5.61000023E+00	5.02247206E+00	1.15465478E+05	Sodium
547	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
548	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
549	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
550	1.95046284E+00	5.60889282E+00	5.02148063E+00	1.78026553E+05	Chlorine
551	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
552	3.47598202E+00	1.05369370E-03	9.43341702E-04	1.13304772E+01	Carbon
553	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	PosIon
554	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
555	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
556	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
557	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
558	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
559	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
560	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
561	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
562	3.47561578E+00	5.04731450E-07	4.51871569E-07	1.07115342E-01	Np(V)
563	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	ClO4- (EL)
564	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
565	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
566	-8.05334972E-16	-2.31587983E-15	-2.07334069E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge

567 Solution Parameters, Calculated  
 568 SOLUTION MASS 461.766388131816 grams  
 569 H2O MASS 347.744715353115 grams  
 570 TDS(g/kg) 327.889016696973 g/kgH2O  
 571

572 Specified Solution Density  
 573 DENSITY 1188.82089442743 kg/m^3 = g/l  
 574

575 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density  
 576 SOLUTION VOL 0.388423849459858 liters  
 577 TDS 293.549618380179 g/l  
 578

579 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.82089442743 g/l  
 580 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.00000000000000E+00 %  
 581  
 582  
 583

584 TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

585	Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
586	H2O	WATER	8.31857E-01	7.78050E-01	0.9353	1.93029E+01	4.96953E+01	8.95271E+05
587	NaNpO2CO3(s)	NaNpO2CO3(s)	9.99473E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47562E+00	8.94800E+00	3.15011E+06
588	Na+	Na+	5.61000E+00	5.29000E+00	0.9430	1.95085E+00	5.02247E+00	1.15465E+05
589	Cl-	Cl-	5.60889E+00	5.28999E+00	0.9431	1.95046E+00	5.02148E+00	1.78027E+05
590	HCO3-	HCO3-	9.92660E-04	3.67543E-04	0.3703	3.45192E-04	8.88700E-04	5.42259E-01
591	CO3=	CO3=	5.67888E-05	1.47494E-06	2.5972E-02	1.97480E-05	5.08414E-05	3.05095E+00
592	CO2(aq)	CO2(aq)	4.03745E-06	1.17227E-05	2.903	1.40400E-06	3.61461E-06	1.59078E-01
593	OH-	OH-	1.26397E-06	6.87170E-07	0.5437	4.39540E-07	1.13160E-06	1.92454E-02
594	NpO2+	NpO2+	3.34101E-07	6.64703E-07	1.990	1.16182E-07	2.99111E-07	8.04750E-02
595	NpO2CO3-	NpO2CO3-	1.33613E-07	2.43094E-07	1.819	4.64631E-08	1.19620E-07	3.93616E-02
596	NpO2(CO3)2=-	NpO2(CO3)2=-	3.64205E-08	9.43001E-13	2.5892E-05	1.26650E-08	3.26062E-08	1.26859E-02
597	H+	H+	2.91065E-09	1.14100E-08	3.920	1.01216E-09	2.60582E-09	2.62641E-06
598	NpO2(CO3)3=-	NpO2(CO3)3=-	4.20660E-10	3.33181E-19	7.9204E-10	1.46282E-10	3.76605E-10	1.69124E-04
599	NpO2OH(aq)	NpO2OH(aq)	1.76339E-10	1.76339E-10	1.000	6.13211E-11	1.57872E-10	4.51598E-05
600	NpO2(OH)2-	NpO2(OH)2-	1.95583E-14	5.84438E-15	0.2988	6.80128E-15	1.75100E-14	5.30660E-09
601	Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	Trona	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-6.27E+00
602	Na2CO3.H2O	Thermonatrite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-4.98E+00
603	Na2CO3.7H2O	Na2CO3-Heptahydrate	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-4.69E+00
604	Na2CO3.10H2O	Natron	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-4.65E+00
605	NaHCO3	Nahcolite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.31E+00
606	NaCl	Halite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.23E-01
607	Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.33E+02
608	NaOH(aq).....to titrate.base.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.96E+02
609	NpO2OH(amor)	NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.62E+00
610	NpO2OH(aged)	NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.03E+00
611	HCl(aq).....to titrate.acid.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.47E+02
612								
613	pH = -log[m(H+)]							8.5360
614	pH = -log[a(H+)]							7.9427
615	Osmotic Coefficient=							1.241601
616	Equilibrium RH (%) =							77.805007
617	Ionic Strength (m) =							5.610057



Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

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001 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.82
002
003 NOTES: - Water 'molality' is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase
004 - Gas 'molality' and 'activity' are gas partial pressures
005 - 'Descriptor' means:
006 *dG/RT*ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)
007 *Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)
008 *log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations
009 *log10(partial pressure) for gases
010
011 Total G/RT= -4.63497997E+03
012 Flashing Titration # 5
013 # inversions for batch pblm 16
014 1Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
015 DATABASE: HNW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
016 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
017 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
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019 Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem
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Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
3.86146891E+01	1.11018383E+02	9.93917155E+01	1.00176910E+05	Hydrogen
3.66868155E+01	5.55131961E+01	4.96994430E+01	7.95161268E+05	Oxygen
5.42690025E+00	5.61000156E+00	5.02248064E+00	1.15465675E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
1.95058817E+00	5.60799916E+00	5.02068795E+00	1.77998450E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
3.47613771E+00	1.50108527E-03	1.34388050E-03	1.61413487E+01	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	PosIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
3.47561578E+00	5.18420811E-07	4.64127943E-07	1.10020694E-01	Np(V)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	ClO4-(EL)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
-1.02828867E-15	-2.95636061E-15	-2.64674862E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge

```

1001 Solution Parameters, Calculated
1002 SOLUTION MASS 461.868060856175 grams
1003 H2O MASS 347.822478666651 grams
1004 TDS(g/kg) 327.884450213538 g/kgH2O
1005
1006 Specified Solution Density
1007 DENSITY 1188.81855435140 kg/m^3 = g/l
1008
1009 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density
1010 SOLUTION VOL 0.388510138208740 liters
1011 TDS 293.545951799972 g/l
1012
1013 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.81855435140 g/l
1014 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.00000000000000E+000 %
  
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TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	8.31862E-01	7.78067E-01	0.9353	1.93072E+01	4.96954E+01	8.95273E+05	
NaNpO2CO3(s)	9.99250E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47562E+00	8.94601E+00	3.14941E+06	
Na+	5.61000E+00	5.28971E+00	0.9429	1.95128E+00	5.02248E+00	1.15466E+05	
Cl-	5.60800E+00	5.28867E+00	0.9431	1.95059E+00	5.02069E+00	1.77998E+05	
HCO3-	1.00903E-03	3.73572E-04	0.3702	3.50963E-04	9.03356E-04	5.51202E+01	
CO3=	4.90717E-04	1.27445E-05	2.5971E-02	1.70682E-04	4.39325E-04	2.63636E+01	
OH-	1.07447E-05	5.84190E-06	0.5437	3.73726E-06	9.61946E-06	1.63601E-01	-4.59E-08
CO2(aq)	4.82702E-07	1.40153E-06	2.904	1.67895E-07	4.32150E-07	1.90188E-02	-8.67E-08
NpO2(CO3)2=	3.14571E-07	8.14859E-12	2.5904E-05	1.09415E-07	2.81627E-07	1.09571E-01	2.59E-08
NpO2CO3-	1.33630E-07	2.43107E-07	1.819	4.64794E-08	1.19635E-07	3.93666E-02	4.47E-12
NpO2+	3.86807E-08	7.69314E-08	1.989	1.34540E-08	3.46298E-08	9.31704E-03	-2.13E-08
NpO2(CO3)3=	3.13656E-08	2.48770E-17	7.9313E-10	1.09097E-08	2.80808E-08	1.26104E-02	4.49E-08
H+	3.42512E-10	1.34216E-09	3.919	1.19134E-10	3.06642E-10	3.09064E-07	-2.55E-08
NpO2OH(aq)	1.73507E-10	1.73507E-10	1.000	6.03495E-11	1.55336E-10	4.44344E-05	4.70E-09
NpO2(OH)2-	1.63614E-13	4.88873E-14	0.2988	5.69085E-14	1.46479E-13	4.43921E-08	2.99E-08
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-5.33E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-4.04E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.75E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.71E+00
NaHCO3	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.30E+00
NaCl	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.24E-01
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.32E-02
NaOH(aq)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.95E+02

Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

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713 NpO2OH(amor)      NpO2OH(amor)      0.00000E+00  1.00000E+00  1.000      0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  -3.63E+00
714 NpO2OH(aged)     NpO2OH(aged)     0.00000E+00  1.00000E+00  1.000      0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  -3.03E+00
715 HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  1.000      0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  -2.48E+02
716
717 pH = -log[m(H+)] = 9.4653
718 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 8.8722
719 Osmotic Coefficient= 1.241539
720 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.806749
721 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.610494
722 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.82
  
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723 NOTES: - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase
724 - Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures
725 - "Descriptor" means:
726 *dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)
727 *Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)
728 *log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations
729 *log10(partial pressure) for gases
  
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730 Total G/RT= -4.63548129E+03
731 Flashing Titration # 6
732 # inversions for batch pbm 17
733 Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option; Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
734 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-C1O4 (NR94);
735 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89, FRF90, P91, RFFR92, RFF94, RFF94)
736 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
  
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Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
3.86270051E+01	1.11018410E+02	9.93919460E+01	1.00177142E+05	Hydrogen
3.66936391E+01	5.55151239E+01	4.97012721E+01	7.95190533E+05	Oxygen
5.42752260E+00	5.61000344E+00	5.02249276E+00	1.15465953E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
1.95076678E+00	5.60672579E+00	5.01955836E+00	1.77958403E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
3.47635958E+00	2.13880634E-03	1.91481868E-03	2.29988871E+01	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Posion
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
3.47561578E+00	1.02583551E-06	9.18404325E-07	2.17706092E-01	Np(V)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	C1O4-(EL)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
-9.45337050E-16	-2.71700630E-15	-2.43246632E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge

```

766 Solution Parameters, Calculated
767 SOLUTION MASS 462.013014691340 grams
768 H2O MASS 347.933330580303 grams
769 TDS (g/kg) 327.877998698107 g/kgH2O
  
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773 Specified Solution Density
774 DENSITY 1188.81524828657 kg/m^3 = g/l
  
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775 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density
776 SOLUTION VOL 0.388633149984603 liters
777 TDS 293.540795775029 g/l
  
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780 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.81524828657 g/l
781 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.000000000000000E+000 %
  
```

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	WATER	8.31870E-01	7.78092E-01	0.9354	1.93133E+01	4.96955E+01	8.95274E+05
NaNpO2CO3(s)	NaNpO2CO3(s)	9.98931E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47562E+00	8.94318E+00	3.14841E+06
Na+	Na+	5.61000E+00	5.28932E+00	0.9428	1.95191E+00	5.02249E+00	1.15466E+05
Cl-	Cl-	5.60673E+00	5.28679E+00	0.9429	1.95077E+00	5.01956E+00	1.77958E+05
CO3-	CO3-	1.11398E-03	2.89293E-05	2.5969E-02	3.87591E-04	9.97318E-04	5.98482E+01
HCO3-	HCO3-	1.02256E-03	3.78536E-04	0.3702	3.55784E-04	9.15475E-04	5.58596E+01
OH-	OH-	2.40684E-05	1.30873E-05	0.5438	8.37419E-06	2.15478E-05	3.66470E-01
NpO2(CO3)2--	NpO2(CO3)2--	7.13649E-07	1.84983E-11	2.5921E-05	2.48302E-07	6.38912E-07	2.48578E-01
CO2(aq)	CO2(aq)	2.18328E-07	6.33927E-07	2.904	7.59637E-08	1.95464E-07	8.60232E-03
NpO2CO3-	NpO2CO3-	1.33654E-07	2.43125E-07	1.819	4.65026E-08	1.19657E-07	3.93738E-02
NpO2(CO3)3--	NpO2(CO3)3--	1.61312E-07	1.28193E-16	7.9469E-10	5.61257E-08	1.44418E-07	6.48546E-02
NpO2+	NpO2+	1.70494E-08	3.38938E-08	1.988	5.93207E-09	1.52639E-08	4.20671E-03
H+	H+	1.52979E-10	5.99129E-10	3.916	5.32265E-11	1.36958E-10	1.38040E-07
NpO2OH(aq)	NpO2OH(aq)	1.71249E-10	1.71249E-10	1.000	5.95833E-11	1.53315E-10	4.38564E-05



Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

NpO2(OH)2-	NpO2(OH)2-	3.61806E-13	1.08095E-13	0.2988	1.25884E-13	3.23915E-13	9.81663E-08	3.03E-08
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	Trona	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-4.96E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	Thermonatrite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.68E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	Na2CO3-Heptahydrate	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.39E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	Natron	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.36E+00
NaHCO3	Nahcolite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.30E+00
NaCl	Halite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.24E-01
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.32E+02
NaOH(aq)	to.titrate.base.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.95E+02
NpO2OH(amor)	NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.63E+00
NpO2OH(aged)	NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.04E+00
HCl(aq)	to.titrate.acid.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.49E+02

pH = -log[m(H+)] = 9.8154  
 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 9.2225  
 Osmotic Coefficient = 1.241451  
 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.809217  
 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.611121  
 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.82

NOTES: - Water 'molality' is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase  
 - Gas 'molality' and 'activity' are gas partial pressures  
 - 'Descriptor' means:  
 \*dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)  
 \*Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)  
 \*log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations  
 \*log10(partial pressure) for gases

Total G/RT = -4.63619544E+03  
 Flashing Titration # 7  
 # inversions for batch pblm 17  
 Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0  
 DATABASE: HW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-C104 (NR94);  
 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)  
 Pressure = 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature = 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
3.86445565E+01	1.11018446E+02	9.93922712E+01	1.00177470E+05	Hydrogen
3.67033634E+01	5.55178692E+01	4.97038762E+01	7.95232197E+05	Oxygen
5.42840953E+00	5.61000623E+00	5.02251004E+00	1.15466351E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
1.95102131E+00	5.60491242E+00	5.01794966E+00	1.77901369E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
3.47667578E+00	3.04711826E-03	2.72801516E-03	3.27661900E+01	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	FosIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
3.47561578E+00	1.94421849E-06	1.74061427E-06	4.12609480E-01	Np(V)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	C104-(EL)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
-1.06779239E-15	-3.06756405E-15	-2.74631980E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge

Solution Parameters, Calculated  
 SOLUTION MASS 462.219612785916 grams  
 H2O MASS 348.091311120339 grams  
 TDS(g/kg) 327.868860898172 g/kgH2O

Specified Solution Density  
 DENSITY 1188.81056561769 kg/m^3 = g/l

Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density  
 SOLUTION VOL 0.388808466339423 liters  
 TDS 293.533478681879 g/l

Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.81056561769 g/l  
 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.000000000000000000 %

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	WATER	8.31881E-01	7.78127E-01	0.9354	1.93221E+01	4.96957E+01	8.95277E+05
NaNpO2CO3(s)	NaNpO2CO3(s)	9.98478E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47562E+00	8.93914E+00	3.14699E+06
Na+	Na+	5.61001E+00	5.28876E+00	0.9427	1.95279E+00	5.02251E+00	1.15466E+05
Cl-	Cl-	5.60491E+00	5.28411E+00	0.9428	1.95102E+00	5.01795E+00	1.77901E+05
CO3=	CO3=	2.00201E-03	5.19857E-05	2.5967E-02	6.96883E-04	1.79236E-03	1.07558E+02

Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

657	HCO3-	HCO3-	1.04073E-03	3.85192E-04	0.3701	3.62268E-04	9.31738E-04	5.68519E+01	
658	OH-	OH-	4.24988E-05	2.31125E-05	0.5438	1.47935E-05	3.80482E-05	6.47098E-01	-6.18E-08
659	NpO2(CO3)2--	NpO2(CO3)2--	1.28137E-06	3.32447E-11	2.5945E-05	4.46032E-07	1.14718E-06	4.46327E-01	4.81E-08
660	NpO2(CO3)3---	NpO2(CO3)3---	5.19502E-07	4.13999E-16	7.9692E-10	1.80834E-07	4.65098E-07	2.08864E-01	1.06E-07
661	CO2(aq)	CO2(aq)	1.25799E-07	3.65269E-07	2.904	4.37894E-08	1.12625E-07	4.95659E-03	-3.39E-07
662	NpO2CO3-	NpO2CO3-	1.33688E-07	2.43151E-07	1.819	4.65356E-08	1.19688E-07	3.93840E-02	1.10E-12
663	NpO2+	NpO2+	9.49498E-09	1.88634E-08	1.987	3.30512E-09	8.50064E-09	2.28707E-03	-4.03E-08
664	H+	H+	8.66954E-11	3.39269E-10	3.913	3.01779E-11	7.76164E-11	7.82296E-08	-1.47E-07
665	NpO2OH(aq)	NpO2OH(aq)	1.68316E-10	1.68316E-10	1.000	5.85892E-11	1.50689E-10	4.31052E-05	1.04E-07
666	NpO2(OH)2-	NpO2(OH)2-	6.28105E-13	1.87627E-13	0.2987	2.18638E-13	5.62328E-13	1.70420E-07	2.44E-07
667	Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	Trona	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-4.70E+00
668	Na2CO3.H2O	Thermonatrite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.43E+00
669	Na2CO3.7H2O	Na2CO3-Heptahydrate	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.14E+00
670	Na2CO3.10H2O	Natron	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.10E+00
671	NaHCO3	NaHcolite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.29E+00
672	NaCl	Halite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.24E-01
673	Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.31E+00
674	NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.94E+00
675	NpO2OH(amor).....NpO2OH(amor)		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.64E+00
676	NpO2OH(aged).....NpO2OH(aged)		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.05E+00
677	HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.49E+02

678 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 10.0620  
 679 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 9.4695  
 680 Osmotic Coefficient= 1.241325  
 681 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.812731  
 682 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.612017  
 683 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.81

684 NOTES: - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase  
 685 - Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures  
 686 - "Descriptor" means:  
 687 \*dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)  
 688 \*Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)  
 689 \*log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations  
 690 \*log10(partial pressure) for gases

691 Total G/RT= -4.63721298E+03  
 692 Flashing Titration # 8  
 693 # inversions for batch pbm 23  
 694 1Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option; Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0  
 695 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);  
 696 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,F91,RRFR92,RRF94,RRFF94)  
 697 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin

698 Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

699	Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
700	3.86695692E+01	1.11018496E+02	9.93927291E+01	1.00177932E+05	Hydrogen
701	3.67172215E+01	5.55217779E+01	4.97075822E+01	7.95291491E+05	Oxygen
702	5.42967348E+00	5.61001045E+00	5.02253469E+00	1.15466917E+05	Sodium
703	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
704	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
705	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
706	1.95138405E+00	5.60233091E+00	5.01565935E+00	1.77820171E+05	Chlorine
707	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
708	3.47712639E+00	4.34048558E-03	3.88595344E-03	4.66741868E+01	Carbon
709	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	PosIon
710	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
711	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
712	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
713	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
714	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
715	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
716	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
717	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
718	3.47561578E+00	3.60501967E-06	3.22750493E-06	7.65074233E-01	Np(V)
719	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	ClO4-(EL)
720	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
721	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
722	-4.02027671E-16	-1.15420235E-15	-1.03333521E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge

723 Solution Parameters, Calculated  
 724 SOLUTION MASS 462.514079623513 grams  
 725 H2O MASS 348.136456438668 grams  
 726 TDS(g/kg) 327.855951316366 g/kgH2O

727 Specified Solution Density  
 728 DENSITY 1188.80395005085 kg/m^3 = g/l

729 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density  
 730 SOLUTION VOL 0.389058330100373 liters  
 731 TDS 293.523141261063 g/l

732 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.80395005085 g/l  
 733 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.00000000000000E+00 %



Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

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TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM
Species Name      Molality      Activity      Act Coef      Total Moles   Molarity      mg/liter      Descriptor
H2O              WATER        8.31897E-01  7.78177E-01  0.9354        1.93346E+01  4.96959E+01  8.95281E+05
NaNPo2CO3(s)    NaNPo2CO3(s) 9.97832E+00  1.00000E+00  1.000        3.47561E+00  8.93340E+00  3.14497E+06
Na+             Na+          5.61001E+00  5.28798E+00  0.9426        1.95406E+00  5.02253E+00  1.15467E+05
Cl-            Cl-          5.60233E+00  5.28028E+00  0.9425        1.95138E+00  5.01566E+00  1.77820E+05
CO3=          CO3=        3.26656E-03  4.48095E-05  2.5963E-02    1.13780E-03  2.92449E-03  1.75496E+02
HCO3-         HCO3-       1.06541E-03  3.94227E-04  0.3700        3.71098E-04  9.53837E-04  5.82004E+01
OH-           OH-         6.77337E-05  3.68439E-05  0.5440        2.35928E-05  6.06407E-05  1.03133E+00
NpO2(CO3)2=--  NpO2(CO3)2=-- 2.08796E-06  5.42434E-11  2.5979E-05    7.27272E-07  1.86931E-06  7.27286E-01
NpO2(CO3)3=--  NpO2(CO3)3=-- 1.37733E-06  1.10201E-15  8.0011E-10    4.79745E-07  1.23309E-06  5.53751E-01
CO2(aq)        CO2(aq)      8.07635E-08  2.34511E-07  2.904        2.81313E-08  7.23060E-08  3.18217E-03
NpO2CO3-       NpO2CO3-    1.33737E-07  2.43187E-07  1.818        4.65827E-08  1.19732E-07  3.93986E-02
NpO2+          NpO2+       5.82643E-09  1.15644E-08  1.985        2.02944E-09  5.21629E-09  1.40343E-03
H+             H+          5.44489E-11  2.12840E-10  3.909        1.89655E-11  4.87471E-11  4.93322E-08
NpO2OH(aq)     NpO2OH(aq)  1.64493E-10  1.64493E-10  1.000        5.72955E-11  1.47267E-10  2.12645E-05
NpO2(OH)2-     NpO2(OH)2-  9.78743E-13  2.92306E-13  0.2987       3.40912E-13  8.76250E-13  2.65558E-07
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O Throna      0.00000E+00  1.00000E+00  1.000        0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.H2O     Thermonatrite 0.00000E+00  1.00000E+00  1.000        0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O    Na2CO3-Heptahydrate 0.00000E+00  1.00000E+00  1.000        0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O   Natron         0.00000E+00  1.00000E+00  1.000        0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00
NaHCO3         NaHCO3        0.00000E+00  1.00000E+00  1.000        0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00
NaCl           Halite        0.00000E+00  1.00000E+00  1.000        0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s) DISABLED_DISABLED 0.00000E+00  1.00000E+00  1.000        0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00
NaOH(aq)       to.titrate.base.only 0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  1.000        0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00
NpO2OH(amor)   NpO2OH(amor) 0.00000E+00  1.00000E+00  1.000        0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00
NpO2OH(aged)   NpO2OH(aged) 0.00000E+00  1.00000E+00  1.000        0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00
HCl(aq)        to.titrate.acid.only 0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  1.000        0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00

pH = -log[m(H+)] = 10.2640
pH = -log[a(H+)] = 9.6719
Osmotic Coefficient = 1.241147
Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.817733
Ionic Strength (m) = 5.613297
Density, kg/m3 = 1188.80

NOTES: - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase
        - Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures
        - "Descriptor" means:
          *dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)
          *Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)
          *log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations
          *log10(partial pressure) for gases

Total G/RT= -4.63866284E+03
Flashing Titration # 9
# inversions for batch pbml 23
Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option; Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
DATABASE: HW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89, PRP90, P91, RFFR92, RFF94, RFF94)
Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem
Total Moles      Aq. Molality      Aq. Molarity      Aq. mg/liter
3.87052148E+01  1.11018564E+02  9.93933709E+01  1.00178579E+05 Hydrogen
3.67369708E+01  5.55273411E+01  4.97128537E+01  7.95375832E+05 Oxygen
5.43147475E+00  5.61001696E+00  5.02256990E+00  1.15467727E+05 Sodium
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 Potassium
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 Magnesium
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 Calcium
1.95190099E+00  5.59865759E+00  5.01240002E+00  1.77704618E+05 Chlorine
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 Sulfur
3.47776855E+00  6.18147537E-03  5.53418864E-03  6.64711398E+01 Carbon
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 PosIon
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 NegIon
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 Air
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 Boron
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 Bromine
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 TracerEl
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 Am(III)
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 U(VI)
3.47561578E+00  6.66349238E-06  5.96573175E-06  1.41416597E+00 Np(V)
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(EL)
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00  0.00000000E+00 Electron
-1.13087115E-15 -3.24368928E-15 -2.90402975E-15 0.00000000E+00 Charge

Solution Parameters, Calculated
SOLUTION MASS 462.933810446950 grams
H2O MASS 348.637323019311 grams
TDS(g/kg) 327.837784084031 g/kgH2O

Specified Solution Density
DENSITY 1188.79464008680 kg/m^3 = g/l
  
```

Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

```

1070 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density
1071 SOLUTION VOL 0.389414449591688 liters
1072 TDS 293.508593601194 g/l
1073
1074 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.79464008680 g/l
1075 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.000000000000000E+000 %
1076
1077
1078
1079
1080
  
```

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	8.31919E-01	7.78249E-01	0.9355	1.93524E+01	4.96961E+01	8.95286E+05	
NaNPo2CO3(s)	9.96914E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47561E+00	8.92523E+00	3.14209E+06	
Na+	5.61002E+00	5.28690E+00	0.9424	1.95986E+00	5.02257E+00	1.15468E+05	
Cl-	5.59866E+00	5.27483E+00	0.9422	1.95190E+00	5.01240E+00	1.77705E+05	
CO3=	5.06627E-03	1.31507E-04	2.5957E-02	1.76629E-03	4.53576E-03	2.72187E+02	
HCO3=	1.09867E-03	4.06389E-04	0.3699	3.83037E-04	9.83623E-04	6.00178E+01	
OH-	1.01865E-04	5.54263E-05	0.5441	3.55141E-05	9.11987E-05	1.55104E+00	-1.77E-10
NpO2(CO3)2=	3.23222E-06	8.41283E-11	2.6028E-05	1.12687E-06	2.89376E-06	1.12586E+00	8.12E-10
NpO2(CO3)3=	3.29354E-06	2.65024E-15	8.0468E-10	1.14825E-06	2.94866E-06	1.32417E+00	1.75E-09
CO2(aq)	5.53405E-08	1.60697E-07	2.904	1.92938E-08	4.95456E-08	2.18049E-03	-9.24E-09
NpO2CO3-	1.33806E-07	2.43236E-07	1.818	4.66498E-08	1.19795E-07	3.94192E-02	5.06E-13
NpO2+	3.76324E-09	7.45944E-09	1.982	1.31200E-09	3.36917E-09	9.06466E-04	-7.98E-10
H+	3.62550E-11	1.41496E-10	3.903	1.26398E-11	3.24586E-11	3.27150E-08	-4.95E-09
NpO2OH(aq)	1.59617E-10	1.59617E-10	1.000	5.56486E-11	1.42903E-10	4.08781E-05	4.15E-09
NpO2(OH)2-	1.42919E-12	4.26699E-13	0.2986	4.98268E-13	1.27953E-12	3.87777E-07	9.11E-09
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-4.28E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.03E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.74E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.70E+00
NaHCO3	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.26E+00
NaCl	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.25E-01
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.31E+02
NaOH(aq)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.94E+02
NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.66E+00
NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.07E+00
HCl(aq)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.49E+02

```

1081 pmH = -log(m(H+)) = 10.4406
1082 pH = -log(a(H+)) = 9.8493
1083 Osmotic Coefficient= 1.240893
1084 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.824850
1085 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.615126
1086 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.79
  
```

```

1087 NOTES: - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase
1088 - Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures
1089 - "Descriptor" means:
1090 *dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)
1091 *Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)
1092 *log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations
1093 *log10(partial pressure) for gases
  
```

```

1094 Total G/RT= -4.64072873E+03
1095 Flashing Titration # 10
1096 # inversions for batch pblm 22
1097 Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
1098 DATABASE: HW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
1099 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
1100 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
  
```

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
3.87560135E+01	1.11018653E+02	9.91942650E+01	1.00179480E+05	Hydrogen
3.67651156E+01	5.5532555E+01	4.97203463E+01	7.95495709E+05	Oxygen
5.43404174E+00	5.61002728E+00	5.02262026E+00	1.15468885E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
1.95263769E+00	5.59343408E+00	5.00776448E+00	1.77540274E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
3.47868370E+00	8.80060113E-03	7.87911990E-03	9.46361091E+01	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	PosIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
3.47561578E+00	1.23872216E-05	1.10901974E-05	2.62891134E+00	Np(V)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	ClO4-(EL)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
-6.72313767E-16	-1.92587840E-15	-1.72422617E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge



Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

```

1183
1184 Solution Parameters, Calculated
1185 SOLUTION MASS 463.532138924454 grams
1186 H2O MASS 349.094609954685 grams
1187 TDS(g/kg) 327.812362913952 g/kgH2O
1188
1189 Specified Solution Density
1190 DENSITY 1188.78161259327 kg/m^3 = g/l
1191
1192 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density
1193 SOLUTION VOL 0.389922029424127 liters
1194 TDS 293.488236965687 g/l
1195
1196 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.78161259327 g/l
1197 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.000000000000000E+000 %
  
```

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	WATER	8.31951E-01	7.78350E-01	0.9356	1.93778E-01	4.96966E+01	8.95293E+05
NaNPo2CO3(s)	NaNPo2CO3(s)	9.95607E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47561E+00	8.91361E+00	1.13800E+06
Na+	Na+	5.61003E+00	5.28539E+00	0.9421	1.95843E+00	5.02262E+00	1.15469E+05
Cl-	Cl-	5.59343E+00	5.26704E+00	0.9416	1.95264E+00	5.00776E+00	1.77540E+05
CO3=	CO3=	7.62562E-03	1.97880E-04	2.5949E-02	2.66206E-03	6.82717E-03	4.09693E+02
HCO3-	HCO3-	1.14291E-03	4.22533E-04	0.3697	3.98983E-04	1.02324E-03	6.24350E+01
OH-	OH-	1.47379E-04	8.02242E-05	0.5443	5.14493E-05	1.31948E-04	2.24408E+00
NpO2(CO3)2=	NpO2(CO3)2=	4.85191E-06	1.26624E-10	2.6098E-05	1.69378E-06	4.34388E-06	1.69005E+00
NpO2(CO3)3=	NpO2(CO3)3=	7.39875E-06	6.00222E-15	8.1125E-10	2.58286E-06	6.62405E-06	2.97469E+00
CO2(aq)	CO2(aq)	3.97510E-08	1.15435E-07	2.904	1.38769E-08	3.55888E-08	1.56626E-03
NpO2CO3-	NpO2CO3-	1.33905E-07	2.43306E-07	1.817	4.67454E-08	1.19884E-07	3.94486E-02
NpO2+	NpO2+	2.50641E-09	4.95882E-09	1.978	8.74975E-10	2.24398E-09	6.03735E-04
H+	H+	2.51081E-11	9.77709E-11	3.894	8.76512E-12	2.24792E-11	2.26567E-08
NpO2OH(aq)	NpO2OH(aq)	1.53583E-10	1.53583E-10	1.000	5.36149E-11	1.37502E-10	3.93329E-05
NpO2(OH)2-	NpO2(OH)2-	1.99131E-12	5.94256E-13	0.2984	6.95155E-13	1.78281E-12	5.40300E-07
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	Trona	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	Thermonatrite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	Na2CO3-Heptahydrate	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	Natron	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaHCO3	Nahcolite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaCl	Halite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)	DISABLED_DISABLED	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaOH(aq)	to.titrate.base.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NpO2OH(amor)	NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NpO2OH(aged)	NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
HCl(aq)	to.titrate.acid.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00

```

1201 pH = -log[m(H+)] = 10.6002
1202 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 10.0098
1203 Osmotic Coefficient= 1.240532
1204 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.834968
1205 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.617741
1206 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.78
  
```

NOTES: - Water 'molality' is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase  
 - Gas 'molality' and 'activity' are gas partial pressures  
 - 'Descriptor' means:  
 \*dg/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)  
 \*Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)  
 \*log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations  
 \*log10(partial pressure) for gases

```

1207 Total G/RT= -4.64367246E-03
1208 Flashing Titration # 11
1209 # inversions for batch pbm 22
1210 Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
1211 DATABASE: HMM84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-C104 (NR94);
1212 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRP90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
1213 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
  
```

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
3.88284068E+01	1.11018771E+02	9.93954996E+01	1.00180724E+05	Hydrogen
3.68052248E+01	5.55465070E+01	4.97309848E+01	7.9565918E+05	Oxygen
5.43769997E+00	5.61004415E+00	5.02269243E+00	1.15470544E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
1.95368755E+00	5.58601315E+00	5.00117739E+00	1.77306742E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
3.47998788E+00	1.25239828E-02	1.12127662E-02	1.34676535E+02	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	PosIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine

Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

1203	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
1204	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
1205	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
1206	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
1207	3.47561578E+00	2.32128943E-05	2.07825866E-05	4.92647476E+00	Np(V)
1208	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	ClO4- (EL)
1209	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
1210	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
1211	-8.43194194E-16	-2.41087366E-15	-2.15846374E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge

Solution Parameters, Calculated

SOLUTION MASS	464.385150217386	grams
H2O MASS	349.746321818902	grams
TDS(g/kg)	327.777080834729	g/kgH2O

Specified Solution Density

DENSITY	1188.76353136245	kg/m <sup>3</sup> = g/l
---------	------------------	-------------------------

Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density

SOLUTION VOL	0.390645521977908	liters
TDS	293.459983409119	g/l

Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.76353136245 g/l  
 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.00000000000000000000 %

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	8.31997E-01	7.78493E-01	0.9357	1.94140E+01	4.96971E+01	8.95304E+05	
NaHPO2CO3(s)	9.93751E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47561E+00	8.89709E+00	3.13218E+06	
Na+	5.61004E+00	5.28333E+00	0.9418	1.96209E+00	5.02269E+00	1.15471E+05	
Cl-	5.58601E+00	5.25591E+00	0.9409	1.95369E+00	5.00118E+00	1.77307E+05	
CO3=	1.12609E-02	2.92079E-04	2.5937E-02	3.93846E-03	1.00819E-02	6.05009E+02	
HCO3-	1.20082E-03	4.43607E-04	0.3694	4.19981E-04	1.07510E-03	6.55992E+01	
OH-	2.07123E-04	1.12810E-04	0.5447	7.24404E-05	1.85438E-04	3.15380E+00	-2.25E-09
NpO2(CO3)2=-	7.13717E-06	1.86975E-10	2.6197E-05	2.49620E-06	6.38993E-06	2.48610E+00	4.21E-09
NpO2(CO3)3=-	1.59398E-05	1.30821E-14	8.2072E-10	5.57490E-06	1.42710E-05	6.40874E+00	8.72E-09
CO2(aq)	2.96765E-08	8.61856E-08	2.904	1.03792E-08	2.65695E-08	1.16932E-03	-9.22E-08
NpO2CO3-	1.34044E-07	2.43401E-07	1.816	4.68815E-08	1.20010E-07	3.94902E-02	8.14E-12
NpO2+	1.70329E-09	3.36086E-09	1.973	5.95718E-10	1.52496E-09	4.10285E-04	-4.25E-09
NpO2OH(aq)	1.46370E-10	1.46370E-10	1.000	5.11925E-11	1.31046E-10	3.74863E-05	4.11E-08
H+	1.79163E-11	6.95424E-11	3.882	6.26615E-12	1.60405E-11	1.61672E-08	-4.53E-08
NpO2(OH)2-	2.67040E-12	7.96388E-13	0.2982	9.33963E-13	2.39082E-12	7.24565E-07	8.64E-08
NaH(CO3)2.2H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.89E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.68E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.39E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.35E+00
NaHCO3	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.22E+00
NaCl	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.27E-01
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.31E+02
NaOH(aq)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.94E+02
NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.70E+00
NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.12E+00
HCl(aq)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.50E+02

pmH = -log(m[H+]) = 10.7468  
 pH = -log(a[H+]) = 10.1578  
 Osmotic Coefficient = 1.240021  
 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.849336  
 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.621486  
 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.76

- NOTES: - Water 'molality' is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase  
 - Gas 'molality' and 'activity' are gas partial pressures  
 - 'Descriptor' means:  
 \*G/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)  
 \*Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)  
 \*log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations  
 \*log10(partial pressure) for gases

Total G/RT= -4.64786705E+03  
 Flashing Titration # 12  
 # inversions for batch pbkm 22  
 Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option; Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0  
 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);  
 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)  
 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
3.89315747E+01	1.11018923E+02	9.93971848E+01	1.00182423E+05	Hydrogen
3.68623846E+01	5.55624877E+01	4.97460679E+01	7.95907238E+05	Oxygen
5.44291331E+00	5.61007250E+00	5.02279611E+00	1.15472927E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium

Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

1243	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Calcium
1244	1.95518372E+00	5.57548446E+00	4.99182884E+00	1.76975308E+05	Chlorine
1245	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Sulfur
1246	3.48184647E+00	1.78114648E-02	1.59469162E-02	1.91538411E+02	Carbon
1247	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Posion
1248	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Negion
1249	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Air
1250	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Boron
1251	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Bromine
1252	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	TracerEl
1253	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Th(IV)
1254	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Am(III)
1255	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	U(VI)
1256	1.47561578E+00	4.37690919E-05	3.51872342E-05	9.28926332E+00	Np(V)
1257	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	ClO4- (EL)
1258	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Phosphorus
1259	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	0.0000000E+00	Electron
1260	-1.32033463E-15	-3.76512199E-15	-3.37097962E-15	0.0000000E+00	Charge

Solution Parameters, Calculated

SOLUTION MASS	465.601420606269	grams
H2O MASS	350.675126352096	grams
TDS(g/kg)	327.728674256700	g/kgH2O

Specified Solution Density

DENSITY	1188.73872346794	kg/m^3 = g/l
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Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density

SOLUTION VOL	0.391676834795082	liters
TDS	293.4212118832869	g/l

Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions	1188.73872346794	g/l
Percent relative error vs NaCl density	0.00000000000000E+000	%

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	ng/liter	Descriptor
H2O	8.32061E-01	7.78697E-01	0.9359	1.94655E-01	4.96979E+01	8.95318E+05	
NaNpO2CO3(s)	9.91117E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47560E+00	8.87364E+00	3.12393E+06	
Na+	5.61007E+00	5.28057E+00	0.9413	1.96731E+00	5.02288E+00	1.15473E+05	
Cl-	5.57548E+00	5.24002E+00	0.9398	1.95518E+00	4.99183E+00	1.76975E+05	
CO3=	1.64154E-02	4.25480E-04	2.5920E-02	5.75648E-03	1.46970E-02	8.81956E+02	
HCO3-	1.27533E-03	4.70618E-04	0.3690	4.47227E-04	1.14183E-03	6.96709E+01	
OH-	2.84255E-04	1.54942E-04	0.5451	9.96812E-05	2.54499E-04	4.32833E+00	-1.42E-09
NpO2(CO3)2=-	1.03463E-05	2.72515E-10	2.6339E-05	3.62818E-06	9.26320E-06	3.60399E+00	2.42E-09
NpO2(CO3)3=-	3.32873E-05	2.77756E-14	8.3442E-10	1.16730E-05	2.98027E-05	1.33836E+01	5.14E-09
CO2(aq)	2.29199E-08	6.65707E-08	2.904	8.03744E-09	2.05206E-08	9.03107E-04	-7.40E-08
NpO2CO3-	1.34242E-07	2.43528E-07	1.814	4.70755E-08	1.20190E-07	3.95491E-02	6.18E-12
NpO2+	1.17432E-09	2.30833E-09	1.966	4.11805E-10	1.05139E-09	2.82874E-04	-2.46E-09
NpO2OH(aq)	1.38078E-10	1.38078E-10	1.000	4.84205E-11	1.23624E-10	3.53631E-05	3.39E-08
H+	1.31074E-11	5.06455E-11	3.864	4.59643E-12	1.17353E-11	1.18280E-08	-3.64E-08
NpO2(OH)2-	3.46327E-12	1.03185E-12	0.2979	1.21448E-12	3.10073E-12	5.39711E-07	7.04E-08
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.70E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.52E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.23E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.19E+00
NaHCO3	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.20E+00
NaCl	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.28E-01
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.30E+02
NaOH(aq)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.94E+02
NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.73E-00
NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.13E+00
HCl(aq)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.50E+02

1410 pmH = -log[m(H+)] = 10.8825  
1411 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 10.2955  
1412 Osmotic Coefficient= 1.239297  
1413 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.869707  
1414 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.626852  
1415 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.74

1417 NOTES: - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase  
1418 - Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures  
1419 - "Descriptor" means:  
1420 \*dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)  
1421 \*Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)  
1422 \*log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations  
1423 \*log10(partial pressure) for gases

1424 Total G/RT= -4.65384406E+03  
1425 Flashing Titration # 13  
1426 # inversions for batch pblm 22  
1427 Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0  
1428 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);  
1429 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)  
1430 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin

Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
3.90785996E+01	1.11019115E+02	9.93994493E+01	1.00184705E+05	Hydrogen
3.69438430E+01	5.55851538E+01	4.97674088E+01	7.96248680E+05	Oxygen
5.45034287E+00	5.61012129E+00	5.02294553E+00	1.15476363E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
1.95731591E+00	5.56057489E+00	4.97858483E+00	1.76505768E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
3.48449515E+00	2.53082323E-02	2.26593804E-02	2.72161818E+02	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	PoIsion
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
3.47561578E+00	8.26620364E-05	7.40103261E-05	1.75440146E+01	Np(V)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	ClO4-(EL)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
-1.25055944E-15	-3.55273740E-15	-3.18089495E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge

Solution Parameters, Calculated

SOLUTION MASS	467.335943430028	grams
H2O MASS	351.998839687459	grams
TDS(g/kg)	327.663306631854	g/KgH2O

Specified Solution Density

DENSITY	1188.70522197651	kg/m <sup>3</sup> = g/l
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Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density

SOLUTION VOL	0.393147043346010	liters
TDS	293.168869726079	g/l

Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions	1188.70522197651	g/l
Percent relative error vs NaCl density	0.000000000000000E+000	%

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	WATER	8.32153E-01	7.78985E-01	0.9361	1.95390E+01	4.96989E+01	8.95336E+05
NaNPo2CO3(s)	NaNPo2CO3(s)	9.87386E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47559E+00	8.84042E+00	3.11224E+06
Na+	Na+	5.61012E+00	5.27693E+00	0.9406	1.97476E+00	5.02295E+00	1.15476E+05
Cl-	Cl-	5.56057E+00	5.21732E+00	0.9383	1.95732E+00	4.97858E+00	1.76506E+05
CO3=	CO3=	2.37058E-02	6.13801E-04	2.5892E-02	8.34440E-03	2.12246E-02	1.27367E+03
HCO3-	HCO3-	1.36956E-03	5.04583E-04	0.3684	4.82083E-04	1.22622E-03	7.48201E+01
OH-	OH-	3.82200E-04	2.08552E-04	0.5457	1.34534E-04	3.42198E-04	5.81986E+00
NpO2(CO3)2=-	NpO2(CO3)2=-	1.48219E-05	3.93404E-10	2.6542E-05	5.21729E-06	1.32706E-05	5.16313E+00
NpO2(CO3)3=-	NpO2(CO3)3=-	6.77047E-05	5.78442E-14	8.5436E-10	2.38320E-05	6.06184E-05	2.72222E+01
CO2(aq)	CO2(aq)	1.82542E-08	5.30275E-08	2.905	6.42544E-09	1.63436E-08	7.19279E-04
NpO2CO3-	NpO2CO3-	1.34522E-07	2.43696E-07	1.812	4.73516E-08	1.20442E-07	3.96323E-02
NpO2+	NpO2+	8.18986E-10	1.60121E-09	1.955	2.88282E-10	7.33267E-10	1.97283E-04
NpO2OH(aq)	NpO2OH(aq)	1.28920E-10	1.28920E-10	1.000	4.53797E-11	1.15427E-10	3.30183E-05
H+	H+	9.80463E-12	3.76405E-11	3.839	3.45122E-12	8.77844E-12	8.84779E-09
NpO2(OH)2-	NpO2(OH)2-	4.35852E-12	1.29676E-12	0.2975	1.53420E-12	3.90234E-12	1.18265E-06
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	Trona	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	Thermonatrite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	Na2CO3-Heptahydrate	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	Na2CO3-Decahydrate	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaHCO3	Nahcolite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaCl	Halite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaOH(aq)	to.titrate.base.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NpO2OH(amor)	NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NpO2OH(aged)	NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
HCl(aq)	to.titrate.acid.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00

pH = -log[m(H+)]	=	11.0086
pH = -log[a(H+)]	=	10.4243
Osmotic Coefficient	=	1.238276
Equilibrium RH (%)	=	77.898521
Ionic Strength (m)	=	5.634549
Density, kg/m3	=	1188.71

NOTES: - Water 'molality' is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase  
 - Gas 'molality' and 'activity' are gas partial pressures  
 - 'Descriptor' means:  
 \*DG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)  
 \*Saturation Index for minerals. SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)  
 \*log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations  
 \*log10(partial pressure) for gases

Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

1507 Total G/PT= -4.66236092E+03 22  
 1508 Flashing Titration # 14  
 1509 # Inversions for batch pbm  
 1510 BENCHMARK TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61mg/L NaCl FMT V2.0  
 1511 DATABASE: HW84/FW86: Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-C104 (NR94):  
 1512 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRS89,FR90,PS1,REFR92,REF94,REF94)  
 1513 Pressures: 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin

1514 Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molarity	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
3.92881232E-01	1.11019354E+02	9.4024309E+01	1.00187710E+05	Hydrogen
3.70599297E+01	5.56172351E+01	4.97973186E+01	7.96730419E+05	Oxygen
5.46093075E+00	5.61020635E+00	5.02316152E+00	1.15481328E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
1.96035408E+00	5.53951836E+00	4.95987023E+00	1.75842279E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
3.48826979E+00	3.59127333E-02	3.21548707E-02	3.86212152E-02	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Posion
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEL
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
3.47561578E+00	1.55346593E-04	1.39091324E-04	3.29713479E+01	Np(V)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	ClO4-(EL)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
-8.00005678E-16	-2.26063508E-15	-2.02408511E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge

1515 Solution Parameters, Calculated

1516 SOLUTION MASS 469.810029265032 grams  
 1517 H2O MASS 353.885368468197 grams  
 1518 TDS(g/kg) 327.5768686460594 g/kgH2O

1519 Specified Solution Density 1188.66091947607 kg/m<sup>3</sup> = g/l

1520 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density 0.395243102189405 liters  
 1521 SOLUTION VOL 0.395243102189405 liters  
 1522 TDS 293.2999643066972 g/l

1523 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.66091947607 g/l  
 1524 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.000000000000000E+000 %

1525 TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	8.32282E-01	7.79391E-01	0.9365	1.96437E+01	4.97003E+01	8.95361E+05	
NaNP2O3(s)	9.82115E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47556E+00	8.79348E+00	3.09571E+06	
Na+	5.61021E+00	5.27230E+00	0.9398	1.96557E+00	5.02316E+00	1.15481E+05	
Cl-	5.53952E+00	5.18493E+00	0.9360	1.96035E+00	4.95987E+00	1.75842E+05	
CO3=	3.9812E-02	8.78458E-04	2.5851E-02	1.20255E-02	3.04255E-02	1.82581E+03	
HCO3-	1.48672E-03	5.46468E-04	0.3676	5.26128E-04	1.33115E-03	8.12230E+01	
OH-	5.04619E-04	2.75741E-04	0.5464	1.78577E-04	4.51816E-04	7.68417E+00	-1.22E-09
NP2O2(CO3)2=	2.10028E-05	5.63525E-10	2.6831E-05	7.43260E-06	1.88051E-05	7.31643E+00	1.18E-08
NP2O2(CO3)3=	1.34208E-04	1.18584E-13	8.8359E-10	4.74943E-05	1.20165E-04	5.39629E+01	2.62E-09
CO2(aq)	1.49488E-08	4.34356E-08	2.906	5.29018E-09	1.33846E-08	5.89054E-04	-7.17E-08
NP2O2CO3-	1.34916E-07	2.43910E-07	1.808	4.77447E-08	1.20798E-07	3.97494E-02	5.29E-12
NP2O2+	5.77122E-10	1.11979E-09	1.940	2.04235E-10	5.16733E-10	1.39025E-04	-1.25E-09
NP2O2OH(aq)	1.19205E-10	1.19205E-10	1.000	4.21850E-11	1.06732E-10	3.05111E-05	3.27E-08
H+	7.48733E-12	2.84836E-11	3.804	2.64965E-12	6.70386E-12	6.75882E-09	-3.39E-08
NP2O2(OH)2-	5.33952E-12	1.58534E-12	0.2969	1.88958E-12	4.78080E-12	1.44888E-06	6.67E-08
Na3H(CO3)12.2H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.32E+00
NP2O2CO3	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.20E+00
NP2O2	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.91E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.87E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.14E+01
NaCl	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.34E-01
Na3NP2O2(CO3)2(s)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.30E+02
NaOH(aq)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.93E+02
NP2O2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.79E+00
NP2O2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.20E+00
NP2O2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.20E+00
HCl(aq)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.50E+02

1526 = 11.1257

1527 pM<sub>H</sub> = -log(m(H+))  
 1528 pH = -log(a(H+)) = 10.5454  
 1529 Osmotic Coefficient = 1.216838  
 1530 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.93147  
 1531 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.645593

Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

```

1010 Density, kg/m3      =      1188.66
1011
1012 NOTES:  - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase
1013          - Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures
1014          - "Descriptor" means:
1015            *dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)
1016            *Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)
1017            *log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations
1018            *log10(partial pressure) for gases
1019
1020 Total G/RT=      -4.67449693E+03
1021 Flashing Titration #      15
1022 # inversions for batch pb1m      22
1023 Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LOG10 option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl  FMT V2.0
1024 DATABASE:  HW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
1025 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRP90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RFF94)
1026 Pressure=      1.00000E+00 [=] ATM      Temperature=      2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
1027
  
```

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
3.95867206E+01	1.11019649E+02	9.94062599E+01	1.00191569E+05	Hydrogen
3.72253652E+01	5.56624986E+01	4.98398335E+01	7.97407433E+05	Oxygen
5.47601956E+00	5.61035435E+00	5.02347422E+00	1.15488517E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
1.96468480E+00	5.50989354E+00	4.93352227E+00	1.74908165E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
3.49364905E+00	5.08618173E-02	4.55413352E-02	5.46996977E+02	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	FosIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
3.47561578E-00	2.88102498E-04	2.57965074E-04	6.11501564E-01	Np(V)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	ClO4-(EL)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
-1.86320143E-15	-5.22528680E-15	-4.67868728E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge

```

1028 Solution Parameters, Calculated
1029 SOLUTION MASS      473.339684533635      grams
1030 H2O MASS          356.574003417592      grams
1031 TDS(g/kg)         327.465491025424      g/kgH2O
1032
1033 Specified Solution Density
1034 DENSITY           1188.60383111845      kg/m^3 = g/l
1035
1036 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density
1037 SOLUTION VOL      0.398231666549681      liters
1038 TDS               293.210437350984      g/l
  
```



```

1039 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions      1188.60383111845      g/l
1040 Percent relative error vs NaCl density      0.0000000000000000E+000 %
  
```

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	WATER	8.32465E-01	7.79962E-01	0.9369	1.97930E+01	4.97021E+01	8.95393E+05
NaNpO2CO3(s)	NaNpO2CO3(s)	9.74696E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47551E+00	8.72736E+00	3.07243E+06
Na+	Na+	5.61035E+00	5.26665E+00	0.9387	2.00051E+00	5.02347E+00	1.15489E+05
Cl-	Cl-	5.50989E+00	5.13884E+00	0.9327	1.96468E+00	4.93352E+00	1.74908E+05
CO3=	CO3=	4.83971E-02	1.24807E-03	2.5788E-02	1.72571E-02	4.33344E-02	2.60046E+03
HCO3-	HCO3-	1.63010E-03	5.97114E-04	0.3663	5.81251E-04	1.45958E-03	8.90593E+01
OH-	OH-	6.55397E-04	3.58792E-04	0.5474	2.33698E-04	5.86839E-04	9.98054E+00
NpO2(CO3)2=	NpO2(CO3)2=	2.94209E-05	8.01487E-10	2.7242E-05	1.04907E-05	2.63433E-05	1.02493E+01
NpO2(CO3)3=	NpO2(CO3)3=	2.58546E-04	2.39623E-13	9.2681E-10	9.21906E-05	2.31500E-04	1.03961E+02
NpO2CO3-	NpO2CO3-	1.35468E-07	2.44172E-07	1.802	4.83043E-08	1.21297E-07	3.99135E-02
CO2(aq)	CO2(aq)	1.25492E-08	3.64751E-08	2.907	4.47472E-09	1.12365E-08	4.94515E-04
NpO2+	NpO2+	4.11022E-10	7.89015E-10	1.920	1.46560E-10	3.68027E-10	9.90165E-05
NpO2OH(aq)	NpO2OH(aq)	1.09291E-10	1.09291E-10	1.000	3.89705E-11	9.78589E-11	2.79929E-05
H+	H+	5.83272E-12	2.19064E-11	3.756	2.07980E-12	5.22258E-12	5.26384E-09
NpO2(OH)2-	NpO2(OH)2-	6.38945E-12	1.89128E-12	0.2960	2.27831E-12	5.72107E-12	1.73384E-06
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	Trona	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	Thermonatrite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	Na2CO3-Heptahydrate	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	Natron	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaHCO3	NaHco3ite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaCl	Halite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)	_DISABLED_DISABLED	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaOH(aq)	to.titrate.base.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00

Appendix N: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.OUT"

```

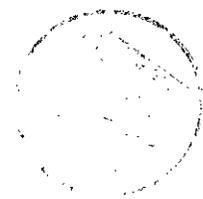
1713 NpO2OH(amor)_____NpO2OH(amor)    0.00000E+00  1.00000E+00  1.000    0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  -3.83E+00
1714 NpO2OH(aged)_____NpO2OH(aged)    0.00000E+00  1.00000E+00  1.000    0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  -3.23E+00
1715 HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only    0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  1.000    0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  0.00000E+00  -2.50E+02
1716
1717 pH = -log[m(H+)] = 11.2341
1718 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 10.6594
1719 Osmotic Coefficient= 1.234823
1720 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.996177
1721 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.661425
1722 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.60
1723
1724 NOTES: - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase
1725         - Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures
1726         - "Descriptor" means:
1727           *dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)
1728           *Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)
1729           *log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations
1730           *log10(partial pressure) for gases
1731
1732 Total G/RT= -4.69179003E+03
1733 TITRATE file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]NP_NACL_BM_LOG.TITRATE;1
1734 MOLES file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]NP_NACL_BM_LOG.MOLES;1
```

Appendix O: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.OUT"

Appendix O: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.OUT"

See Table 27 for explanation of this listing.

```
1 INPUT file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]NP_NACL_BM_LIN.IN:1
2 INGUSS file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]NP_NACL_BM_LIN.INGUSS:1
3 OUTPUT file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]NP_NACL_BM_LIN.OUT:2
4 CHEMDAT file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]FMT_HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT:1
5 Temperature is Hard Coded as 298.15K
6 Benchmark TITRATE Problem. LINEAR option; Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
7 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
8 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
9
10 .....
11 *** ECHO PRINT OF "CHEMDAT" FILE WOULD BE HERE ***
12 *** SEE APPENDIX J ***
13 .....
14
15 TITRATION Problem:
16 -) Assigning all delta(y) to 0.1 m
17 -) Setting # of nodes in Y-direction to 3
18 -) Setting NONREACTIVE Porosity to 0.0
19
20
21 Specifying VARIABLE POROSITY for TITRATION Problem
22
23
24 Aqueous Density is a Function of Composition
25
26 RHOMIN file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]FMT_HMW_NP_AM.RHOMIN:1
27
28 .....
29 *** TABLE OF MINERAL DENSITIES, KG/M^3 WOULD BE HERE ***
30 *** SEE APPENDIX L ***
31 .....
32
33 GRID BLOCK VOLUMES, in liters
34 1.00E+00 1.00E+00
35 1.00E+00 1.00E+00
36
37 1.00E+00 1.00E+00
38 1.00E+00 1.00E+00
39
40 1.00E+00 1.00E+00
41 1.00E+00 1.00E+00
42
43 1.00E+00 1.00E+00
44 1.00E+00 1.00E+00
45
46 # inversions for batch pblm 50
47 Benchmark TITRATE Problem. LINEAR option; Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
48 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
49 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
50 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
51
52 Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem
53
54 Total Moles Aq. Molality Aq. Molarity Aq. mg/liter
55
56 1.11017363E+02 1.11029658E+02 1.00100314E+02 1.00891107E+05 Hydrogen
57 6.15086815E+01 6.15154934E+01 5.54601388E+01 8.87328944E+05 Oxygen
58 5.61000000E+00 5.61062129E+00 5.05833276E+00 1.16289907E+05 Sodium
59 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Potassium
60 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Magnesium
61 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Calcium
62 1.61000000E+00 1.61017830E+00 1.45167838E+00 5.14663538E+04 Chlorine
63 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Sulfur
64 2.00000001E+00 2.00022150E+00 1.80332719E+00 2.16597629E+04 Carbon
65 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 FosIon
66 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 NegIon
67 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Air
68 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Boron
69 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Bromine
70 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 TracerEL
71 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Th(IV)
72 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Am(III)
73 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 U(VI)
74 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Np(V)
75 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(EL)
76 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus
77 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Electron
78 -2.22044605E-15 -2.22069196E-15 -2.00209536E-15 0.00000000E+00 Charge
79
80 Solution Parameters, Calculated
81 SOLUTION MASS 1306.07033909890 grams
82 H2O MASS 999.889265717486 grams
```



Appendix O: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.OUT"

```

83 TDS(g/kg)      306.214981877726      g/kgH2O
84
85 Specified Solution Density
86 DENSITY      1177.63607439302      kg/m^3 = g/l
87
88 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density
89 SOLUTION VOL  1.10906108219560      liters
90 TDS          276.072326670473      g/l
91
92 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions  1177.63607439302      g/l
93 Percent relative error vs NaCl density  0.000000000000000E+000 %
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TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	WATER	8.57464E-01	8.59843E-01	1.003	5.55025E+01	5.00446E+01	9.01564E+05
Na+	Na+	5.61062E+00	3.69881E+00	0.6593	5.61000E+00	5.05833E+00	1.16290E+05
CO3=	CO3=	1.99407E+00	4.09214E-02	2.0522E-02	1.99385E+00	1.79778E+00	1.07884E+05
Cl-	Cl-	1.61018E+00	1.06477E+00	0.6613	1.61000E+00	1.45168E+00	5.14664E+04
HCO3-	HCO3-	6.14734E-03	1.59044E-03	0.2587	6.14666E-03	5.54222E-03	3.38170E+02
OH-	OH-	6.14733E-03	4.86901E-03	0.7921	6.14665E-03	5.54221E-03	9.42580E+01
CO2(aq)	CO2(aq)	2.36876E-09	7.15913E-09	3.022	2.36850E-09	2.13559E-09	9.39868E-05
H+	H+	2.39954E-12	1.77959E-12	0.7416	2.39927E-12	2.16334E-12	2.18043E-09
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	Trona	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
HCl(aq)	to.titrate.acid.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.52E+02
NaOH(aq)	to.titrate.base.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaCl	Halite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.92E+02
NaHCO3	NaHcolite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.75E-01
Na2CO3.7H2O	Na2CO3-Heptahydrate	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	Thermonatrite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.51E-01
Na2CO3.10H2O	Natron	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.99E-01
Na2CO3.10H2O	Natron	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-8.30E-02

```

pH = -log(m(H+)) = 11.6199
pH = -log(a(H+)) = 11.7497
Osmotic Coefficient = 0.908418
Equilibrium RH (%) = 85.984284
Ionic Strength (m) = 7.604695
Density, kg/m3 = 1177.64

```

```

NOTES: - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase
- Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures
- "Descriptor" means:
  *dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)
  *Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)
  *log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations
  *log10(partial pressure) for gases

```

```

Total G/RTs = -6.42133776E+03
Reaction # 1 sldsum 2.000000000000000
This is a solid-only reaction
shifting left by 4.64434654478256
calling makenuv for allomorphic reactions
# inversions for batch pbm 75
1Benchmark TITRATE Problem. LINEAR option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRF94)
Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin

```

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
1.11018363E+02	1.11017591E+02	9.93838868E+01	1.00169020E+05	Hydrogen
1.05508682E+02	5.55113597E+01	4.96942389E+01	7.95078006E+05	Oxygen
1.56100000E+01	5.61057382E+00	5.02263316E+00	1.15469181E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
5.61100000E+00	5.61096098E+00	5.02297975E+00	1.78079701E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
1.00000000E+01	6.12839261E-04	5.48618892E-04	6.58946152E+00	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	PosIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
1.00000000E+01	6.12839261E-04	5.48618892E-04	1.30049121E+02	Np(V)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	ClO4-(EL)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
-2.37316632E-15	-2.37314981E-15	-2.12446380E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge

Appendix O: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.OUT"

```

170 Solution Parameters, Calculated
171 SOLUTION MASS 1328.11614865142 grams
172 H2O MASS 1000.00695466819 grams
173 TDS(g/kg) 328.106912108529 g/kgH2O
174
175 Specified Solution Density
176 DENSITY 1188.93254605477 kg/m^3 = g/l
177
178 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density
179 SOLUTION VOL 1.11706602116201 liters
180 TDS 293.724084134187 g/l
181
182 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.93254605477 g/l
183 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.000000000000000E+000 %
  
```

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	8.31822E-01	7.77959E-01	0.9352	5.55091E+01	4.96918E+01	8.95208E+05	
NaNpO2CO3(s)	9.99932E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	9.99939E+00	8.95147E+00	3.15133E+06	
Cl-	5.61096E+00	5.29329E+00	0.9434	5.61100E+00	5.02298E+00	1.78080E+05	
Na+	5.61057E+00	5.29268E+00	0.9433	5.61061E+00	5.02263E+00	1.15469E+05	
NpO2+	6.12705E-04	1.21978E-03	1.991	6.12709E-04	5.48499E-04	1.47572E+02	
CO2(aq)	3.86103E-04	1.12115E-03	2.904	3.86106E-04	3.45643E-04	1.52117E+01	
HCO3-	2.26571E-04	8.38810E-05	0.3702	2.26573E-04	2.02829E-04	1.23760E+01	4.26E-09
NpO2CO3-	1.33526E-07	2.42971E-07	1.820	1.33527E-07	1.19534E-07	3.93334E-02	-1.99E-11
H+	1.21872E-06	4.78095E-06	3.923	1.21873E-06	1.09101E-06	1.09962E-03	-4.38E-08
CO3=	3.09384E-08	8.03342E-10	2.5966E-02	3.09386E-08	2.76963E-08	1.66203E-03	-1.62E-07
OH-	3.01685E-09	1.63977E-09	0.5435	3.01687E-09	2.70071E-09	4.59318E-05	2.55E-08
NpO2OH(aq)	7.72186E-10	7.72186E-10	1.000	7.72191E-10	6.91267E-10	1.97740E-04	1.87E-07
NpO2(CO3)2=-	1.98384E-11	5.13354E-16	2.5877E-05	1.98385E-11	1.77595E-11	6.90960E-06	-1.62E-07
NpO2(OH)2-	2.04382E-16	6.10703E-17	0.2988	2.04383E-16	1.82964E-16	5.54494E-11	2.13E-07
NpO2(CO3)3=-	1.25197E-16	9.87896E-26	7.8908E-10	1.25198E-16	1.12077E-16	5.03310E-11	-3.23E-07
NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.38E+00
NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.45E+02
HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.36E+02
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.23E-01
NaCl	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.91E+00
NaHCO3	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.95E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.95E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-8.24E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.02E+01
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.98E+00
NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	

```

221 pH = -log[m(H+)] = 5.9141
222 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 5.3205
223 Osmotic Coefficient= 1.241871
224 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.795863
225 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.611188
226 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.93
  
```

NOTES: - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase  
 - Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures  
 - "Descriptor" means:  
 \*dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)  
 \*Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)  
 \*log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations  
 \*log10(partial pressure) for gases

```

227 Total G/RT= -1.33323084E+04
228 Flashing Titration # 1
229 # inversions for batch pbm 11
230 Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LINEAR option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
231 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-C1O4 (NR94);
232 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
233 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
  
```

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
3.85857174E+01	1.11017591E+02	9.93838868E+01	1.00169020E+05	Hydrogen
3.66707638E+01	5.55113597E+01	4.96942389E+01	7.95078006E+05	Oxygen
5.42543623E+00	5.61057382E+00	5.02263316E+00	1.15469181E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
1.95016801E+00	5.61096098E+00	5.02297975E+00	1.78079701E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
3.47561578E+00	6.12839260E-04	5.48618892E-04	6.58946151E+00	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	PosIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine

Appendix O: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.OUT"

```

253 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 TracerEl
254 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Th(IV)
255 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Am(III)
256 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 U(VI)
257 3.47561578E+00 6.12839260E-04 5.48618892E-04 1.30049121E+02 Np(V)
258 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(EL)
259 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus
260 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Electron
261 -6.94525850E-16 -1.99826754E-15 -1.78886601E-15 0.00000000E+00 Charge
  
```

Solution Parameters, Calculated

```

262 SOLUTION MASS 461.602144251012 grams
263 H2O MASS 347.563995068956 grams
264 TDS(g/kg) 328.106912108175 g/kgH2O
  
```

Specified Solution Density

```

265 DENSITY 1188.93254605459 kg/m^3 = g/l
  
```

Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density

```

266 SOLUTION VOL 0.388249228926247 liters
267 TDS 293.724084133903 g/l
  
```

```

268 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.93254605459 g/l
  
```

```

269 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.000000000000000E+000 %
  
```

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	WATER	8.31822E-01	7.77959E-01	0.9352	1.92928E+01	4.96918E+01	8.95208E-05
NaNpO2CO3(s)	NaNpO2CO3(s)	9.99932E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47540E+00	8.95147E+00	3.15133E-06
Cl-	Cl-	5.61096E+00	5.29329E+00	0.9434	1.95017E+00	5.02298E+00	1.78080E-05
Na+	Na+	5.61057E+00	5.29268E+00	0.9433	1.95003E+00	5.02263E+00	1.15469E-05
NpO2+	NpO2+	6.12705E-04	1.21978E-03	1.991	2.12954E-04	5.48499E-04	1.47572E-02
CO2(aq)	CO2(aq)	3.86103E-04	1.12115E-03	2.904	1.34196E-04	3.45643E-04	1.52117E+01
HCO3-	HCO3-	2.26571E-04	8.38810E-05	0.3702	7.87481E-05	2.02829E-04	1.23760E+01
H+	H+	1.21872E-06	4.78095E-06	3.923	4.23582E-07	1.09101E-06	1.09962E-03
NpO2CO3-	NpO2CO3-	1.33526E-07	2.42971E-07	1.820	4.64090E-08	1.19534E-07	3.93334E-02
CO3=	CO3=	3.09384E-08	8.03343E-10	2.5966E-02	1.07531E-08	2.76963E-08	1.66203E-03
OH-	OH-	3.01685E-09	1.63977E-09	0.5435	1.04855E-09	2.70071E-09	4.59318E-05
NpO2OH(aq)	NpO2OH(aq)	7.72186E-10	7.72186E-10	1.000	2.68384E-10	6.91267E-10	1.97740E-04
NpO2(CO3)2=-	NpO2(CO3)2=-	1.98384E-11	5.13355E-16	2.5877E-05	6.89511E-12	1.77595E-11	6.90960E-06
NpO2(OH)2=-	NpO2(OH)2=-	2.04381E-16	6.10703E-17	0.2988	7.10356E-17	1.82964E-16	5.54494E-11
NpO2(CO3)3=-	NpO2(CO3)3=-	1.25197E-16	9.87897E-26	7.8908E-10	4.35139E-17	1.12077E-16	3.03310E-11
HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NpO2OH(aged).....	NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NpO2OH(amor).....	NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaCl	Halite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaHCO3	Nahcolite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	Na2CO3.10H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	Na2CO3-Heptahydrate	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	Thermonatrite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaH(CO3)2.2H2O	Trona	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00

```

270 pH = -log[m(H+)] = 5.9141
271 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 5.3205
272 Osmotic Coefficient= 1.241871
273 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.795863
274 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.611188
275 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.93
  
```

```

276 NOTES: - Water 'molality' is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase
277 - Gas 'molality' and 'activity' are gas partial pressures
278 - 'Descriptor' means:
279 *dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)
280 *Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)
281 *log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations
282 *log10(partial pressure) for gases
  
```

```

283 Total G/RT= -4.63379811E+03
  
```

```

284 *** SUMMARY INFORMATION FOR ADDITION OF DV(2)...DV(14) WOULD BE HERE ***
  
```

```

285 Flashing Titration # 15
286 # inversions for batch pb1m 23
287 1Benchmark TITRATE Problem. LINEAR option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
288 DATABASE: HWM84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
289 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RRFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
290 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
  
```

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

```

291 Total Moles Aq. Molality Aq. Molarity Aq. mg/liter
  
```

Appendix O: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.OUT"

3.87258579E+01	1.11018601E+02	9.93937371E+01	1.00178948E+05	Hydrogen
3.67484080E+01	5.55305592E+01	4.97159013E+01	7.95424591E+05	Oxygen
5.43251790E+00	5.61002101E+00	5.02259034E+00	1.15468197E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
1.95220036E+00	5.59653330E+00	5.01051495E+00	1.77637786E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
3.47814044E+00	7.24644343E-03	6.48766141E-03	7.79233012E+01	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	PosIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
3.47561578E+00	8.79854005E-06	7.87723651E-06	1.86728474E+00	Np(V)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	ClO4- (EL)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
-9.13270924E-16	-2.61814885E-15	-2.34399998E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge

Solution Parameters, Calculated  
 SOLUTION MASS 463.176929136630 grams  
 H2O MASS 348.823147935362 grams  
 TDS(g/kg) 327.827387253719 g/kgH2O

Specified Solution Density  
 DENSITY 1188.78931208719 kg/m<sup>3</sup> = g/l

Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density  
 SOLUTION VOL 0.389620704381517 liters  
 TDS 293.500268120485 g/l

Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.78931208719 g/l  
 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.0000000000000000E+000 %

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	8.31932E-01	7.78290E-01	0.9355	1.93627E+01	4.96963E+01	8.95289E+05	
NaNpO2CO3(s)	9.96382E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47561E+00	8.92050E+00	3.14043E+06	
Na+	5.61002E+00	5.28628E+00	0.9423	1.95691E+00	5.02259E+00	1.15468E+05	
Cl-	5.59653E+00	5.27166E+00	0.9420	1.95220E+00	5.01051E+00	1.77638E+05	
CO3=	6.10711E-03	1.58505E-04	2.5954E-02	2.13030E-03	5.46763E-03	3.28108E+02	
HCO3-	1.11706E-03	4.13103E-04	0.3698	3.89655E-04	1.00009E-03	6.10225E+01	
OH-	1.20768E-04	6.57227E-05	0.5442	4.21267E-05	1.08122E-04	1.83887E+00	-1.39E-10
NpO2(CO3)2--	3.89199E-06	1.01411E-10	2.6056E-05	1.35762E-06	3.48446E-06	1.35568E+00	5.14E-10
NpO2(CO3)3---	4.76942E-06	3.85055E-15	8.0734E-10	1.66368E-06	4.27001E-06	1.91755E+00	1.15E-09
CO2(aq)	4.74407E-08	1.37761E-07	2.904	1.65484E-08	4.24731E-08	1.86923E-03	-7.11E-09
NpO2CO3-	1.33846E-07	2.43265E-07	1.817	4.66887E-08	1.19831E-07	3.94312E-02	3.15E-13
NpO2+	3.12502E-09	6.18962E-09	1.981	1.09008E-09	2.79779E-09	7.52738E-04	-5.05E-10
H+	3.06048E-11	1.19335E-10	3.899	1.06757E-11	2.74002E-11	2.76166E-08	-3.76E-09
NpO2OH(aq)	1.57050E-10	1.57050E-10	1.000	5.47826E-11	1.40605E-10	4.02206E-05	3.26E-09
NpO2(OH)2-	1.66773E-12	4.97826E-13	0.2985	5.81743E-13	1.49310E-12	4.52501E-07	7.03E-09
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-4.19E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.94E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.66E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.62E+00
NaHCO3	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.26E+00
NaCl	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.25E-01
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.31E+02
NaOH(aq)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.94E+02
NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.67E+00
NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.08E+00
HCl(aq)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.49E+02

pH = -log(m(H+)) = 10.5142  
 pH = -log(a(H+)) = 9.9232  
 Osmotic Coefficient = 1.240746  
 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.828965  
 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.616187  
 Density, kg/m<sup>3</sup> = 1188.79

NOTES: - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase  
 - Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures  
 - "Descriptor" means:  
 \*dg/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)  
 \*Saturation Index for minerals. SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)  
 \*log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations  
 \*log10(partial pressure) for gases

Total G/RT= -4.64192502E+03  
 TITRATE file name is U1:(SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE)NP\_NACL\_BM\_LIN.TITRATE;2

---

Appendix O: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.OUT"

443 MOLES file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]NP\_NACL\_BM\_LIN.MOLES;1

Appendix P: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM.OUT"

Appendix P: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM.OUT"

See Table 27 for explanation of this listing.

```

INPUT file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]NP_NACL_BM.IN:1
INGUESS file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]NP_NACL_BM.INGUESS:1
OUTPUT file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]NP_NACL_BM.OUT:1
CHEMDAT file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]FMT_HMW_NP_AM.CHEMDAT:1
Temperature is Hard Coded as 298.15K
Benchmark TITRATE Problem: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)

.....
*** ECHO PRINT OF "CHEMDAT" FILE WOULD BE HERE ***
*** SEE APPENDIX J ***
.....

TITRATION Problem:
-) Assigning all delta(y) to 0.1 m
-) Setting # of nodes in Y-direction to 3
-) Setting NONREACTIVE Porosity to 0.0

Specifying VARIABLE POROSITY for TITRATION Problem

Aqueous Density is a Function of Composition
RHOMIN file name is U1:[SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE]FMT_HMW_NP_AM.RHOMIN:1

.....
*** TABLE OF MINERAL DENSITIES, KG/M^3 WOULD BE HERE ***
*** SEE APPENDIX L ***
.....

GRID BLOCK VOLUMES, in liters
1.00E+00 1.00E+00
1.00E+00 1.00E+00

1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00
1.00E+00 1.00E+00

1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00 1.00E+00
1.00E+00 1.00E+00

# inversions for batch pb1m 50
Benchmark TITRATE Problem: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles Aq. Molality Aq. Molarity Aq. mg/liter
1.11017363E+02 1.11029658E+02 1.00100314E+02 1.00891107E+05 Hydrogen
6.15086815E+01 6.15154934E+01 5.54601388E+01 8.87328944E+05 Oxygen
5.61000000E+00 5.61062129E+00 5.05833276E+00 1.16289907E+05 Sodium
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Potassium
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Magnesium
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Calcium
1.61000000E+00 1.61017830E+00 1.45167838E+00 5.14663538E+04 Chlorine
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Sulfur
2.00000001E+00 2.00022150E+00 1.80332719E+00 2.16597629E+04 Carbon
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 PosIon
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 NegIon
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Air
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Boron
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Bromine
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 TracerEl
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Am(III)
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 U(VI)
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Np(V)
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 ClO4- (EL)
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Electron
-2.22044605E-15 -2.22069196E-15 -2.00209536E-15 0.00000000E+00 Charge

Solution Parameters, Calculated
SOLUTION MASS 1306.07033909890 grams
H2O MASS 999.889265717486 grams
  
```

Appendix P: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM.OUT"

```

23 TDS(g/kg) 306.214981877726 g/kgH2O
24
25 Specified Solution Density
26 DENSITY 1177.63607439302 kg/m^3 = g/l
27
28 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density
29 SOLUTION VOL 1.10906108219560 liters
30 TDS 276.072326670473 g/l
31
32 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1177.63607439302 g/l
33 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.000000000000000E+000 %
  
```

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	WATER	8.57464E-01	8.59843E-01	1.003	5.55025E+01	5.00446E+01	9.01564E+05
Na+	Na+	5.61062E+00	3.69881E+00	0.6593	5.61000E+00	5.05833E+00	1.16290E+05
CO3=	CO3=	1.99407E+00	4.09214E-02	2.0522E-02	1.99385E+00	1.79778E+00	1.07884E+05
Cl-	Cl-	1.61018E+00	1.06477E+00	0.6613	1.61000E+00	1.45168E+00	5.14664E+04
HCO3-	HCO3-	6.14734E-03	1.59044E-03	0.2587	6.14666E-03	5.54222E-03	3.38170E+02
OH-	OH-	6.14733E-03	4.86901E-03	0.7921	6.14665E-03	5.54221E-03	9.42580E+01
CO2(aq)	CO2(aq)	2.36876E-09	7.15913E-09	3.022	2.36850E-09	2.13559E-09	9.39868E-05
H+	H+	2.39954E-12	1.77959E-12	0.7416	2.39927E-12	2.18043E-12	2.18043E-09
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	Trona	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaCl.....Halite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NaHCO3.....Natrolite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O.....Na2CO3-Heptahydrate		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.H2O.....Thermonatrite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O.....Natron		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00

```

34 pH = -log[m(H+)] = 11.6199
35 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 11.7497
36 Osmotic Coefficient= 0.908418
37 Equilibrium RH (%) = 85.984284
38 Ionic Strength (m) = 7.604695
39 Density, kg/m3 = 1177.64
  
```

```

40 NOTES: - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase
41         - Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures
42         - "Descriptor" means:
43           *dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)
44           *Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)
45           *log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations
46           *log10(partial pressure) for gases
  
```

47 Total G/RT= -6.42133776E+03

```

48 Reaction # 1 sldsum 2.00000000000000
49 This is a solid-only reaction
  
```

```

50 shifting left by 4.64434654478256
51 calling makeruv for allomorphic reactions
52 # inversions for batch plbm 75
  
```

```

53 Benchmark TITRATE Problem: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
54 DATABASE: HMW84/PW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
55 95.0131 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRP90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94)
56 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
  
```

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem'

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
1.11018363E+02	1.11017591E+02	9.93838868E+01	1.00169020E+05	Hydrogen
1.05508682E+02	5.55113597E+01	4.96942389E+01	7.95078006E+05	Oxygen
1.56100000E+01	5.61057382E+00	5.02263316E+00	1.15469181E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
5.61100000E+00	5.61096098E+00	5.02297975E+00	1.78079701E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
1.00000000E+01	6.12839261E-04	5.48618892E-04	6.58946152E+00	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	PosIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	TracerEl
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Th(IV)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Am(III)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	U(VI)
1.00000000E+01	6.12839261E-04	5.48618892E-04	1.30049121E+02	Np(V)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	ClO4-(EL)
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Phosphorus
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Electron
-2.37316632E-15	-2.37314981E-15	-2.12446380E-15	0.00000000E+00	Charge

Appendix P: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM.OUT"

```

173
174 Solution Parameters, Calculated
175 SOLUTION MASS 1328.11614865142 grams
176 H2O MASS 1000.00695466819 grams
177 TDS(g/kg) 328.106912108529 g/kgH2O
178
179 Specified Solution Density
180 DENSITY 1188.93254605477 kg/m^3 = g/l
181
182 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density
183 SOLUTION VOL 1.11706602116201 liters
184 TDS 293.724084134187 g/l
185
186 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.93254605477 g/l
187 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.00000000000000E+000 %
188
189
190
191
  
```

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	8.31822E-01	7.77959E-01	0.9352	5.55091E+01	4.96918E+01	8.95208E+05	
NaNpO2CO3(s)	9.99932E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	9.99939E+00	8.95147E+00	3.15133E+06	
Cl-	5.61096E+00	5.29329E+00	0.9434	5.61100E+00	5.02298E+00	1.78080E+05	
Na+	5.61057E+00	5.29268E+00	0.9433	5.61061E+00	5.02263E+00	1.15469E+05	
NpO2+	6.12705E-04	1.21978E-03	1.991	6.12709E-04	5.48499E-04	1.47572E+02	
CO2(aq)	3.86103E-04	1.12115E-03	2.904	3.86106E-04	3.45643E-04	1.52117E+01	
HCO3-	2.26571E-04	8.38810E-05	0.3702	2.26573E-04	2.02829E-04	1.23760E+01	4.26E-09
NpO2CO3-	1.33526E-07	2.42971E-07	1.820	1.33527E-07	1.19534E-07	3.93334E-02	-1.99E-11
H+	1.21872E-06	4.78095E-06	3.923	1.21873E-06	1.09101E-06	1.09962E-03	-4.38E-08
CO3=	3.09384E-08	8.03342E-10	2.5966E-02	3.09386E-08	2.76963E-08	1.66203E-03	-1.62E-07
OH-	3.01685E-09	1.63977E-09	0.5435	3.01687E-09	2.70071E-09	4.59318E-05	2.55E-08
NpO2OH(aq)	7.72186E-10	7.72186E-10	1.000	7.72191E-10	6.91267E-10	1.97740E-04	1.87E-07
NpO2(CO3)2=-	1.98384E-11	5.13354E-16	2.5877E-05	1.98385E-11	1.77595E-11	6.90960E-06	-1.62E-07
NpO2(OH)2=-	2.04382E-16	6.10703E-17	0.2988	2.04383E-16	1.82964E-16	5.54494E-11	2.13E-07
NpO2(CO3)3=-	1.25197E-16	9.87896E-26	7.8908E-10	1.25198E-16	1.12077E-16	5.03310E-11	-3.23E-07
NpO2OH(aged)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.38E+00
NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.99E+02
HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.45E+02
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.36E+02
NaCl	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.23E-01
NaHCO3	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.95E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.91E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.95E+00
Na2CO3.H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-8.24E+00
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.02E+01
NpO2OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.98E+00

```

222 pH = -log[m(H+)] = 5.9141
223 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 5.3205
224 Osmotic Coefficient = 1.241871
225 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.795863
226 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.611188
227 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.93
  
```

```

228
229 NOTES: - Water "molality" is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase
230         - Gas "molality" and "activity" are gas partial pressures
231         - "Descriptor" means:
232           *dG/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)
233           *Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)
234           *log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations
235           *log10(partial pressure) for gases
  
```

```

237 Total G/RT= -1.33323084E+04
238 Flashing Titration # 1
239 # inversions for batch pblm 11
240 1Benchmark TITRATE Problem: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
241 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-C1O4 (NR94);
242 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 [FRSR89,FRF90.P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RFF94]
243 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
  
```

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

Total Moles	Aq. Molality	Aq. Molarity	Aq. mg/liter	
3.8585174E+01	1.11017591E+02	9.93838868E+01	1.00169020E+05	Hydrogen
3.66707638E+01	5.55113597E+01	4.96942389E+01	7.95078006E+05	Oxygen
5.42543623E+00	5.61057382E+00	5.02263316E+00	1.15469181E+05	Sodium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Potassium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Magnesium
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Calcium
1.95016801E+00	5.61096098E+00	5.02297975E+00	1.78079701E+05	Chlorine
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Sulfur
3.47561578E+00	6.12839260E-04	5.48618892E-04	6.58946151E+00	Carbon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Posion
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	NegIon
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Air
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Boron
0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	0.00000000E+00	Bromine

Appendix P: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM.OUT"

```
250 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 TracerE1
251 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Th(IV)
252 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Am(III)
253 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 U(VI)
254 3.47561578E+00 6.12839260E-04 5.48618892E-04 1.30049121E+02 Np(V)
255 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 ClO4-(EL)
256 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Phosphorus
257 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 Electron
258 -6.94525850E-16 -1.99826754E-15 -1.78886601E-15 0.00000000E+00 Charge
```

```
259 Solution Parameters, Calculated
260 SOLUTION MASS 461.602144251012 grams
261 H2O MASS 347.563995068956 grams
262 TDS(g/kg) 328.106912108175 g/kgH2O
263
264 Specified Solution Density
265 DENSITY 1188.93254605459 kg/m^3 = g/l
```

```
266 Solution Parameters Based on Specified Density
267 SOLUTION VOL 0.388249228926247 liters
268 TDS 293.724084133903 g/l
```

```
269 Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions 1188.93254605459 g/l
270 Percent relative error vs NaCl density 0.00000000000000E+000 %
```

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molarity	mg/liter	Descriptor
H2O	WATER	8.31822E-01	7.77959E-01	0.9352	1.92928E+01	4.96918E+01	8.95208E+05
NaNpO2CO3(s)	NaNpO2CO3(s)	9.99932E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	3.47540E+00	8.95147E+00	3.15133E+06
Cl-	Cl-	5.61096E+00	5.29329E+00	0.9434	1.95017E+00	5.02298E+00	1.78080E+05
Na+	Na+	5.61057E+00	5.29268E+00	0.9433	1.95003E+00	5.02263E+00	1.15469E+05
NpO2+	NpO2+	6.12705E-04	1.21978E-03	1.991	2.12954E-04	5.48499E-04	1.47572E+02
CO2(aq)	CO2(aq)	3.86103E-04	1.12115E-03	2.904	1.34196E-04	3.45643E-04	1.52117E+01
HCO3-	HCO3-	2.26571E-04	8.38810E-05	0.3702	7.87481E-05	2.02829E-04	1.23760E+01
H+	H+	1.21872E-06	4.78095E-06	3.923	4.23582E-07	1.09101E-06	1.09962E-03
NpO2CO3-	NpO2CO3-	1.33526E-07	2.42971E-07	1.820	4.64090E-08	1.19534E-07	3.93334E-02
CO3=	CO3=	3.09384E-08	8.03343E-10	2.5966E-02	1.07531E-08	2.76963E-08	1.66203E-03
OH-	OH-	3.01685E-09	1.63977E-09	0.5435	1.04855E-09	2.70071E-09	4.59318E-05
NpO2OH(aq)	NpO2OH(aq)	7.72186E-10	7.72186E-10	1.000	2.68384E-10	6.91267E-10	1.97740E-04
NpO2(CO3)2=-	NpO2(CO3)2=-	1.98384E-11	5.13355E-16	2.5877E-05	6.89511E-12	1.77595E-11	6.90960E-06
NpO2(OH)2-	NpO2(OH)2-	2.04381E-16	6.10703E-17	0.2988	7.10356E-17	1.82964E-16	5.54494E-11
NpO2(CO3)3=-	NpO2(CO3)3=-	1.25197E-16	9.87897E-26	7.8908E-10	4.35139E-17	1.12077E-16	5.03310E-11
HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
NpO2OH(aged).....NpO2OH(aged)		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.38E+00
NpO2OH(amor).....NpO2OH(amor)		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.98E+00
NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.99E+02
Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.36E+02
NaCl.....Halite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.23E-01
NaHCO3.....Nahcolite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.95E+00
Na2CO3.10H2O.....Natron		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.91E+00
Na2CO3.7H2O.....Na2CO3-Heptahydrate		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-7.95E+00
Na2CO3.H2O.....Thermonatrite		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-8.24E+00
Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O.....Trona		0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.02E+01

```
271 pKw = -log[m(H+)] = 5.9141
272 pH = -log[a(H+)] = 5.3205
273 Osmotic Coefficient= 1.241871
274 Equilibrium RH (%) = 77.795863
275 Ionic Strength (m) = 5.611188
276 Density, kg/m3 = 1188.93
```

```
277 NOTES: - Water 'molality' is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase
278 - Gas 'molality' and 'activity' are gas partial pressures
279 - 'Descriptor' means:
280 *dg/RT/ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)
281 *Saturation Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)
282 *log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations
283 *log10(partial pressure) for gases
```

```
284 Total G/RT= -4.63379813E+03
```

```
285 *** SUMMARY INFORMATION FOR ADDITION OF DV(2)...DV(14) WOULD BE HERE ***
```

```
286 Flashing Titration # 15
287 # inversions for batch pblm 22
288 1Benchmark TITRATE Problem: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
289 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);
290 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RRFF94)
291 Pressure= 1.00000E+00 [=] ATM Temperature= 2.98E+02 [=] Kelvin
```

Elemental Abundances for Flash Problem

```
292 Total Moles Aq. Molality Aq. Molarity Aq. mg/liter
```



Species Name	Molality	Activity	Act Coef	Total Moles	Molality	mg/Liter	Descriptor
H2O	3.2465E-01	7.9926E-01	0.9369	1.9733E+01	4.97021E+01	8.95333E+05	
Na+	5.61035E+00	5.26665E+00	0.9387	2.00051E+00	5.02437E+00	1.15489E+05	
Cl-	5.50989E+00	5.13884E+00	0.9327	1.96488E+00	4.93352E+00	1.74908E+05	
CO3=	4.83971E-02	1.24807E-03	2.5788E-02	1.72571E-02	4.33344E-02	2.60046E+03	
HCO3-	1.63010E-03	5.97114E-04	0.3663	5.81251E-04	1.45958E-03	8.90593E+01	
OH-	6.55397E-04	1.58792E-04	0.5474	2.13698E-04	5.86839E-04	9.98054E+01	
NP02 (CO3)2=	2.94209E-05	8.1487E-10	2.7422E-05	1.04907E-05	2.63433E-05	1.54E-09	
NP02 (CO3)3=-	2.58546E-04	2.19623E-13	9.2681E-10	9.21905E-05	1.03961E+02	2.18E-09	
NP02CO3-	1.35468E-07	2.4472E-07	1.802	4.83043E-08	3.99135E-02	6.09E-12	
CO2 (aq)	1.25492E-08	3.4451E-08	2.907	4.47472E-09	4.94515E-04	-8.67E-08	
NP02+	4.11022E-10	7.89015E-10	1.920	1.46560E-10	9.90165E-05	-1.07E-09	
NP02OH(aq)	1.09291E-10	1.09291E-10	1.000	3.89705E-11	9.78589E-11	-3.69E-08	
H+	5.82727E-12	2.1904E-11	3.756	2.07980E-12	5.22258E-12	-3.80E-08	
NP02 (OH)2-	6.38945E-12	1.89128E-12	0.2960	2.27831E-12	5.72107E-12	7.50E-08	
Therma	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.13E+00	
Thermocrite	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.05E+00	
Na2CO3 7H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.76E+00	
Na2CO3 10H2O	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.72E+00	
NaHCO3	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.10E+00	
NaCl	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-1.38E-01	
Na3NP02 (CO3)2 (s) DISABLED	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-9.30E+02	
NaOH(aq) to titrate base only	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.93E+02	
NP02OH(amor)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-3.23E+00	
NP02OH(aq)	0.00000E+00	1.00000E+00	1.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	-2.50E+02	

Solution Parameters, Calculated

SOLUTION MASS	473.339684533635
H2O MASS	356.5746003417592
TDS (g/kg)	127.465491025424
Specified Solution Density	1188.60383111845
DENSITY	1188.60383111845
SOLUTION VOL	0.398231666549681
Liters	0.398231666549681
TDS	293.210437350984
g/l	293.210437350984
Density based on TDS and NaCl solutions	1188.60383111845
g/l	1188.60383111845
Percent relative error vs NaCl density	0.000000000000000E+000 %

TABLE OF CONCENTRATIONS FOR BATCH SYSTEM

Species Name Molality Activity Act Coef Total Moles Molality mg/Liter Descriptor

H2O 3.2465E-01 7.9926E-01 0.9369 1.9733E+01 4.97021E+01 8.95333E+05

Na+ 5.61035E+00 5.26665E+00 0.9387 2.00051E+00 5.02437E+00 1.15489E+05

Cl- 5.50989E+00 5.13884E+00 0.9327 1.96488E+00 4.93352E+00 1.74908E+05

CO3= 4.83971E-02 1.24807E-03 2.5788E-02 1.72571E-02 4.33344E-02 2.60046E+03

HCO3- 1.63010E-03 5.97114E-04 0.3663 5.81251E-04 1.45958E-03 8.90593E+01

OH- 6.55397E-04 1.58792E-04 0.5474 2.13698E-04 5.86839E-04 9.98054E+01

NP02 (CO3)2= 2.94209E-05 8.1487E-10 2.7422E-05 1.04907E-05 2.63433E-05 1.54E-09

NP02 (CO3)3=- 2.58546E-04 2.19623E-13 9.2681E-10 9.21905E-05 1.03961E+02 2.18E-09

NP02CO3- 1.35468E-07 2.4472E-07 1.802 4.83043E-08 3.99135E-02 6.09E-12

CO2 (aq) 1.25492E-08 3.4451E-08 2.907 4.47472E-09 4.94515E-04 -8.67E-08

NP02+ 4.11022E-10 7.89015E-10 1.920 1.46560E-10 9.90165E-05 -1.07E-09

NP02OH(aq) 1.09291E-10 1.09291E-10 1.000 3.89705E-11 9.78589E-11 -3.69E-08

H+ 5.82727E-12 2.1904E-11 3.756 2.07980E-12 5.22258E-12 -3.80E-08

NP02 (OH)2- 6.38945E-12 1.89128E-12 0.2960 2.27831E-12 5.72107E-12 7.50E-08

Therma 0.00000E+00 1.00000E+00 1.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 -3.13E+00

Thermocrite 0.00000E+00 1.00000E+00 1.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 -2.05E+00

Na2CO3 7H2O 0.00000E+00 1.00000E+00 1.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 -1.76E+00

Na2CO3 10H2O 0.00000E+00 1.00000E+00 1.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 -1.72E+00

NaHCO3 0.00000E+00 1.00000E+00 1.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 -2.10E+00

NaCl 0.00000E+00 1.00000E+00 1.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 -1.38E-01

Na3NP02 (CO3)2 (s) DISABLED 0.00000E+00 1.00000E+00 1.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 -9.30E+02

NaOH(aq) to titrate base only 0.00000E+00 1.00000E+00 1.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 -2.93E+02

NP02OH(amor) 0.00000E+00 1.00000E+00 1.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 -3.23E+00

NP02OH(aq) 0.00000E+00 1.00000E+00 1.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 -2.50E+02

NOTES: - Water molality is mole fraction H2O in aqueous phase  
 - Gas molality and activity are gas partial pressures  
 - Descriptor means:  
 - dc/RT ln10 for species with nonzero concs. (convergence criterion)  
 - Saturated Index for minerals, SI=log10(IAP/Ksp)  
 - log10(activity) for aqueous species with very small concentrations  
 - log10(partial pressure) for gases

Total G/RT = 4.69179003E+03  
 LITERATE file name is DL:\SCRAB\BMT\USERGUIDE\NP\_NACL\_BM.LITERATE.1

---

Appendix P: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM.OUT"

MOLES file name is U1:(SCBABB.FMT.USERGUIDE)NP\_NACL\_BM.MOLES;1



Appendix Q: Sample Output File "BATCH\_DOC.FOR088"

Appendix Q: Sample Output File "BATCH\_DOC.FOR088"

See Table 28 for explanation of this listing.

5.506118174079332E-01	H2O	WATER	5.550868155779565E+01
2.000000000000000E-01	Na+	Na+	2.016254639034410E-01
1.000000000000001E-02	K+	K+	1.008127319517206E-02
9.930829876074504E-05	Ca++	Ca++	1.001154090354837E-04
1.089876985084734E-08	Mg++	Mg++	1.098734763576966E-08
3.514119485249377E-08	MgOH+	MgOH+	3.542679857127635E-08
1.916539289681380E-13	H+	H+	1.932115616855898E-13
1.099999999999999E-01	Cl-	Cl-	1.108940051468925E-01
9.999999999999953E-04	SO4-	SO4-	1.008127319513137E-03
4.035191240945192E-15	HSO4-	HSO4-	4.067986529473380E-15
9.80006626741904E-02	OH-	OH-	9.879654411868162E-02
1.092064419243065E-07	HCO3-	HCO3-	1.100939975711625E-07
9.919912603905744E-05	CO3=	CO3=	1.000053490322044E-04
2.193596324564590E-14	CO2(aq)	CO2(aq)	2.211424382786093E-14
6.916147055733898E-07	CaCO3(aq)	CaCO3(aq)	6.972356792683824E-07
5.279149790754905E-11	MgCO3(aq)	MgCO3(aq)	5.322055127883555E-11
1.640770852300863E-11	B(OH)3(aq)	B(OH)3(aq)	1.654105921272029E-11
9.989705247502765E-08	B(OH)4-	B(OH)4-	1.007089477393192E-07
0.000000000000000E+00	B3O3(OH)4-	B3O3(OH)4-	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	B4O5(OH)4-	B4O5(OH)4-	0.000000000000000E+00
8.653368448896738E-11	CaB(OH)4+	CaB(OH)4+	8.723697139181022E-11
6.134836150896349E-15	MgB(OH)4+	MgB(OH)4+	6.184695924470303E-15
0.000000000000000E+00	Br-	Br-	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	ClO4-	perchlorate ClO4-	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	NaOH(aq)	.....to.titrate.base.only	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	HCl(aq)	.....to.titrate.acid.only	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	HClO4(aq)	.....to.titrate.acid.only	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	PosIon	.....POSITIVE.IGN	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	NegIon	.....NEGATIVE.IGN	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	PosIon(OH)(aq)	.....to.titrate.base	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	HNegIon(aq)	.....to.titrate.acid	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	Tracer(aq)	.....conservative.tracer	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	H3PO4(aq)	H3PO4(aq)	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	H2PO4-	H2PO4-	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	HPO4=	HPO4=	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	PO4--	PO4--	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	NpO2+	NpO2+	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	NpO2OH(aq)	NpO2OH(aq)	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	NpO2(OH)2-	NpO2(OH)2-	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	NpO2CO3-	NpO2CO3-	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	NpO2(CO3)2--	NpO2(CO3)2--	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	NpO2(CO3)3---	NpO2(CO3)3---	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	Am+++	Am+++	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	AmCO3+	AmCO3+	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	Am(CO3)2-	Am(CO3)2-	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	Am(CO3)3--	Am(CO3)3--	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	Am(OH)2+	Am(OH)2+	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	Am(OH)3(aq)	Am(OH)3(aq)	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	Th+++	Th+++	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	UO2++	U(VI)O2++	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	NpO2OH(aged)	NpO2OH(aged)	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	NpO2OH(amor)	NpO2OH(amor)	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	NaNpO2CO3(s)	NaNpO2CO3(s)	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED		0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	AmOHC03(c)	AmOHC03(c)	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	Am(OH)3(s)	Am(OH)3(s)	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	NaAm(CO3)2.6H2O(c)		0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	AmPO4(c)	AmPO4(c)	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	CaSO4	Anhydrite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	NaK3(SO4)2	Aphthalite/Glaserite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	CaCl2.6H2O	Antarcticite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	CaCO3	Aragonite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	K2SO4	Arcanite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	MgCl2.6H2O	Bischofite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	Na2Mg(SO4)2.4H2O	Bloedite	0.000000000000000E+00
9.999539072376642E-04	Mg(OH)2	Brucite	1.008080852144262E-03
0.000000000000000E+00	Na6CO3(SO4)2	Burkeite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	CaCO3	Calcite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	CaCl2.4H2O	CaCl2_Tetrahydrate	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	Ca4Cl2(OH)6.13H2O	CaOxychloride A	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	Ca2Cl2(OH)2.H2O	CaOxychloride B	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	KMgCl3.6H2O	Carnallite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	MgSO4.7H2O	Epsomite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	CaNa2(CO3)2.5H2O	Gaylussite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	Na2Ca(SO4)2	Glauberite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	CaSO4.2H2O	Gypsum	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	NaCl	Halite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	MgSO4.6H2O	Hexahydrate	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	KMgClSO4.3H2O	Kainite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	KHCO3	Kalicanite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	MgSO4.H2O	Kieserite	0.000000000000000E+00
0.000000000000000E+00	K2Mg(SO4)2.4H2O	Leonite	0.000000000000000E+00



Appendix Q: Sample Output File "BATCH\_DOC.FOR088"

83 0.000000000000000E+00 Na4Ca(SO4)3.2H2O Labile\_Salt 0.000000000000000E+00  
84 0.000000000000000E+00 MgCO3 Magnesite 0.000000000000000E+00  
85 0.000000000000000E+00 Mg2Cl(OH)3.4H2O MgOxychloride 0.000000000000000E+00  
86 0.000000000000000E+00 KHSO4 Mercurite 0.000000000000000E+00  
87 0.000000000000000E+00 Na2SO4.10H2O Mirabilite 0.000000000000000E+00  
88 0.000000000000000E+00 K8H6(SO4)7 Misenite 0.000000000000000E+00  
89 0.000000000000000E+00 NaHCO3 Nahcolite 0.000000000000000E+00  
90 0.000000000000000E+00 Na2CO3.10H2O Natron 0.000000000000000E+00  
91 0.000000000000000E+00 MgCO3.3H2O Nesquehonite 0.000000000000000E+00  
92 0.000000000000000E+00 K2Mg(SO4)2.6H2O Picromerite/Schoen 0.000000000000000E+00  
93 0.000000000000000E+00 Na2Ca(CO3)2.2H2O Pirssonite 0.000000000000000E+00  
94 0.000000000000000E+00 K2MgCa2(SO4)4.2H2O Polyhalite 0.000000000000000E+00  
95 0.000000000000000E+00 Ca(OH)2 Portlandite 0.000000000000000E+00  
96 0.000000000000000E+00 K2CO3.3/2H2O Potassium\_Carbonate 0.000000000000000E+00  
97 0.000000000000000E+00 K8H4(CO3)6.3H2O K-Sequicarbonate 0.000000000000000E+00  
98 0.000000000000000E+00 KNaCO3.6H2O K-Na-Carbonate 0.000000000000000E+00  
99 0.000000000000000E+00 K2NaH(CO3)2.2H2O Potassium\_Trona 0.000000000000000E+00  
100 0.000000000000000E+00 K3H(SO4)2 Sesquipotassium\_Sulfate 0.000000000000000E+00  
101 0.000000000000000E+00 Na3H(SO4)2 Sesquisodium\_Sulfate 0.000000000000000E+00  
102 0.000000000000000E+00 Na2CO3.7H2O Na2CO3-Heptahydrate 0.000000000000000E+00  
103 0.000000000000000E+00 KCl Sylvite 0.000000000000000E+00  
104 0.000000000000000E+00 K2Ca(SO4)2.H2O Syngenite 0.000000000000000E+00  
105 0.000000000000000E+00 Mg2CaCl6.12H2O Tachyhydrite 0.000000000000000E+00  
106 0.000000000000000E+00 Na2SO4 Thenardite 0.000000000000000E+00  
107 0.000000000000000E+00 Na2CO3.H2O Thermonatrite 0.000000000000000E+00  
108 0.000000000000000E+00 Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O Trona 0.000000000000000E+00  
109 0.000000000000000E+00 Na2B4O7.10H2O Borax 0.000000000000000E+00  
110 0.000000000000000E+00 B(OH)3 Borix\_Acid\_Solid 0.000000000000000E+00  
111 0.000000000000000E+00 KB5O8.4H2O K-Pentaborate\_(30\_C) 0.000000000000000E+00  
112 0.000000000000000E+00 K2B4O7.4H2O K-Tetraborate\_(30\_C) 0.000000000000000E+00  
113 0.000000000000000E+00 NaBO2.4H2O Sodium\_Metaborate 0.000000000000000E+00  
114 0.000000000000000E+00 NaB5O8.5H2O Sodium\_Pentaborate 0.000000000000000E+00  
115 0.000000000000000E+00 NaBO2.NaCl.2H2O Teepleite\_(20\_C) 0.000000000000000E+00





Appendix R: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.TITRATE"

6)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
7)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
8)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
9)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
10)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
11)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
12)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
13)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
14)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
15)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
<hr/>										
	NpO2-	NpO2OH(aq)	NpO2(OH)2-	NpO2CO3-	NpO2(CO3)2--	NpO2(CO3)3===	Am+++	AmCO3+	Am(CO3)2-	
1)	5.12705E-04	7.72186E-10	2.04381E-16	1.33526E-07	1.98384E-11	1.25197E-16	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
2)	1.72085E-04	4.57851E-10	2.55903E-16	1.33573E-07	7.06677E-11	1.58546E-15	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
3)	5.08519E-05	3.01826E-10	3.76383E-16	1.33591E-07	2.39201E-10	1.81540E-14	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
4)	3.34101E-07	1.76339E-10	1.95583E-14	1.33613E-07	3.64205E-08	4.20660E-10	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
5)	3.86807E-08	1.73507E-10	1.63614E-13	1.33630E-07	3.14571E-07	3.13656E-08	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
6)	1.70494E-08	1.71249E-10	3.61806E-13	1.33654E-07	7.13649E-07	1.61312E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
7)	9.49498E-09	1.68316E-10	6.28105E-13	1.33688E-07	1.28137E-06	5.19502E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
8)	5.82643E-09	1.64493E-10	9.78743E-13	1.33737E-07	2.08796E-06	1.37733E-06	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
9)	3.76324E-09	1.59617E-10	1.42919E-12	1.33806E-07	3.23222E-06	3.29354E-06	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
10)	2.50641E-09	1.53583E-10	1.99131E-12	1.33905E-07	4.85191E-06	7.39875E-06	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
11)	1.70329E-09	1.46370E-10	2.67040E-12	1.34044E-07	7.13717E-06	1.59398E-05	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
12)	1.17432E-09	1.38078E-10	3.46327E-12	1.34242E-07	1.03463E-05	3.32873E-05	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
13)	8.18986E-10	1.28920E-10	4.35852E-12	1.34522E-07	1.48219E-05	6.77047E-05	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
14)	5.77122E-10	1.19205E-10	5.33952E-12	1.34916E-07	2.10028E-05	1.34208E-04	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
15)	4.11022E-10	1.09291E-10	6.38945E-12	1.35468E-07	2.94209E-05	2.58546E-04	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
<hr/>										
	Am(CO3)3--	Am(OH)2+	Am(OH)3(aq)	Th++++	UO2++	NpO2OH(aged)	NpO2OH(amor)	NaNpO2CO3(s)	Na3NpO2(CO3)2	
1)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.9932E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
2)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99718E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
3)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99622E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
4)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99473E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
5)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99250E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
6)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.98931E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
7)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.98478E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
8)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.97832E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
9)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.96914E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
10)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.95607E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
11)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.93751E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
12)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.91117E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
13)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.87386E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
14)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.82115E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
15)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.74696E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
<hr/>										
	AmOHC03(c)	Am(OH)3(s)	NaAm(CO3)2.6H	AmPO4(c)	CaSO4	NaK3(SO4)2_A	CaCl2.6H2O	CaCO3	K2SO4	
1)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
2)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
3)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
4)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
5)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
6)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
7)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
8)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
9)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
10)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
11)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
12)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
13)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
14)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
15)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
<hr/>										
	MgCl2.6H2O	Na2Mg(SO4)2.4	Mg(OH)2	Na6CO3(SO4)2	CaCO3	CaCl2.4H2O	Ca4Cl2(OH)6.1	Ca2Cl2(OH)2.H	KMgCl3.6H2O	
1)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
2)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
3)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
4)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
5)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
6)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
7)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
8)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
9)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
10)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
11)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
12)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
13)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
14)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.000					





Appendix S: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.TITRATE"

Appendix S: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.TITRATE"

Benchmark TITRATE Problem, LINEAR option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molar NaCl FMT V2.0  
 DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-CO4 (NR94);  
 95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89, FRF90, P91, RFFR92, RFF94, RFFF94)

Titration Volumes per Grid Block, in milliliters

1	0.000000 mL
2	0.100000 mL
3	0.200000 mL
4	0.300000 mL
5	0.400000 mL
6	0.500000 mL
7	0.600000 mL
8	0.700000 mL
9	0.800000 mL
10	0.900000 mL
11	1.000000 mL
12	1.100000 mL
13	1.200000 mL
14	1.300000 mL
15	1.400000 mL

Titration Results, molal

	H2O	Na+	K+	Ca++	Mg++	MgOH+	H+	Cl-	SO4=
1)	1.92928E+01	5.61057E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.21872E-06	5.61096E+00	0.00000E+00
2)	1.92978E+01	5.61014E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	5.77346E-07	5.60993E+00	0.00000E+00
3)	1.93027E+01	5.61000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	3.87609E-09	5.60892E+00	0.00000E+00
4)	1.93077E+01	5.61000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	3.09202E-10	5.60789E+00	0.00000E+00
5)	1.93127E+01	5.61000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.61951E-10	5.60685E+00	0.00000E+00
6)	1.93177E+01	5.61000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.10445E-10	5.60582E+00	0.00000E+00
7)	1.93227E+01	5.61001E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	8.42049E-11	5.60479E+00	0.00000E+00
8)	1.93277E+01	5.61001E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	6.82959E-11	5.60375E+00	0.00000E+00
9)	1.93327E+01	5.61001E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	5.76161E-11	5.60272E+00	0.00000E+00
10)	1.93377E+01	5.61001E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	4.99485E-11	5.60169E+00	0.00000E+00
11)	1.93427E+01	5.61001E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	4.41741E-11	5.60066E+00	0.00000E+00
12)	1.93477E+01	5.61002E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	3.96673E-11	5.59962E+00	0.00000E+00
13)	1.93527E+01	5.61002E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	3.60509E-11	5.59859E+00	0.00000E+00
14)	1.93577E+01	5.61002E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	3.30838E-11	5.59756E+00	0.00000E+00
15)	1.93627E+01	5.61002E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	3.06048E-11	5.59653E+00	0.00000E+00

	H2O4-	OH-	HCO3-	CO3=	CO2(aq)	CaCO3(aq)	MgCO3(aq)	B(OH)3(aq)	B(OH)4-
1)	0.00000E+00	3.01685E-09	2.26571E-04	3.09384E-08	3.86103E-04	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
2)	0.00000E+00	6.37029E-09	3.82212E-04	1.10196E-07	3.08476E-04	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
3)	0.00000E+00	9.49137E-07	9.89705E-04	4.25167E-05	5.36072E-06	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
4)	0.00000E+00	1.19027E-05	1.01025E-03	5.44263E-04	4.36260E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
5)	0.00000E+00	2.27338E-05	1.02124E-03	1.05085E-03	2.30850E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
6)	0.00000E+00	3.33488E-05	1.03174E-03	1.55739E-03	1.58957E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
7)	0.00000E+00	4.37579E-05	1.04196E-03	2.06377E-03	1.22321E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
8)	0.00000E+00	5.39719E-05	1.05196E-03	2.56997E-03	1.00104E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
9)	0.00000E+00	6.40010E-05	1.06176E-03	3.07597E-03	8.51877E-08	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
10)	0.00000E+00	7.38545E-05	1.07138E-03	3.58175E-03	7.44762E-08	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
11)	0.00000E+00	8.35411E-05	1.08082E-03	4.08730E-03	6.64082E-08	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
12)	0.00000E+00	9.30687E-05	1.09010E-03	4.59262E-03	6.01101E-08	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
13)	0.00000E+00	1.02445E-04	1.09923E-03	5.09770E-03	5.50552E-08	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
14)	0.00000E+00	1.11676E-04	1.10821E-03	5.60253E-03	5.09071E-08	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
15)	0.00000E+00	1.20768E-04	1.11706E-03	6.10711E-03	4.74407E-08	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00

(missing species have zero amounts)

	NpO2+	NpO2OH(aq)	NpO2(OH)2-	NpO2CO3-	NpO2(CO3)2--	NpO2(CO3)3--	Am+++	AmCO3+	Am(CO3)2-
1)	6.12705E-04	7.72186E-10	2.04381E-16	1.33526E-07	1.98384E-11	1.25197E-16	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
2)	1.72085E-04	4.57851E-10	2.55903E-16	1.33573E-07	7.06677E-11	1.58546E-15	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
3)	4.46247E-07	1.76865E-10	1.47303E-14	1.33612E-07	2.72677E-08	2.35800E-10	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
4)	3.48770E-08	1.73300E-10	1.81034E-13	1.33632E-07	3.48878E-07	3.85776E-08	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
5)	1.80727E-08	1.71468E-10	3.42173E-13	1.33651E-07	6.73247E-07	1.43575E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
6)	1.22005E-08	1.69754E-10	4.97012E-13	1.33671E-07	9.97249E-07	3.14830E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
7)	9.21138E-09	1.68120E-10	6.45975E-13	1.33690E-07	1.32081E-06	5.51937E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
8)	7.40067E-09	1.66553E-10	7.89467E-13	1.33710E-07	1.64391E-06	8.54484E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
9)	6.18630E-09	1.65046E-10	9.27855E-13	1.33729E-07	1.96653E-06	1.22205E-06	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
10)	5.31533E-09	1.63595E-10	1.06147E-12	1.33749E-07	2.28868E-06	1.65423E-06	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
11)	4.66017E-09	1.62195E-10	1.19063E-12	1.33768E-07	2.61033E-06	2.15059E-06	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
12)	4.14945E-09	1.60844E-10	1.31559E-12	1.33788E-07	2.93150E-06	2.71072E-06	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
13)	3.74015E-09	1.59537E-10	1.43661E-12	1.33807E-07	3.25216E-06	3.33418E-06	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
14)	3.40480E-09	1.58274E-10	1.55392E-12	1.33827E-07	3.57233E-06	4.02056E-06	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
15)	3.12502E-09	1.57050E-10	1.66773E-12	1.33846E-07	3.89199E-06	4.76942E-06	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00

	Am(CO3)3--	Am(OH)2+	Am(OH)3(aq)	Th++++	UO2++	NpO2OH(aged)	NpO2OH(amor)	NaNpO2CO3(s)	Na3NpO2(CO3)2
1)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99932E+00	0.00000E+00
2)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99718E+00	0.00000E+00
3)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99481E+00	0.00000E+00
4)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99222E+00	0.00000E+00
5)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.98964E+00	0.00000E+00
6)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.98705E+00	0.00000E+00
7)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.98446E+00	0.00000E+00

Appendix S: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LIN.TITRATE"

87	8)	0.00000E+00	9.98188E+00	0.00000E+00						
88	9)	0.00000E+00	9.97930E+00	0.00000E+00						
89	10)	0.00000E+00	9.97672E+00	0.00000E+00						
90	11)	0.00000E+00	9.97413E+00	0.00000E+00						
91	12)	0.00000E+00	9.97156E+00	0.00000E+00						
92	13)	0.00000E+00	9.96898E+00	0.00000E+00						
93	14)	0.00000E+00	9.96640E+00	0.00000E+00						
94	15)	0.00000E+00	9.96382E+00	0.00000E+00						

(missing species have zero amounts)

		IonicStreng	Eh[=]Volts	Titrvol.ml	pH
95	1)	5.61119E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	5.3205
96	2)	5.61031E+00	0.00000E+00	0.10000	5.6451
97	3)	5.61004E+00	0.00000E+00	0.20000	7.8183
98	4)	5.61055E+00	0.00000E+00	0.30000	8.9167
99	5)	5.61106E+00	0.00000E+00	0.40000	9.1977
100	6)	5.61157E+00	0.00000E+00	0.50000	9.3641
101	7)	5.61208E+00	0.00000E+00	0.60000	9.4821
102	8)	5.61259E+00	0.00000E+00	0.70000	9.5733
103	9)	5.61310E+00	0.00000E+00	0.80000	9.6473
104	10)	5.61362E+00	0.00000E+00	0.90000	9.7095
105	11)	5.61413E+00	0.00000E+00	1.0000	9.7631
106	12)	5.61464E+00	0.00000E+00	1.1000	9.8100
107	13)	5.61516E+00	0.00000E+00	1.2000	9.8517
108	14)	5.61567E+00	0.00000E+00	1.3000	9.8892
109	15)	5.61619E+00	0.00000E+00	1.4000	9.9232



Appendix T: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM.TITRATE"

Appendix T: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM.TITRATE"

Benchmark TITRATE Problem: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0  
DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-ClO4 (NR94);  
95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRP90,P91,RRFR92,RRF94,RRFF94)

Titrant Volumes per Grid Block, in milliliters

1	0.000000 mL
2	0.100000 mL
3	0.142510 mL
4	0.160000 mL
5	0.180000 mL
6	0.203090 mL
7	0.220000 mL
8	0.240000 mL
9	0.260000 mL
10	0.289430 mL
11	0.412460 mL
12	0.587800 mL
13	1.193800 mL
14	3.455100 mL
15	10.000000 mL

Titration Results, molal

	H2O	Na+	K+	Ca++	Mg++	MgOH+	H+	Cl-	SO4=
1)	1.92928E+01	5.61057E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.21872E-06	5.61096E+00	0.00000E+00
2)	1.92978E+01	5.61014E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	5.77346E-07	5.60993E+00	0.00000E+00
3)	1.92999E+01	5.61003E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	2.58815E-07	5.60950E+00	0.00000E+00
4)	1.93007E+01	5.61001E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.48381E-07	5.60933E+00	0.00000E+00
5)	1.93017E+01	5.61000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	5.09374E-08	5.60913E+00	0.00000E+00
6)	1.93029E+01	5.61000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	2.91107E-09	5.60889E+00	0.00000E+00
7)	1.93037E+01	5.61000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.18855E-09	5.60872E+00	0.00000E+00
8)	1.93047E+01	5.61000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	6.93877E-10	5.60851E+00	0.00000E+00
9)	1.93057E+01	5.61000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	4.89995E-10	5.60830E+00	0.00000E+00
10)	1.93072E+01	5.61000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	3.42501E-10	5.60800E+00	0.00000E+00
11)	1.93133E+01	5.61000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.52981E-10	5.60673E+00	0.00000E+00
12)	1.93221E+01	5.61001E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	8.66958E-11	5.60491E+00	0.00000E+00
13)	1.93524E+01	5.61002E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	3.62542E-11	5.59866E+00	0.00000E+00
14)	1.94655E+01	5.61007E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	1.31074E-11	5.57548E+00	0.00000E+00
15)	1.97930E+01	5.61035E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	5.83272E-12	5.50989E+00	0.00000E+00

	HSO4-	OH-	HCO3-	CO3=	CO2 (aq)	CaCO3 (aq)	MgCO3 (aq)	B(OH)3 (aq)	B(OH)4-
1)	0.00000E+00	3.01685E-09	2.26571E-04	3.09384E-08	3.86103E-04	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
2)	0.00000E+00	6.37029E-09	3.82212E-04	1.10196E-07	3.08476E-04	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
3)	0.00000E+00	1.42122E-08	5.79854E-04	3.72976E-07	2.09764E-04	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
4)	0.00000E+00	2.47909E-08	7.06447E-04	7.92644E-07	1.46506E-04	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
5)	0.00000E+00	7.22202E-08	8.74979E-04	2.86004E-06	6.22872E-05	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
6)	0.00000E+00	1.26379E-06	9.92658E-04	5.67805E-05	4.03803E-06	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
7)	0.00000E+00	3.09556E-06	9.99205E-04	1.39997E-04	1.65938E-06	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
8)	0.00000E+00	5.30281E-06	1.00274E-03	2.40670E-04	9.72059E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
9)	0.00000E+00	7.50984E-06	1.00546E-03	3.41763E-04	6.88224E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
10)	0.00000E+00	1.07451E-05	1.00903E-03	4.90734E-04	4.82685E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
11)	0.00000E+00	2.40681E-05	1.02256E-03	1.11397E-03	2.18331E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
12)	0.00000E+00	4.24987E-05	1.04073E-03	2.00200E-03	1.25799E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
13)	0.00000E+00	1.01868E-04	1.09867E-03	5.06639E-03	5.53395E-08	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
14)	0.00000E+00	2.84255E-04	1.27533E-03	1.64154E-02	2.29199E-08	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
15)	0.00000E+00	6.55397E-04	1.63010E-03	4.83971E-02	1.25492E-08	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00

(missing species have zero amounts)

	NpO2+	NpO2OH (aq)	NpO2 (OH)2-	NpO2CO3-	NpO2 (CO3)2--	NpO2 (CO3)3===	Am+++	AmCO3+	Am(CO3)2-
1)	6.12705E-04	7.72186E-10	2.04381E-16	1.33526E-07	1.98384E-11	1.25197E-16	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
2)	1.72085E-04	4.57851E-10	2.55903E-16	1.33573E-07	7.06677E-11	1.58546E-15	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
3)	5.08524E-05	3.01827E-10	3.76382E-16	1.33591E-07	2.39199E-10	1.81536E-14	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
4)	2.39307E-05	2.47753E-10	5.38926E-16	1.33598E-07	5.08355E-10	8.19789E-14	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
5)	6.63303E-06	2.00045E-10	1.26769E-15	1.33606E-07	1.83431E-09	1.06720E-12	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
6)	3.34150E-07	1.76340E-10	1.95555E-14	1.33613E-07	3.64151E-08	4.20537E-10	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
7)	1.35537E-07	1.75190E-10	4.75887E-14	1.33616E-07	8.97771E-08	2.55580E-09	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
8)	7.88495E-08	1.74579E-10	8.12402E-14	1.33620E-07	1.54320E-07	7.55070E-09	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
9)	5.55313E-08	1.74113E-10	1.14749E-13	1.33624E-07	2.19119E-07	1.52213E-08	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
10)	3.86794E-08	1.73507E-10	1.63619E-13	1.33630E-07	3.14582E-07	3.13678E-08	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
11)	1.70496E-08	1.71249E-10	3.61801E-13	1.33654E-07	7.13640E-07	1.61308E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
12)	9.49502E-09	1.68316E-10	6.28103E-13	1.33688E-07	1.28136E-06	5.19497E-07	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
13)	3.76315E-09	1.59617E-10	1.42922E-12	1.33806E-07	3.23230E-06	3.29369E-06	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
14)	1.17432E-09	1.38078E-10	3.46327E-12	1.34242E-07	1.03462E-05	3.32871E-05	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
15)	4.11022E-10	1.09291E-10	6.38945E-12	1.35468E-07	2.94209E-05	2.58546E-04	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00

	Am(CO3)3==	Am(OH)2+	Am(OH)3 (aq)	Th++++	UO2++	NpO2OH (aged)	NpO2OH (amor)	NaNpO2CO3 (s)	Na3NpO2 (CO3)2
1)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99932E+00	0.00000E+00
2)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99718E+00	0.00000E+00
3)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99622E+00	0.00000E+00
4)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99580E+00	0.00000E+00
5)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99531E+00	0.00000E+00
6)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99473E+00	0.00000E+00
7)	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	9.99430E+00	0.00000E+00

Appendix T: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM.TITRATE"

87	8)	0.00000E+00	9.99378E+00	0.00000E+00						
88	9)	0.00000E+00	9.99326E+00	0.00000E+00						
89	10)	0.00000E+00	9.99250E+00	0.00000E+00						
90	11)	0.00000E+00	9.98931E+00	0.00000E+00						
91	12)	0.00000E+00	9.98478E+00	0.00000E+00						
92	13)	0.00000E+00	9.96914E+00	0.00000E+00						
93	14)	0.00000E+00	9.91117E+00	0.00000E+00						
94	15)	0.00000E+00	9.74696E+00	0.00000E+00						

(missing species have zero amounts)

		IonicStreng	Eh[=]Volts	TitrVol,ml	pH
97	1)	5.61119E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	5.3205
98	2)	5.61031E+00	0.00000E+00	0.10000	5.6451
99	3)	5.61008E+00	0.00000E+00	0.14251	5.9936
100	4)	5.61003E+00	0.00000E+00	0.16000	6.2353
101	5)	5.61001E+00	0.00000E+00	0.18000	6.6996
102	6)	5.61006E+00	0.00000E+00	0.20309	7.9427
103	7)	5.61014E+00	0.00000E+00	0.22000	8.3317
104	8)	5.61024E+00	0.00000E+00	0.24000	8.5655
105	9)	5.61034E+00	0.00000E+00	0.26000	8.7166
106	10)	5.61049E+00	0.00000E+00	0.28943	8.8722
107	11)	5.61112E+00	0.00000E+00	0.41246	9.2225
108	12)	5.61202E+00	0.00000E+00	0.58780	9.4695
109	13)	5.61513E+00	0.00000E+00	1.1938	9.8493
110	14)	5.62685E+00	0.00000E+00	3.4551	10.295
111	15)	5.66143E+00	0.00000E+00	10.000	10.659



Appendix U: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.MOLES"

Appendix U: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.MOLES"

See Table 30 for explanation of this listing.

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Benchmark TITRATE Problem. LOG10 option: Np(V)O2 with CO3 in 5.61molal NaCl FMT V2.0
DATABASE: HMW84/FW86; Np(V)-Na-CO3-OH-Cl-C1O4 (NR94);
95.01.31 Am(III)-Na-Cl-CO3-SO4-PO4 (FRSR89,FRF90,P91,RFFR92,RFF94,RFF94)

INITIAL and INJECTED Abundances BEFORE Flashing
Hydrogen 1.1101736300E+02 1.1101836300E+02
Oxygen 6.1508681500E+01 1.0550868200E+02
Sodium 5.6100000000E+00 1.5610000000E+01
Potassium 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Magnesium 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Calcium 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Chlorine 1.6100000000E+00 5.6110000000E+00
Sulfur 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Carbon 2.0000000100E+00 1.0000000000E+01
PosIon 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
NegIon 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Air 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Boron 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Bromine 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
TracerEl 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Th(IV) 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Am(III) 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
U(VI) 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Np(V) 0.0000000000E+00 1.0000000000E+01
ClO4-(EL) 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Phosphorus 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Electron 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Charge -2.2204460500E-15 -2.3731663200E-15

INITIAL and INJECTED Abundances AFTER Flashing
Hydrogen 1.1101736300E+02 1.1101836300E+02
Oxygen 6.1508681520E+01 1.05508682150E+02
Sodium 5.6100000000E+00 1.5610000000E+01
Potassium 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Magnesium 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Calcium 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Chlorine 1.6100000000E+00 5.6110000000E+00
Sulfur 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Carbon 2.0000000100E+00 1.0000000000E+01
PosIon 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
NegIon 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Air 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Boron 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Bromine 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
TracerEl 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Th(IV) 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Am(III) 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
U(VI) 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Np(V) 0.0000000000E+00 1.0000000000E+01
ClO4-(EL) 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Phosphorus 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Electron 0.0000000000E+00 0.0000000000E+00
Charge -2.2204460493E-15 -2.3731663190E-15

INITIAL and INJECTED Concs AFTER Flashing, molal
H2O WATER 5.5502535E+01 5.5509068E+01
Na+ Na+ 5.6100000E+00 5.6106128E+00
K+ K+ 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
Ca++ Ca++ 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
Mg++ Mg++ 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
MgOH+ MgOH+ 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
H+ H+ 2.3992707E-12 1.2187250E-06
Cl- Cl- 1.6100000E+00 5.6110000E+00
SO4= SO4= 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
HSO4- HSO4- 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
OH- OH- 6.1466486E-03 3.0168704E-09
HCO3- HCO3- 6.1466639E-03 2.2657297E-04
CO3= CO3= 1.9938533E+00 3.0938611E-08
CO2(aq) CO2(aq) 2.3684969E-09 3.8610605E-04
CaCO3(aq) CaCO3(aq) 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
MgCO3(aq) MgCO3(aq) 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
B(OH)3(aq) B(OH)3(aq) 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
B(OH)4- B(OH)4- 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
B3O3(OH)4- B3O3(OH)4- 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
B4O5(OH)4- B4O5(OH)4- 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
CaB(OH)4+ CaB(OH)4+ 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
MgB(OH)4+ MgB(OH)4+ 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
Br- Br- 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
ClO4- perchlorate ClO4- 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
NaOH(aq).....to.titrate.base.only 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
HCl(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
HClO4(aq).....to.titrate.acid.only 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
```



Appendix U: Sample Output File "Np\_NaCl\_BM\_LOG.MOLES"

81	PosIon.....	POSITIVE.ION	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
82	NegIon.....	NEGATIVE.ION	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
83	PosIon(OH)(aq).....	to.titrate.base	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
84	HNegIon(aq).....	to.titrate.acid	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
85	Tracer(aq).....	conservative.tracer	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
86	H3PO4(aq)	H3PO4(aq)	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
87	H2PO4-	H2PO4-	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
88	HPO4=	HPO4=	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
89	PO4=-	PO4=-	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
90	NpO2+	NpO2+	0.000000E+00	6.1270920E-04
91	NpO2OH(aq)	NpO2OH(aq)	0.000000E+00	7.7219130E-10
92	NpO2(OH)2-	NpO2(OH)2-	0.000000E+00	2.0438298E-16
93	NpO2CO3-	NpO2CO3-	0.000000E+00	1.3352733E-07
94	NpO2(CO3)2=-	NpO2(CO3)2=-	0.000000E+00	1.9838516E-11
95	NpO2(CO3)3=-	NpO2(CO3)3=-	0.000000E+00	1.2519757E-16
96	Am+++	Am+++	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
97	AmCO3+	AmCO3+	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
98	Am(CO3)2-	Am(CO3)2-	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
99	Am(CO3)3=-	Am(CO3)3=-	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
100	Am(OH)2+	Am(OH)2+	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
101	Am(OH)3(aq)	Am(OH)3(aq)	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
102	Th++++	Th++++	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
103	UO2++	U(VI)O2++	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
104	NpO2OH(aged)	NpO2OH(aged)	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
105	NpO2OH(amor)	NpO2OH(amor)	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
106	NaNpO2CO3(s)	NaNpO2CO3(s)	0.000000E+00	9.9993872E+00
107	Na3NpO2(CO3)2(s)_DISABLED_DISABLED		0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
108	AmOHC03(c)	AmOHC03(c)	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
109	Am(OH)3(s)	Am(OH)3(s)	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
110	NaNAm(CO3)2.6H2O(c)		0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
111	AmPO4(c)	AmPO4(c)	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
112	CaSO4	Anhydrite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
113	NaK3(SO4)2	Aphthitalite/Glaserite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
114	CaCl2.6H2O	Antarcticite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
115	CaCO3	Aragonite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
116	K2SO4	Arcanite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
117	MgCl2.6H2O	Bischofite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
118	Na2Mg(SO4)2.4H2O	Bloedite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
119	Mg(OH)2	Brucite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
120	Na6CO3(SO4)2	Burkeite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
121	CaCO3	Calcite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
122	CaCl2.4H2O	CaCl2_Tetrahydrite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
123	Ca4Cl2(OH)6.13H2O	CaOxychloride A	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
124	Ca2Cl2(OH)2.H2O	CaOxychloride B	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
125	KMgCl3.6H2O	Carnallite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
126	MgSO4.7H2O	Epsomite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
127	CaNa2(CO3)2.5H2O	Gaylussite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
128	Na2Ca(SO4)2	Glauberite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
129	CaSO4.2H2O	Gypsum	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
130	NaCl	Halite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
131	MgSO4.6H2O	Hexahydrite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
132	KMgClSO4.3H2O	Kainite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
133	KHCO3	Kalocinrite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
134	MgSO4.H2O	Kieserite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
135	K2Mg(SO4)2.4H2O	Leonite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
136	Na4Ca(SO4)3.2H2O	Labile_Salt	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
137	MgCO3	Magnesite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
138	Mg2Cl(OH)3.4H2O	MgOxychloride	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
139	KHSO4	Mercallite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
140	Na2SO4.10H2O	Mirabilite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
141	K8H6(SO4)7	Misenite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
142	NaHCO3	Nahcolite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
143	Na2CO3.10H2O	Natron	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
144	MgCO3.3H2O	Nesquehonite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
145	K2Mg(SO4)2.6H2O	Picromerite/Schoen	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
146	Na2Ca(CO3)2.2H2O	Pirssonite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
147	K2MgCa2(SO4)4.2H2O	Polyhalite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
148	Ca(OH)2	Portlandite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
149	K2CO3.3/2H2O	Potassium_Carbonate	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
150	K8H4(CO3)6.3H2O	K-Sequicarbonate	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
151	KNACO3.6H2O	K-Na-Carbonate	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
152	K2NaH(CO3)2.2H2O	Potassium_Trona	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
153	K3H(SO4)2	Sesquipotassium_Sulfate	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
154	Na3H(SO4)2	Sesquisodium_Sulfate	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
155	Na2CO3.7H2O	Na2CO3-Heptahydrate	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
156	KCl	Sylvite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
157	K2Ca(SO4)2.H2O	Syngenite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
158	Mg2CaCl6.12H2O	Tachyhydrite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
159	Na2SO4	Thenardite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
160	Na2CO3.H2O	Thermonatrite	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
161	Na3H(CO3)2.2H2O	Trona	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
162	Na2B4O7.10H2O	Borax	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
163	B(OH)3	Borix_Acid_Solid	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
164	KB5O8.4H2O	K-Pentaborate_(30_C)	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
165	K2B4O7.4H2O	K-Tetraborate_(30_C)	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
166	NaBO2.4H2O	Sodium_Metaborate	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
167	NaB5O8.5H2O	Sodium_Pentaborate	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00
168	NaBO2.NaCl.2H2O	Tepleite_(20_C)	0.000000E+00	0.000000E+00

Appendix V: Command File FMT\_FMTC.COM

**Appendix V: Command File FMT\_FMTC.COM**

```
1 $ SET noverify
2 $ SET verify
3 $ FMT_FMTC.COM assigns and fetches user-selected
4 $ chemdat and rhomin data base file names.
5 $ assign user-specified input/output file names.
6 $ executes fmt2p0 in CMS 1996 nonPA (Performance
7 $ Assessment) production area
8 $
9 $ Author: K. M. Aragon
10 $ Date: 11/17/95
11 $
12 $ Modifier: S. C. Babb
13 $ Date: 12/13/95
14 $
15 $ Modifier: S. C. Babb
16 $ Date: 12/18/95
17 $ Reason: use fmt executable in production area
18 $ print identity of fmt executable
19 $ add log file and mail facility
20 $ decided not to use mail facility
21 $
22 $ Modifier: S. C. Babb
23 $ Date: 12/21/95
24 $ Reason: name of fmt executable changed to prefix
25 $ "fmt_" full name is fmt_fmt2p0_pa96.exe
26 $
27 $ .....
28 $ INPUTS:
29 $
30 $ P1 - Substring chemdat file name search on valance states, dates.
31 $ and/or fugacity
32 $
33 $ P2 - Substring rhomin file name search on valance states and/or dates
34 $
35 $ P3 - Input File Name (no extension)
36 $
37 $ -----
38 $ Turn on error handling: exit on any error.
39 $
40 $ ON error then goto error_exit
41 $ mode = f$mode()
42 $
43 $ Logic flow
44 $
45 $ GOSUB check_filename
46 $ GOSUB define_cms_library
47 $ GOSUB delete_files
48 $ GOSUB get_database_files
49 $ GOSUB define_inputs
50 $ GOSUB define_outputs
51 $ GOSUB start_log
52 $ GOSUB start_mail
53 $ GOSUB run_fmt
54 $ GOSUB undefine_symbols
55 $ goto terminate
56 $ EXIT
57 $
58 $ -----
59 $ CHECK_FILENAME:
60 $ Determine if any or all file names are passed as parameters. If not.
61 $ prompt for one if this is an interactive session;
62 $ otherwise flag an error and exit
63 $
64 $ Check for P1 - this is the CHEMDAT name field
65 $
66 $ IF mode .eqs. "BATCH" .and. p1 .eqs. ""
67 $ THEN
68 $ WRITE sys$output -
69 $ "Can not run in batch without a chemdat file name (P1). exiting."
70 $ GOTO error_exit
71 $ ENDIF
72 $
73 $ IF p1 .eqs. ""
74 $ THEN
75 $ INQUIRE chemdat_name -
76 $ "Enter chemdat file name to search on"
77 $ IF chemdat_name .eqs. "" THEN goto error_exit
78 $ ELSE
79 $ chemdat_name = p1
80 $ ENDIF
81 $
82 $ Check for P2 - this is the RHOMIN name field
83 $
84 $ IF mode .eqs. "BATCH" .and. p2 .eqs. ""
85 $ THEN
```

Appendix V: Command File FMT\_FMTC.COM

```
101 $ WRITE sys$output -
102 $ "Can not run in batch without a rhomin file name (P2). exiting."
103 $ GOTO error_exit
104 $ ENDIF
105 $!
106 $!
107 $ IF p2 .eqs. ""
108 $ THEN
109 $ INQUIRE rhomin_name -
110 $ "Enter rhomin file name to search on"
111 $ IF rhomin_name .eqs. "" THEN goto error_exit
112 $ ELSE
113 $ rhomin_name = p2
114 $ ENDIF
115 $!
116 $! Check for P3 - this is the file name field
117 $!
118 $ IF mode .eqs. "BATCH" .and. p3 .eqs. ""
119 $ THEN
120 $ WRITE sys$output -
121 $ "Can not run in batch without a file name (P3). exiting."
122 $ GOTO error_exit
123 $ ENDIF
124 $!
125 $!
126 $ IF p3 .eqs. ""
127 $ THEN
128 $ INQUIRE file_name "Enter input file name (without .extension)"
129 $ IF file_name .eqs. "" THEN goto error_exit
130 $ ELSE
131 $ file_name = p3
132 $ ENDIF
133 $ RETURN
134 $!-----
135 $DEFINE_CMS_LIBRARY:
136 $! Define non-pa cms symbols and point to fmt library
137 $!
138 $! set noverify
139 $! nonpa_cms_syms
140 $!
141 $! Set CMS library to FMT
142 $!
143 $ cms_library_name = 'fmt'
144 $ lib'cms_library_name
145 $! set verify
146 $!
147 $ RETURN
148 $!-----
149 $DEFINE_INPUTS:
150 $! Define the input files needed.
151 $!
152 $! DEFINE input 'file_name'.in
153 $! DEFINE inguess 'file_name'.inguess
154 $!
155 $! Define a logical that points to the database files just fetched
156 $!
157 $! DEFINE chemdat 'chemdat_name'
158 $! DEFINE rhomin 'rhomin_name'
159 $!
160 $ RETURN
161 $!-----
162 $DEFINE_OUTPUTS:
163 $! Define the output files needed.
164 $!
165 $! DEFINE output 'file_name'.out
166 $! DEFINE for088 'file_name'.for088
167 $! DEFINE titrate 'file_name'.titrate
168 $! DEFINE moles 'file_name'.moles
169 $!
170 $ RETURN
171 $!-----
172 $DELETE_FILES:
173 $!
174 $! Turn off warning messages for no files to delete
175 $!
176 $! SET noon
177 $! SET message/nofac/nosev/notext/noid
178 $! Delete all 'file_name'.moles files; do not accumulate them.
179 $!
180 $ DELETE 'file_name'.moles;*
181 $! Delete all fmt prefixed files of chemdat and rhomin files
182 $!
183 $! DELETE fmt_*.chemdat;*
184 $! DELETE fmt_*.rhomin;*
185 $! SET message/fac/sev/text/id
186 $! SET on
187 $!
188 $ RETURN
189 $!-----
190 $ERROR_EXIT:
```



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```
177 $! Exit routine when a severe error is encountered
178 $!
179 $ Write sys$output "Executing error exit, '$status'."
180 $ EXIT
181 $!-----
182 $! $GET_DATABASE_FILES:
183 $!
184 $! If interactive, allow user to select/pick from a list of chemdat file names
185 $!
186 $ IF mode .nes. "BATCH"
187 $ THEN
188 $ cse "'chemdat_name'.chemdat"
189 $!
190 $ INQUIRE chemdat_name "Select CHEMDAT name from list above"
191 $ ENDIF
192 $!
193 $! Fetch chemdat from FMT CMS
194 $!
195 $! set noverify
196 $ cfe 'chemdat_name'
197 $! set verify
198 $!
199 $! If interactive allow user to select/pick from a list of rhomin file names
200 $!
201 $ IF mode .nes. "BATCH"
202 $ THEN
203 $ cse "'rhomin_name'.rhomin"
204 $!
205 $ INQUIRE rhomin_name "Select RHOMIN name from list above"
206 $ ENDIF
207 $!
208 $! Fetch chemdat from FMT CMS
209 $! set noverify
210 $ cfe 'rhomin_name'
211 $! set verify
212 $!
213 $! RETURN
214 $!-----
215 $! $RUN_FMT:
216 $! Define the run symbols needed.
217 $ define /nolog exe_dir wp$nonpa_prodroot:{fmt.exe}
218 $ fmt2p0 := '$exe_dir:fmt_fmt2p0_pa96.exe'
219 $!
220 $! Run the utility that shows image information from the exe. (mandatory!)
221 $! This is part of the documentation required while doing a calculation.
222 $ @wp$ref:wp_get_image_id.com exe_dir:fmt_fmt2p0_pa96.exe
223 $! Run the code
224 $!
225 $! fmt2p0
226 $! RETURN
227 $!-----
228 $! $START_LOG:
229 $!
230 $! month == f$cvtime(''$f$time()'','absolute','month')
231 $! day == f$cvtime(''$f$time()'','comparison','day')
232 $! hour == f$cvtime(''$f$time()'','absolute','hour')
233 $! min == f$cvtime(''$f$time()'','absolute','minute')
234 $!
235 $! log_file_name := ''file_name'_month'day'hour'min'.log'
236 $! mike williamson's log file definition:
237 $! 'sys$login:fmt_'file_name'_month'day'hour'min'.log'
238 $!
239 $! DEFINE/proc sys$output 'log_file_name
240 $!
241 $! RETURN
242 $!-----
243 $! $START_MAIL:
244 $! Open a file where we can write a message that can be sent to the
245 $! user upon completion.
246 $!
247 $! mail_error_flag = 0
248 $! mail_file_name := 'sys$login:fmt_mail.msg'
249 $! mail_subject := 'FMT ''file_name'' run.'
250 $! mail_list == f$getjpi('','username')
251 $!
252 $! OPEN/write mail_file 'mail_file_name
253 $!
254 $! RETURN
255 $!-----
256 $! $TERMINATE:
257 $! If there was no previously flagged error or problem, search the log files
258 $! for any fatal, error, or warning messages.
259 $!
260 $!
261 $! Deassign sys$output so the 'log' file closes.
262 $! deassign sys$output
263 $!
264 $! Show the run output to the user
265 $! TYPE 'log_file_name
266 $!
```

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```
267 $ Skip sending the mail message
268 $ goto end_terminate
269 $
270 $ If there was not a previous error recorded, search the log file for
271 $ common error indicators.
272 $ search_status = 0
273 $ IF mail_error_flag .ne. 1
274 $ THEN
275 $     Turn off informational messages from search command
276 $     SET message/nofac/nosev/notext/noid
277 $     SEARCH 'log_file_name *-F*,-E*,-W*' / matcheor
278 $     search_status = $status
279 $     Turn on messages
280 $     SET message/fac/sev/text/id
281 $ ENDIF
282 $
283 $ IF search_status .eq. 1 .or. mail_error_flag .eq. 1
284 $ THEN
285 $     WRITE mail_file "The run log contains an error or warning. "
286 $     WRITE mail_file "Please examine "log_file_name"."
287 $     mail_subject == "'mail_subject' ERROR"
288 $ ELSE
289 $     WRITE mail_file "The FMT run has completed."
290 $ ENDIF
291 $
292 $ CLOSE/nolog mail_file
293 $ MAIL/subject="'mail_subject'" 'mail_file_name 'mail_list
294 $
295 $END_TERMINATE:
296 $ EXIT
297 $-----
298 $UNDEFINE_SYMBOLS:
299 $ Deassign input files
300 $
301 $ DEASSIGN input
302 $ DEASSIGN inguess
303 $ DEASSIGN chemdat
304 $ DEASSIGN rhomin
305 $ DEASSIGN output
306 $ DEASSIGN for088
307 $ DEASSIGN titrate
308 $ DEASSIGN moles
309 $
310 $ RETURN
311 $-----
312 $: CMS REPLACEMENT HISTORY, Element FMT_FMTC.COM
313 $: *2 21-DEC-1995 12:58:57 SCRABB "FMT EXECUTABLE NAME CHANGED"
314 $: *1 19-DEC-1995 12:26:54 SCRABB "USER COMMAND FILE FOR EXECUTING FMT_FMT2P0 FROM CMS"
315 $: CMS REPLACEMENT HISTORY, Element FMT_FMTC.COM
```

## Appendix W: Review Forms

This Appendix contains the review forms for the FMT User's Manual.

**NOTE:** Copies of the User's Manual Reviewer's Forms are available in the Sandia WIPP Central Files.

